

BR FU-79

C

GERMANY

HOLZNER, XAVER

BR

F

RUSSIA

July 13, 1943

HOMANN, Major HEINRICH

German of the 100th rifle division; captured by Red Army / on July 12, 13, 1943, in Moscow, signed manifesto issued by newly formed German National Committee 'Freies Deutschland' whose president is Erich WEINERT (q.v.).

Intercontinent News
Daily Worker, July 22, 1943

(11098)

R

RUSSIA

rpt July 26, 1943

HOMANN, Major HEINRICH

Of the 110th Jaeger Division / regular army officer / of Hamburg / member of the National Free Germany Committee in Russia; was among the officers of this committee who recently signed a manifesto which urged Germany to revolt against Hitler.

Moscow radio, July 26, 1943

FCC, Daily Report, July 27, 1943

(11098)

R

GERMANY

May 11, 1943

HOMERLEIN, GUSTAV

One of the German nationals being repatriated to Germany in exchange for a similar number of Cuban nationals; sailed from Havana May 11, 1943 on the Spanish ship 'Magallanes'; his daughter Margarita accompanied him, ~~but~~ his wife and five other children had originally planned to accompany him, but at the last moment decided not to go; for others in the group who left with Homerlein, see Erich KOHL.

State Department restricted cable #315, Havana, May 12, 1943

(11098)

R

rpt May 23, 1943

BERLIN

HOMER, L. W.

German war reporter / recently gave an account of the war
in Berlin.

Berlin radio, May 23, 1943

NDC, Daily Report, May 29, 1943

(11098)

CID 8543

GERMANY

rpt November 11, 1941

HÖNE, ERWIN

Collaborates with Professor FIEBRIG (section head) in the Argentine, Uruguay, and Paraguay section of the Ibero-American Institute in Berlin (see FAUPEL).

Article dated November 11, 1941 written by ? (presumably SANCHEZ CALVETE, q.v., ARGENTINA)

1640

Same information

Article by Sanchez Calvete on Ibero-American Institute, c. December 1941

(11098)

S-14

GERMANY

prior to September 1, 1950

HOOK, H.

Resident of Cologne though Prussian by birth / the one good friend of the Wayne Tank & Pump Co. Ltd. in Germany where all their efforts to establish a satisfactory agency had failed; his particular business up to the time of the war was the importation into Germany of motor cycle parts, most of which he purchased in England / sometime prior to the last war was in the U.S. where he was employed by Westinghouse or some similar organization / if any Wayne Tank & Pump agencies were possible in Germany after the war, Hoock would be a useful man.

Letter from C. E. FRANKS (GREAT BRITAIN)
to G. R. AMSDEN (UNITED STATES) dated January 13, 1943

117981

PE FU-816

GERMANY

HOFF, GUSTAV

(11 08)

11673

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

RÖPFNER

Two sisters; notorious prostitutes of Nazi Party, whom BÖEMER (i.v.) brought to DIETRICH's (i.v.) Christmas party for the foreign press in 1939; dancers formerly of the Opera House.

OSI, New York, Sigrid Schultz, October 27, 28, 1942
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

(90)

BR FÜ-429

C

GERMANY

HÖPKE-ASCHOFF, HERMANN

R

GERMANY

rot c. March 17, 1941

HÖPNER

Born 1886; protestant; married - 2 children; attended military school; lt. 1906, 1913-14 attended War Academy; first lt; col. in 1935; major general 1936, lt. general 1938; has been cavalry general since 1938.

War Communications Research Project, c. March 17, 1943

(11292)

R

GERMANY

to August 1941
~~upt February 17, 1943~~

HÖPNER

In 1928 was major on General Staff 1st division; lt. general by 1938; in command of a light division by April 1939; cavalry general in command of 16th district; promoted to col. general in July 1940; in command of a Panzer gruppe in Heeresgruppe Nord on Eastern Front August 1941.

Fighting French, London, February 17, 1943

110981

11669

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

September 9, 1942

GERMANY

HOPNER, GENERAL

Dismissed from G.H.Q. along with Generals GUDERIAN and
WITZLUBEN because ~~for~~ their lack of success and resource-
fulness.

Polish Intelligence, No. 224-736/42
September 9, 1942

(90)

12954

7-16

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

December 10, 1942

HÖPFLER, General

With HOTH, GUDMANN, PAULUS, and REINHARDT, is in charge of tank warfare.

OSS, New York, Dr. Rudolf Katz December 10, 1942

December 1, 1942

GERMANY

HOPPE, Major General ARTHUR

His promotion to Major General
effective December 1, 1942.

Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung
State Department Plain Cable, Bern, December 8, 1942

110981

11679

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

HORCHER

In charge of G~~o~~ering's (q.v.) banquets.

Sigrid Schultz, October 16, 1942
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

(90)

12954

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

rpt. November 27, 1942

HORE, SIVA

See SIMA, HORIA

OSS, New York, Dr. Rudolf Katz, November 27, 1942

R

GERMANY

April 1, 1943

HORN, Maj. General HANS JOACHIM von

His promotion to major general became effective April 1, 1943.

FCC, Daily Report, August 4, 1943

(... 1943)

R

GERMANY

August 25, 1943

HORN, Dr. SIEGFRIED

D.N.B. diplomatic correspondent / commented on Roosevelt's
Ottawa speech over the Berlin radio August 26.

FCC, Daily Report, August 26, 1943

(11098)

CID 8543

GERMANY

rpt November 11, 1941

HORNKOHL

One of a number of 'disciples' of the Ibero-American Institute in Berlin (see FAUPEL), of 20 to 30 years of age, who are in South America working under assumed names as Nazi advance guard.

Article dated November 11, 1941 written by ? (Presumably SANCHEZ CALVETE, q.v., ARGENTINA)

1640

Same information as above with variations: the above 'disciples' are listed as pupils of source in Spanish at the Institute October to December 1938 (see THIES).

Article by Sanchez Calvete on Ibero-American Institute, c. December 1941

(11098)

BR: cu

C

GERMANY

also RUSSIA

to 1935

HÖRNLE, ERWIN

South-German in his middle fifties; born in Württemberg / intended to become a Protestant minister but, influenced by radical social and political ideas, preferred to chose the profession of a teacher; became a primary schoolteacher in Württemberg and wrote numerous political songs and poems; gifted writer and speaker, was invited by the Communist leaders to join the party's headquarters in Berlin as specialist in educational and school questions / member of the Reichstag for the electoral district of Württemberg from 1924-1933; coming from a ^{COUNTRY OF} small farmers and always interested in village life, Hörnle specialized in the problems of small peasants and farm hands; in 1928 was appointed head of the Agrarian Department of the Communist Party and wrote many pamphlets and articles (in the Communist newspapers and other periodicals) about the questions of agrarian reform / in 1931 he disagreed with the official party-line and

(over)

(11098)

GERMANY HÖRNLE, ERWIN

- 2 -

to 1935

BR:fu

advocated a more conciliatory policy and collaboration with the Social-Democrats in order to overcome the growing danger of Nazism; the party leaders never forgave such an independent attitude, they removed Hörnle from his office in the Agrarian Department and he had great difficulty in being renominated as a candidate for the Reichstag; after the rise of the Nazis to power he went to Russia and was appointed as a research worker in the Agrarian Institute in Moscow; in 1935 wrote a book about the conditions of life of the German farmers in the Third Reich, Bauern unter dem Hakenkreuz (Peasants under the swastika) / Hörnle is the idealistic type of Communist, and was never admitted to the inner circle which decided upon the party's official tactics.

BR, Field Unit, New York, August 6, 1943

BR

F

RUSSIA also GERMANY

July 13, 1943

HÖRNLE, ERWIN

Former Reichstag deputy from Stuttgart; now living in Russia /
signed manifesto issued in Moscow on July 12, 13, 1943, by new-
ly formed German National Committee of which Erich WEINERT (q.v.)
is president.

Intercontinent News
Daily Worker, July 22, 1943

(11098)

January 1, 1943

GERMANY

HÖRNLEIN, Lt. General

His promotion from Major General
to Lt. General effective January
1, 1943.

State Department Plain Cable #841, Bern, February 5, 1943

110981

R

GERMANY

rpt June 2, 1943

HUNDEIN, Lt. General WALTER

Commander of a Hermann Göring unit who, according to source, did not accompany his unit when it was sent to the African front; instead he went to a spa but seems to have been awarded Oak Leaves just the same.

'Voice of the Chief', June 2, 1943
TCC, Daily Report, June 3, 1943

(11398)

R

GERMANY

rpt June 24, 1943

HÖRNLEIN, Lt. General

Commander of the Reserve Brigade 'Greater Germany' / was present
at a recent celebration of this brigade held in Kottbus / has
been awarded Oak Leaves.

Berlin radio, June 24, 1943
FCC, Daily Report, June 25, 1943

IP
A 533

GERMANY

rpt February 25, 1943

doc. also:
HORTMANN, Lt. (HURTMANN f)

Was commanding officer of Wehrmacht's Propaganda Africa Base Company at Potsdam / succeeded Lt. WESSEL as commander of North Africa Propaganda Company in Africa; 2nd Lt. MITTELSTADT (q.v.) is his deputy.

Confidential and reliable source
OSS, Washington, February 25, 1943

(11098)

BR FU-50

C

GERMANY

HÖSSLIN, FRANZ von

111001

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

HOTH, COLONEL GENERAL HERMANN VON

With LIST (q.v.), is reported to have replaced von BOCK in command of Heeresgruppe B in Stalingrad sector.

Report from private channels to Stockholm, Oct. 14, 1942
New York Times, Oct. 15, 1942

According to London press report of Oct. 20, is in command on Stalingrad front; for others in command on Russian front, see Field Marshal von KÄUCHLER.

O.N.I. Weekly, October 21, No. 39, p32

(90)

12954

7-16

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

December 10, 1942

ROTH, Colonel General

Panzer Commander under von BOCK / in charge of tank warfare along with GUDERIAN, PAULUS, HOFFNER, and REINHOLDT / former infantryman, specialized in eastern theatre from 1933 when he joined Hitler's secret General Staff / commanded 15th Army Corps in Poland and gained reputation of ruthlessness; his divisions suffered for greater losses than most; flew up and down front lines like ROMMEL until he found a way to get behind enemy lines / fought near Guderian's army in Russian campaign; was given command of a Panzer army and delegated by von Bock to take Moscow / Hitler was convinced he would succeed and planned to make him a Field Marshal / was driven back from Moscow in October 1941 by TIMOSHENKO and his Panzer divisions were withdrawn from front for repairs until June

-2-

December 10, 1942

GERMANY

HOTEL, Colonel General

1942 / was retained by von Bock after the regrouping of central and southern commands / his reconditioned Panzer troops were sent against Stalingrad; they made rapid progress at first, but were gradually slowed up by Russian tank traps etc. / when besieging Stalingrad, he sent tanks straight into machine-gun covered Stalingrad streets where they had no room to retreat or turn around, and many were destroyed.

OSS, New York, Dr. Rudolf Katz, December 10, 1942

R

GERMANY

rpt February 17, 1943

HOTH

Lt. general commanding 18th Division at Liegnitz in 1936; infantry general commanding XV Army Korps in February 1940; made col. general in July 1940; commanded Panzergruppe on east front.

Fighting French, London, February 17, 1943

(11008)

L-10155
A-5763

S

GERMANY

rpt April 30, 1943

HOTH

Is in command of the 4th Panzer Army.

Reliable Czech source to OSS London, April 30, 1943
OSS (diss), May 26, 1943

GERMANY

rpt April 20, 1943

HOUDREMONT

Is now in charge of all light metals in Germany.

R&A, Central European Section oral (Neumann), April 20, 1943

11098

F

GERMANY

rpt August 22, 1943

HÖWE, Obergruppenführer

Has replaced Hans GOEBBELS as general manager of the Rhineland Fire Insurance Company.

Reuter, Stockholm, August 22, 1943

New York Times, August 23, 1943, p. 3

1117981

11-12

October 1, 1942

SECRET

General

from Lt. General

transferred to general in command
of the office effective October 1, 1942.

Oct, lat 1942

(11098)

R

GERMANY

rpt August 17, 1943

HUBE, General HANS

Commander in Chief of the German troops in Sicily; carried out the evacuation of the Axis troops to the Italian mainland; of the armored troops / distinguished himself in the first World War, in which he lost his right arm; in this war, successfully led an infantry division in the French campaign, and took over an armored division in the Eastern campaign / in 1941 was awarded the Knight's Cross of the Iron Cross; in 1942 received the Oak Leaves with Swords.

Berlin Radio, August 17, 1943
FCC, Daily Report, August 18, 1943

(11098)

R

GERMANY

rpt August 17, 1943

HUBE, HANS

General of the Tank Corps / German commander in Sicily / commanded the 14th Tank Corps in the fighting around Stalingrad; during this battle, his troops were annihilated, but Hube succeeded in escaping; the next heard of him was his appointment in Sicily / promoted to general during the battle of Stalingrad in October [1942]; in December [1942] was awarded the Oak Leaves and Swords to the Knight's Cross of the Iron Cross, a decoration seldom granted outside the Luftwaffe.

BBG, August 17, 1943

FCC, Daily Report, August 18, 1943

(11098)

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

HUBER

Former member of Sicherheitsdienst; from Munich; partook in massacre of June 30, 1934; Special Commissioner and SS Chief Storm Leader; in charge of Sub-dept. D of Dept. II of Gestapo which deals with "reaction and Church"; very efficient and a favorite of Heydrich.

Inside the Gestapo by Hansjurgen Koehler- London 1940- p.35.

A-39

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

rpt July 24, 1942

HUBER

With Nebe and Wolf, is close adjutant of Himmler, (q.v.) as leader of SS; these men as a group have replaced Hess, and are in a far stronger position than he ever achieved.

Personalities in Hitler's GHQ
Die Welt Woche, July 24, 1942

(90)

GERMANY

rpt April 20, 1943

HUBER, ERNST RUDOLF

He, Carl SCHMIDT, and E. FORSTHOFF are the three leading Nazi lawyers; he is married to Tula Simons, sister of Hans SIMONS (US).

R&A, Central European Section oral (Neumann), April 20, 1943

11098)

F

GERMANY

died February 1943

HUBER, KARL (see KURT HUBER)

Student at University of Munich; guillotined in Munich in February 1943 for issuing an anti-Nazi manifesto; for other students also guillotined, see Hans SCHOLL.

New York Times, August 2, 1943, p. 14

(11098)

Dead

F

GERMANY

rpt June 5, 1943

HUBER, KURT (see KARL HUBER)

Professor at University of Munich; 50 years old; taught psychology for 17 years; had never, so far as is known, had anything to do with politics / arrested in May 1943 [sic] after spreading of anti-Nazi tracts among students at the University; was brought before Gauleiter GIESLER and a violent scene ensued; he and nine of the older students involved were condemned to be beheaded.

The Nation, June 5, 1943, p. 810

(1198)

GERMANY

rpt April 20, 1943

HUBER, TULA SIMONS

Wife of Ernst Rudolf HUBER; sister of Dr. Hans SIMONS (U.S.).

R&A, Central European Section oral (Neumann), April 20, 1943

(11098)

B-550

REFERENCE CARD

WW

GERMANY

HUBERT, GENERAL

One of the four-star generals (French) imprisoned at Konigstein Fortress; was freed on account of illness; for complete list of prisoners see document B-550.

Interview with Michel Bernheim
March 23, 1942

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

HUBICKI, Lt. General

DNB reports that subject has been promoted to be full General. [in Panzer Force].

Berlin Radio, DNB
Press Survey, Nov. 2, 1942

REFERENCE CARD

0-15-3

GERMANY

HÜBNER, Holmuth (deceased)

'A juvenile' sentenced to death by a Peoples' Court for preparing high treason and treasonably favoring the enemy, was executed Oct. 27, 1942; used to listen to foreign broadcasts and distribute news in a particularly agitative form through leaflets.

Hamburger Fremdenblatt, Oct. 29, 1942

Legal press office of the Peoples' Court, Germany
Press Survey, Nov. 3, 1942

IP-N
A-234-754 MAN

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

November 1942

HUCK, Obersleutant (Lt. Col.)

In charge of French refugees / at Hotel Majestic, Paris.
~~see FRANCE.~~

Information as of November 1942
B, December 9, 1942

15567

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

to February 1941

HUGENBERG

One of the German industrialists who cooperated with German Secret General Staff when it was formed immediately after Armistice of 1918; for others who cooperated, see HAUSROFFER.

OSS, New York, Sylvia Schultz, January 20, 1943
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

(90)

11679-129

REFERENCE CARD

FERDINAND

Re: January 27, 1943

HUGENBERG

[Former?] leader of German nationalists / thought he would be able to run HITLER once he had killed the German republic and enthroned Hitler; instead, Hitler ran him.

OSI, New York, Sigrid Schultz, January 27, 1943