Star la	CLASSIFICATION SECRE Approved For Release 2004/12 CENTRAL INTELI	701 : CIA-RDP81-01044F LIGENCE AGENCY	REPORT			
, -		ON REPORT	CD NO.	057/1		
COUNTRY	USSR/Hungary/Yugoslavia/Rumania	/China	DATE DISTR. / Ja	25X1 muary 1951		
SUBJECT	Examination of Soviet and Satel	lite Grain Samples	NO. OF PAGES			
PLACE ACQUIRED		25X1	NO. OF ENCLS.			
DATE ACQUIRED		25X1	SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT	25X1		
DATE OF	NFORMATION	25X1				
H S C 31 AND 3	NTAINS INFORMATION AFFECTING THE NATIONAL DEFENSE TES WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE ESPIONAGE ACT SO AS AMERGED. ITS TRANSMISSION OR THE REVELATION IN ANY MANNER TO AN UNAUTHORIZED PERSON IS PRO- REPRODUCTION OF THIS FORM IS PROHIBITED.	THIS IS UNE	VALUATED INFORMATIO	N		
25X1	No. 1 - Hungarian maize acquire No. 2 - Yugoslavian maize acquire No. 3 - Russian maize acquired No. 4 - Manchurian maize acquired No. 5 - Rumanian maize acquired No. 6 - Russian feed barley No. 7 - Russian corn No. 8 - Manchurian corn acquire No. 9 - Russian oats acquired d	during 1950 during 1950 ed during 1950 during 1950				
2.	Examination of the samples has resulted in the following varietal identifications: No. 1 - Maize of the "dent" type, probably grown in the Danube basin. No. 2 - Maize of the "dent" type, probably grown in Yugoslavia. No. 3 - Maize comprising a mixture of early maturing "flint" and "dent" types, possibly grown in the Ukraine. No. 4 - Maize comprising a mixture of early and midseason "dent" types with early maturing "flint" types.					
	No. 5 - Maize of "dent" type. No. 6 - Barley of a rather pure possibly grown in the Uk No. 7 - Maize comprising a mixtu types. No. 8 - Maize comprising a mixtu No. 9 - Oats of the midseason wh such varieties as the "V sample may have been gro	rraine. Tre of early maturing Tre of early "flint" This This Tictory" and "Swedis	and "dent" types. type includes			

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3. Grading of the samples is reported as follows:

Sample No.	Protein 14.0% Moisture	Content Moisture Free	Weight per bushel, lbs.	U. S. Grade and grading factor
1	9.46	11.00	57.0	No. 3 yellow corn, dent and flint, weevily, cracked corn and foreign material 3.5%
2	9.18	10.67	58.0	No. 4 yellow corn, dent and flint, weevily, damaged kernels 9.0%
3	9.95	11.57	60.5	No. 3 mixed corn, dent and flint, cracked corn and foreign material 3.2%
4	8.79	10.22	58.0	No. 1 yellow corn, dent and flint, weevily
5	8.88	10.32	59•0	No. 4 yellow corn, dent and flint, cracked corn and foreign material 4.2%
6	9.90	11.51	gen	No. 2 two-rowed barley, blighted, blight damaged kernels 5.0%
7	10.14	11.80		No. 2 mixed corn, dent and flint, damaged kernels 3.4%
8	8.81	10.24	58 . 0	"Sample Grade" mixed corn, dent and flint, weevily, cracked corn and foreign material 8.7%
9	10.57	12.29	43.0	No. 4 extra heavy white oats, heat damaged kernels 1.5%

- 4. General evaluation of the samples tested is as follows:
 - No. 1 Appears adapted to a climate like northern Iowa. The flint kernels are of a type that came originally from the Caribbean area.
 - No. 2 Appears adapted to a climate like northern Iowa. The flint kernels are of a type that came originally from the Caribbean area.
 - No. 3 Appears adapted to a climate like Minnesota or the Dakotas. The flints are of a type that came originally from the northern U. S. A.
 - No. 4 Appears adapted to a climate like Minnesota or the Dakotas or possibly northern Iowa. The sample seems to have been grown under more favorable conditions than the other maize samples examined. The protein content is lower than the other maize samples, reflecting lower nitrogen content in the soil.
 - No. 5 Appears adapted to a climate like northern Iowa.
 - No. 6 Could have been grown in the Ukraine. The kernels are plump, indicating growth under favorable conditions. There is evidence that a part of the grain may have been from lodged plants which would have resulted from storms after the grain had headed.

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- No. 7 Appears adapted to a climate like Minnesota or the Dakotas.
- No. 8 Appears adapted to a climate like Minnesota or the Dakotas.
- No. 9 This type was formerly grown in states with climates like
 Minnesota and came originally from northern Europe. The sample
 probably came from an area farther north than the Ukraine,
 with cooler summers. Partial cause of the heavy test weight
 is that the tip ends of the oat hulls were broken off in
 threshing or cleaning.

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