

**GERMANY**

rpt April 16, 1943

**LIPPE, Prince BERNHARD sur**

German propagandist / Henry Louis KLUGE (UNITED STATES) was  
allegedly associated with him.

UP, Reno, April 16, 1943  
Detroit News, April 16, 1943

(11098)

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S-3

GERMANY

rpt. July 20, 1943

LIPPE, Princess of

Is a governess who watches over six children; the daughter of the former Crown Prince is now serving as a nurse in the Potsdam Hospital.

Rumanian Counsellor in Berlin now visiting Stockholm  
OSS #20023, Stockholm, July 20, 1943

CID 16658-F

GERMANY

1935

LIPPERT, E.

In 1935 he wrote an excellent analysis of youth ideology within youth organizations in the democracies and in the Nazi state.

Committee for National Morale, German Psychological Warfare,  
New York, September 1941, p. 75

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7-16

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

LIPPMANN, GERHARD  
Germany

Intercept from Banco Aleman-Antioqueno of Caracas, Venezuela to Sres. P. R. Angel Company in New York, dated August 26, 1942, is economic. Ex. says it is reported that writer employed subject, a high Gestapo chief, formerly located in Medellin, who returned to Germany.

USNC NY 121318

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GERMANY

rpt c. October 1941

LIST, General Field Marshal SIEGMUND WILHELM von

Born Oberkirchberg, Württemberg, in 1880; son of country doctor; attended Luitpold Gymnasium in Munich, specializing in languages; learned much Latin, Greek, and also French and English; received bachelor's degree and in 1898 entered Cadet School of First Bavarian Engineers in Munich / entered Army as lieutenant in Third Engineer Battalion, 1900; transferred to War Academy as first lieutenant in 1908; captain in 1913 / youngest officer on general staff at outbreak of war; wounded and decorated; after war on general staff of 8th Bavarian Division under von NOEL; promoted to major, commander of 19th Infantry Regiment in Munich by 1923; his rapid promotion after Bier Putsch implies that he 'was probably active in suppressing the putsch in his Augsburg garrison'; lt. colonel in 1925; on staff of Bavarian Wehrkreis in Munich; colonel in 1927 and Chief of Army Training Division in Reichswehr Ministry under von

(11090)

(over)

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rpt c. October,

GERMANY LIST, General Field Marshal SIEGMUND WILHELM von 1941

von BLOMBERG; in fall of 1927 became commander of Infantry School in Dresden / maj. general in 1931, detailed to examine Swiss Army; lt. general in 1932; commander of 4th Division and 4 Army District, Dresden, in 1935; commanding general of 4th Army Corps and infantry general in 1935 / led Anschluss armies into Austria; became commander of 5th Army Group in Vienna / led armies into Prague in 1938; col. general in 1939; general field marshal in 1940 / commanded 14th Army in Polish Campaign which cut off Cracow and besieged Lwow / commanded 12th Army in the west which advanced through Luxembourg and whose Panzer divisions broke through supposedly impassable Ardennes forest; executed great turning movement which pinned French forces in Maginot line behind their own fortifications; part of his army pursued French through Champagne to Dijon and Swiss border thereby closing gap behind French forces / opinion is agreed that he is an outstanding tactician and executive; his early engineering and military training made him one of first proponents of mechanization and mobility; seems to be a specialist in bloodless occupations / has tight-skinned face, grim, unsmiling expression, thinning hair and grey mustache, steely blue eyes / according  
(cont.)

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rpt c. October 1941

GERMANY LIST, General Field Marshal SIEGMUND WILHELM von

to a personal friend his motto is: 'More to be than to seem'; widely read, has Catholic taste in literature; has often reread Goethe; has travelled widely in Europe; loves art and has fine collection of art books / friends consider him an exemplary soldier and human being; is a strict disciplinarian but always helps younger subordinates and has been an inspiration to many; considered a completely non-political soldier; well liked by Austrians because of his culture and 'un-Prussian' attitude / although from south Germany, is protestant; his wife, well-born and gracious, has always helped his career; son Walther, aged 28, teaches German; daughter Ruth, aged 26, married to an air force captain, Grober, now P/W in England / in spite of rapid advancement, has remained simple and has unpretentious home in Vienna where wife and unmarried daughter Gabrielle are now living.

Stephen Laird, c. October 1941  
R&A, Central European Section

11196  
B560

GERMANY

rpt June 13, 1942

LIST, Field Marshal

Born May 14, 1880 at Oberkirchberg in Württemberg; purely professional soldier; always had very high qualifications / in 1930 was made commander of the officers' Infantry School at Dresden, which was the most important instructional post of the Reichswehr; native Württemberger; **GRÖNER** selected List for post of commander of the Officers' Infantry School at Dresden because he was convinced that List held moderate democratic political views.

Phoenix - Wilson (Putlitz), June 13, 1942  
(CID 18383 C is a copy)

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## REFERENCE CARD

7-16

## GERMANY

## LIST, FIELD MARSHAL WILHELM VON

Replaced on Balkan front by Austrian traitor, Col. General for Air Alexander LOEHR; the Italians, who have it in for List, spread rumour that he was in disgrace with Hitler because he warned him against another winter of war; for a year after Balkan campaign of 1941, did little but travel from Belgrad and East to Oslo and other strategic points in West; supervised building of air bases in Greece and Dodecanese; organized new supply lines for ROMMEL; squeezed more and more divisions out of HORTHY and ANTONESCU in Hungary and Rumania for Eastern front; in spite of pro-Slav <sup>attitude of the</sup> Bulgarians, turned their Black Sea coast into spring board for operations against Sebastopol and Caucasus; directed operations against MIKHAILOVITCH (Yugoslavia); in spite of such varied commissions, the arch-strategist was anxious to go to Russian front; this appointment was delayed because Balkan campaign took six weeks longer than mit-

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ler expected and the Russian campaign was in full swing before Crete was occupied; Hitler then held List in reserve for an eventual second front, and the fact that he has now been sent to Russia is indicative of the growing scarcity of generals; before going to Russia, he directed defense measures along the Atlantic coast, a work now being carried on by RUNDSTEDT.

"Shifting Generals" by Dr. Rudolph Katz  
OSS, New York, Osborne-Hoover, Sept. 29, 1942

7-16

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

LIST, GENERAL FIELD MARSHAL SIEGMUND WILHELM

With HOTH (q.v.), is reported to have replaced von BOCK in command of Heeresgruppe B in Stalingrad sector.

Report from private channels to Stockholm, Oct. 14, 1942  
New York Times, Oct. 15, 1942

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According to London press report of Oct. 20, is in command on Caucasian front; for others in command on Russian front, see Field Marshal von KEUHLER.

O.N.I. Weekly, October 21, 1942, No. 39, p. 32

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GERMANY

rpt December 1942

## LIST, Gen. SIEGMUND WILHELM

Nazi army officer / born Oberkirchberg, Bavaria, 1880; educated at Military Academy, Munich, Germany; student Artillery and Engineering School, 1902-04, Royal Bavarian Military Academy, Munich, 1908-11; ensign, Pioneer Battalion, Munich, 1898; commd. lt., Germany Army, 1900; served in World War I, East and West Fronts, 1914-18; commanding battalion Alpine troops, following Armistice; served as commander, Gebirgs-Jäger Batt., 19th Inf., 1922-24; entered War Ministry, Berlin, 1926; became sect. leader, Army Reform Department, and commanding colonel 1927; became comdr. Inf. officer school, Dresden, 1930; commander 4th Division, Dresden, 1933; comd. Austrian Army after Anschluss, 1938; served as general commanding Armies of Occupation, Czechoslovakia, later gov. Moravia (in Czechoslovakia), 1939; in World War II, attacked through mountains and maneuvered to success in Polish blitz, 1939, comd. 12th Army, advanced over hills of

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rpt December 1942  
BR

GERMANY

LIST, Gen. SIEGMUND WILHELM

France to render Maginot Line useless, 1940; promoted to field marshal, 1940; in Balkans faced Nazi's triple threat of Greek fighters, Yugoslav defiance, and British Mediterranean landings, 1941; occupied Bulgaria, moved headquarters from Bucharest to Sofia to direct attack on Greece and Yugoslavia, 1941; replaced Field Marshal von BOCK who was failing to capture Moscow, December 1941; again replaced Field Marshal von Bock who, in some 30 days of Nazi attack failed to take Stalingrad, September, 1942.

Who's Who Monthly Supplement, December 1942 (listed under 'von')

F

GERMANY

rpt December 1942

LIST

In leading German attack on Balkans, in 1941 he faced triple threat of Greek fighters, Yugoslav defiance, and British Mediterranean landings; occupied Bulgaria, moved HQ from Bucharest to Sofia to direct attack on Yugoslavia and Greece in 1941; replaced von BOCK who was failing to capture Moscow, in December 1941; again replaced von Bock when the latter, in some 30 days of attack, failed to take Stalingrad in September 1942.

Who's Who Monthly Supplement, December 1942

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REFERENCE CARD

7-16

rpt Dec. 7, 1942

**GERMANY**

**LIST, Marshal**

Headed the German forces that invaded Greece in 1941 / is reputed to be a close relative of the wife of Dr. LOGOTHETOPOULOS (GREECE), Greek Vice Premier.

Greek official circles, Turkey  
State Dept. from Consul General (#211), Istanbul, Dec. 7, 1942

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BR FU-142

C

GERMANY

LISTL, JOSEPH

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BR FU-2

C

GERMANY

LITT, THEODOR

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REFERENCE CARD

August 1942

GERMANY

LCBE, General

Visited Sofia last August in connection with the German attempt to have Bulgarian troops sent to the Eastern Front; GABROVSKI (BULGARIA) supported this attempt.

Reliability unknown  
B, December 9, 1942

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BR FU-119

C

GERMANY

LÖBE, PAUL

(11098)

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REFERENCE CARD

WW

UNITED STATES

LOCHNER, LOUIS

According to source, was an old crony of BÖZMER's (see Germany) and with Pierre HUSS (q.v.), circulated phony stories about him.

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, October 27, 28, 1942  
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

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BÖZMER (see Germany) used his friendship with subject, HUSS, and ENDERIS (qq.v.) to try and smash the Foreign Press Club in Berlin by causing dissension among its members.

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, Nov. 13, 1942  
(9) (Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

R

rpt July 26, 1943

GERMANY

LODE, M.

S.S. war correspondent / recently said that 'it is quite possible that the war, at least as far as Europe is concerned, has entered its final phase'; goes on to say that the German people must not forget Hitler's words: 'the last battalion on the battlefield will be a German battalion.'

Brussels radio, July 26, 1943  
FCC, Daily Report, July 27, 1943

(11098)

REFERENCE CARD

DECEASED

*died June 19, 1940*

GERMANY

LOEB, Major General FRITZ

Bo: 1896, died June 19, 1940 / instrumental in building German air force; ~~COE~~'s 'key man in the four-year plan.'

Current Biography, 1940

A-1519

REFERENCE CARD

October 1942

GERMANY

LOHI, General von

Sent to Greece in October with three of the best Reichwehr divisions with special permission from Hitler / the troops were attacked while passing through Croatia and some railroad cars were damaged.

Dutchman, reliability unknown, described as anti-Nazi but not anti-German  
B, GAS February 2, 1943

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IP  
A 533

GERMANY

rpt September 1941

LOHLHOFTEL von LOWENSPRUNG, Captain Baron

Was commanding officer of Wehrmacht's Propaganda Section at Bordeaux until April 1941; although his appointment was approved by Nazis, he was not one of their favorites and in August-September 1941 he went to Russia as Commander of a Propaganda Company / he was succeeded in Bordeaux by Lt. JEWAN.

Confidential and reliable source  
OSS, Washington, February 25, 1943

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LR FU-204  
(7019)

GERMANY

LOHMANN, OTTO

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CD 21978

8

FRANCE

rpt July 7, 1943

LÖHR, General

Commands a German group of armies, with headquarters at Hotel  
Terminus, Avignon.

Somewhere in France, July 7, 1943

#433

OSS, Algiers, July 9, 1943

(11098)

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

LÖZHER, GENE ALOBERST ALEXANDER

Air Officer commanding Luftflotte IV (Southeast Command, headquarters Vienna, covering Austria, Czechoslovakia and Balkans); aged 56; small man of slight build; hails from Rumania; occupied post in Austrian War Office in 1932; something of an anti-aircraft specialist; probably selected for command of Luftflotte IV because of his Austrian ties and local knowledge of Eastern Europe; not a popular figure and relatively little is known of him compared with most of the other Airforce Commanders.

British Air Ministry, Air Publication 1928, Notes on German Airforce, October, 1941

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REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

LÖHR, COL. GEN. ALEXANDER

Has replaced Field Marshal Wilhelm List as German  
Commander in Chief in the Balkans.

U.N.I. Weekly - September 2, 1942.

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REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

LÖHR, COLONEL GENERAL ALEXANDER

Of Air Command; known as the Austrian traitor; replaced Field Marshal LIST in command of Balkans.

"Shifting of Generals" by Dr. Rudolph Katz  
OSS, New York, Osborne-Hoover, Sept. 29, 1942

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REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

November 5, 1942

LEHR, COLONEL GENERAL ALEXANDER

As German Commander in Chief in the Balkans is visiting Greece in connection with recent clashes between German and Italian commands there / has asked Rome to remove a number of Italian military officials who are in his opinion incapable of coping with their tasks; it is believed that Germans will be appointed to these offices.

Tass News Agency from Moscow  
German Regional Note N-50  
November 5, 1942

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REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

rpt January 13, 1943

LÖHR, General

In command of German forces in Balkans comprising 2 offensive and 7 defensive divisions.

O.N.I. Weekly, January 13, 1943

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REFERENCE CARD

rpt February 13, 1943

RUMANIA

LÖWHR, Col. General ALEXANDER

Has been invested by Hitler with full authority for maintenance of order in Rumania, as part of the programme to keep ANTONESCU in line; cf. SIMA and BOHME.

C.L. Sulzberger, London, February 13, 1943

New York Times, February 14, 1943, p. 30

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A-6837

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GREECE

rpt c. February 25, 43

LEHR, Von (DOCUMENT LEER) Also GERMANY

General, Commanding Officer of the Heeresgruppe; it appears that he controls all the southeast (south of the Danube) as far as Crete including the Italian forces / by his order, all inhabitants of Greece aged from 16 to 45 years are subject to mobilization.

Source believed reliable, late February, 1943  
OSS, Washington (diss) July 5, 1943

(11098)

A-7541

S

GREECE

May 18, 1943

LEER, General (Document: LEER)

Left Crete for Europe on May 18, 1943

Reliable source, prior to June 1, 1943  
OSS, Washington (siss) July 7, 1943

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R

GERMANY

rpt June 26, 1943

LÖHR, General

Luftwaffe Inspector in South Eastern Europe / recently conferred  
in Salonika with the Bulgarian General, GILKOV (BULGARIA).

London radio

FCC, Daily Report, June 26, 1943

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A- 9095

S

rpt August 1, 1943

GERMANY

LOHR, General (document: LEER)

The Italian Army Corps in Herzogovina has been attached to his Heeresgruppe rather than to the 2nd Italian Army at Susak.

OSS, Washington, (diss), August 1, 1943

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**A-10757**

**GREECE**

**rpt August 3, 1943**

**LÖHR, General**

**German C-in-C in GREECE / his general headquarters at Skoplje.**

**Reliable source, August 3, 1943**

**OSS, Washington (diss) September 3, 1943**

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CD

S-3

GERMANY

rpt August 11, 1943

LÖHR

Among those who attended the recent conversations held at  
HITLER's (q.v.) headquarters.

Contacts (B-2) of Munich, August 11, 1943  
OSS #21395, Bern, August 21, 1943

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GERMANY

before 1936

LÖHR, EHRHARDT von

Mentioned in letter / according to examiner, was formerly in Rio de Janeiro where he was connected with A.E.G.; before returning to Germany in 1926, was transferred to south Brazil / aviator in last war; speaks perfect Portuguese; wife is American, but is often mistaken for a German as she speaks that language very well, and also speaks good Portuguese / they were in very well with the Embassy set in Rio and also with influential German business men.

Letter from Gibrail JANUS (BRAZIL), April 18, 1942  
to Dr. E. Rodrigues PINTO (PORTUGAL)

USNC BER 19438/42

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MIS

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY ?

LOHSE, FRIEDERICH

Author of Roosevelt Amerika, one of four books on America which are compulsory reading for all German saboteurs (see 7-16, GERMANY, ROSS, ~~Cross~~ and 7-16, GERMANY, KINDERLIN); source says book is of vital importance and contains a plan to sabotage America psychologically; it has never been translated into English; only copy in America is held by the American Jewish Committee, 386 Fourth Avenue, New York City.

MIS, Serial No. 4997, July 23, 1942

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7-16

REFERENCE CARD

LATVIA

LOHSE, HEINRICH (see LOZE, Lithuania)

Former Gauleiter of Schleswig-Holstein; now Reich Commissar of Ostland; the Reich Commissariat consists of the General Districts of Lithuania under RENTELN (q.v.), Latvia under DRECHSLER (q.v.), Esthonia under LIETZMANN, and White Ruthenia under KUBE (q.v.); Riga is the capital of the region.

Report on the Occupied Territories of the Soviet Union, p. 3.  
Office of European Economic Research, New York  
(Returned to Press Survey)

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REFERENCE CARD

7-16

LATVIA

To February 1941

LOHSE

Reichscommissar in charge of Riga.

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, December 14, 1942  
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

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REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

rpt November 17, 1942

LOHSE, HEINRICH

Reichskommissar / in his decree regarding Ukraine he said that German Government wished to restore gradually private ownership in occupied towns; such restoration would, however, be entirely dependent on owners' loyalty to German authorities and slightest disloyalty would result in the confiscation of the property.

Censor Materials Digest #20

'Germany's Policy in the Ukraine', p.10

OSS, R & A, November 17, 1942

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B-550

WW

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

LOIZEAU, GENERAL

One of the four-star generals (French) imprisoned at Königstein Fortress; for complete list see document B-550.

Interview with Michel Bernheim  
March 23, 1942

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Field

R

GERMANY

September 18, 1942

LÖLNÖFFEL, Dr. ERICH von

War reporter.

FCC, September 18, 1942

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IP  
A 533

**GERMANY**

rpt February 25, 1943

**LOHMEL, Corporal**

Theater censor in Wehrmacht's Propaganda Section in Bordeaux;  
see 2nd Lt. DORNEMANN.

Confidential and reliable source  
OSS, Washington, February 25, 1943

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R

GERMANY

August 1, 1943

LONGIN, Maj. General

His promotion from colonel became effective August 1, 1943;  
of the Luftwaffe.

FCC, Daily Report, August 4, 1943

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CID 16658-F

GERMANY

rpt September 1941

LONICER

Chief chaplain of the Breslau garrison; is obviously a representative of the Nazi faction of German Protestantism / he describes war as the best means for 'leading a nation from chaos to order', and as capable of purifying a nation.

Committee for National Morale, German Psychological Warfare,  
New York, September 1941, pp. 35, 92

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Field

REFERENCE CARD

rpt November 22, 1942

GERMANY

LEHRER, BRUNO

Officer in the Mediterranean under  
KESSELRING.

FCC, November 22, 1942

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REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

6  
rpt April 1942

LORENZ

Gruppenführer / chief of the German minority department  
(Deutsches Volkstum in Ausland) in the Ribbentrop office  
in Berlin / very close to George POPOFF (ITALY).

Putlitz (W/De/Eu/ Q), April 8, 1942  
OSS, New York, April 10, 1942

(90)