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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

INFORMATION REPORT

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COUNTRY	Bulgaria	REPORT	[Redacted]
SUBJECT	Aftermath of Stalin Denigration; Attitude toward Yugoslavia; Supreme Party School, Macedonian Question; Salaries and Prizes	DATE DISTR.	30 October 1956
DATE OF INFO.	[Redacted]	NO. OF PAGES	1
PLACE ACQUIRED	[Redacted]	REQUIREMENT NO.	RD
		REFERENCES	50X1-HUM

IMPERFECT

THE SOURCE EVALUATIONS IN THIS REPORT ARE DEFINITIVE.
THE APPRAISAL OF CONTENT IS TENTATIVE.
(FOR KEY SEE REVERSE)

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Attached is the following information [Redacted] 50X1-HUM

- a. A two-page report on the reaction of Party members to the Stalin denigration;
- b. A half-page statement on Bulgaria's attitude towards Yugoslavia as directed by the USSR;
- c. A quarter-page statement on the Macedonia question;
- d. An eight-page report on the one-year course given by the Supreme Party School, living conditions at the school, subjects taught, names of instructors, Communist indoctrination and philosophy as described by Party Secretary Dimitur Ganev and others, and types of discussions held at the school;

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REACTION AMONG PARTY MEMBERS AFTER STALIN'S DOWNFALL

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[redacted] nobody had defended Stalin at the Supreme Party School, after the text of Khrushchev's degradation of Stalin had been officially announced.

[redacted] the Secretary of the Supreme Party School labeled the broadcasts of the Free World Radio stations re Khrushchev's attacks on Stalin, as enemy propaganda. This is the reason why Khrushchev's attacks on Stalin were revealed to the Bulgarian Communists bit by bit, in order not to create a shock.

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[redacted] the full text of Khrushchev's speech to the 20th Congress of CPUSSR was printed in the Bulgarian papers. [redacted] only a handful of Yugoslav emigrants claimed that Stalin was right in his policy toward Tito.

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Lecturer IVANOV, who taught Party Organization, had attacked and criticized Stalin even before the publication of the decisions of the 5th Session of the CC. The students at the Supreme Party School nourished hopes, that after the decisions of the 5th Session of the CC, broader freedoms, especially freedom to criticize, would be granted to the party members. But when the members of the CC saw the violent reaction among the rank and file Communist members after Valke CHERVENKOV's ouster, when they saw the party members were not satisfied with the decisions of the 5th Session, criticizing CC's decisions after Trudko BOSTOV's arrest, the CC clamped down on discipline and free criticism among party members. Anyone who criticized the CC was called up by the CC to explain his behavior and was never heard of again. Such was the case,

[redacted] with Petar SIDONOV, who wrote two or three questions which were to be answered by Dimitar GANEV during a meeting of all the students of the Supreme Party School, which meeting was held in Dimitar Blagoev theater. SIDONOV asked why Chervenkov was never sentenced for his deeds, why the members of the CC at that time never objected to Chervenkov's deeds and was it not time for a radical change in the CC membership. SIDONOV's questions were labeled as enemy pronouncements. During the lunch recess STANCHEV, the Secretary of the One-Year Course and other members of the meeting bureau had gone to the Supreme Party School and compared handwritings of students with their notebooks. These were able to identify SIDONOV as the writer of the questions. SIDONOV was expelled from the Supreme Party School right away and nobody heard of him since.

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[redacted] the discussion groups at the Supreme Party School were busy talking about the decisions of the 5th Session of the CC. The main Subject had been: Why all discussions on Chervenkov's downfall made during the 5th Session of the CC were not officially announced? Even Supreme Party School students working at the CC criticized the secrecy of the discussions. Rumors have been circulating at the Supreme Party School regarding these discussions. It has been rumored that Slavko TRUMSKI had demanded that Chervenkov be degraded all together. Also other victims connected

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with Traicho KOSTOV's case have been accusing Chervenkov. Slaveho TRUNSKI had been also against the appointment of Anton YUGOV as Prime Minister, since [redacted] 50X1-HUM
 [redacted] Anton YUGOV was the Minister of Interior who carried out Chervenkov's orders for arrests of KOSTOV's men. The members of the CC [redacted] during the 5th Session, were divided into three groups: One group defending Vulko CHERVENKOV, one group with Bayko DAMYANOV, which thought that Bayko DAMYANOV was the most moderate and reconciliatory member of the CC, and the third group with Slaveho TRUNSKI who had been violently against Vulko CHERVENKOV. CHERVENKOV has been also criticized by his wife, because CHERVENKOV never paid attention to his family and teenage son, who has been riding a motorcycle from soccer game to soccer game. 50X1-HUM

CHERVENKOV defended himself, stating that the accusations were not true, that he had always discussed all questions with the members of the CC, that he had never heard any objections from any member of the CC thus thinking that the CC members agreed with CHERVENKOV.

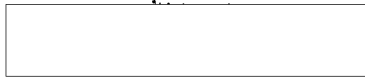
CHERVENKOV also had stated that he had never tried to glorify himself. Anton YUGOV was chosen as Prime Minister [redacted] because it seemed that he had objected to Vulko CHERVENKOV's orders to arrest Traicho KOSTOV's men, and this had been the reason for Anton YUGOV's ouster as Minister of the Interior. The official reasons for YUGOV's ouster, however, were that YUGOV had failed as Minister of Interior to have a spy organization ready in order to detect KOSTOV's subversive activities. 50X1-HUM

[redacted] 50X1-HUM
 Anton YUGOV is not popular among the Bulgarian people, but this does not worry the CC. The Communists never had any hopes in the peasantry. The peasantry is a mass which is never capable to starting trouble for the regime. It is the working class which according to the Communists is capable of starting a revolution against the Communist regime. Anton YUGOV is also known as a woman chaser. It was rumored among the students at the Supreme Party School that YUGOV had been visiting the wife of a Colonel in Pancharevo before he ever became a Prime Minister, and that another Communist surprised YUGOV in the Colonel's villa in Pancharevo. [redacted] 50X1-HUM

[redacted] there is evidence of unemployment in Bulgaria. People without work have been forced to register at the city office of "Trudovi Rezervi" (Labor Reserve). [redacted] long queues of workers waiting in front of the offices of Trudovi Rezervi. 50X1-HUM

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DIRECTIVES FROM MOSCOW TO THE BULGARIAN GOVERNMENT WHICH OUTLINE BULGARIA'S DEPARTMENT
TOWARD YUGOSLAVIA

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[redacted] the Bulgarian Communists have never officially acknowledged Soviet interference in Bulgarian foreign policy, although it is obvious that they follow Moscow's directives. However, Dimitur Ganev in a speech to the student body of the Supreme Party School, reporting the decisions of the 5th session of the CC, had made a slip, [redacted] which slip indicates that directives have been received from Moscow regarding improvement of relations with Yugoslavia. GANEV had stated: 50X1-HUM

Our Soviet comrades have been criticizing us. When we had to carry out some poor piece of advice given to us by our Soviet comrades, we were too rash in executing it. (Note: It refers to Traicho KOSTOV's arrest, trial and sentence.) but on the other hand, when our Soviet comrades prompted us to do something good, which would benefit us, we have been very slow or we have delayed action. (Note: This refers to Soviet advice to the Bulgarian Government for improvement of relations with Yugoslavia by bringing CHERVENKOV's downfall as a first step.)

This indicates [redacted] that the Soviets have advised the CC to ouster CHERVENKOV a long time ago, probably after K and B's visit to Yugoslavia.

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MACEDONIAN QUESTION

DIMITROVGRAD

Although it has never been announced officially, talks have been in progress for the ceding of Pirin Macedonia to Yugoslav Macedonia, while Vardar and Esilgrad annexed to Bulgaria. This subject has been freely discussed by students at the Supreme Party School.

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the instructors have received instruction on this subject from the CC and MVD.

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DATA ON THE SUPREME PARTY SCHOOL - ONE YEAR COURSE

The Supreme Party School is located on Anton Ivanov St. #5, in Lesnatz, Sofia, the former French College by the Seminary. This school is under the direct supervision of the CC of BCP. The Supreme Party School has two types of courses, the full-three year course and one-year course. Graduates of the full course of the Supreme Party School are slated to become presidents or secretaries of village, town, okoliya, rayon and okrug party committees, while graduates of the one-year course are to become party workers in the different party committees, or fill up slots which are reserved for party members such as chief of personnel in the different enterprises. Graduates of the full course receive diplomas which has college rating, while graduates of the one-year course receive nothing but a remark in their dossier that they have attended the school.

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The old building of the French college is used for classrooms and by the Supreme Party School administration. Two new buildings have been erected. One houses the dormitories of the full course students, the other one the dormitories of the one-year course. A third building was under construction which would be used by the administration of the Supreme Party School. A separate heating plant has been also under construction along with the Administration building.

the annual expenditures of the CC of the Supreme Party School averaged 14,000,000 leva, which include the salaries of the students, called listeners, salaries of the lecturers, which are over 1,000 leva monthly, salaries for cooks, cleaning women, upkeep of the buildings, food for the listeners etc. The students of the Supreme Party School were paid as follows:

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Married students with children receive 90% of the salary the students received prior to their attending the Supreme Party School.

Married students without children, or married students whose wives are working receive 40% of their previous salaries.

Single students receive 40% of their previous salaries.

All students at the Supreme Party School received free food and were obliged to live in the school.

All students at the Supreme Party School have been nominated upon recommendation from the Okrug or County Party Committee and approved by the CC, while nomination and approval of foreign citizens for the Supreme Party School is done only by the CC of BCP.

The students of the one-year course were divided into 22 groups, each group consisting of 14 to 16 students, which makes the total attendance of the one-year course to about 530 students. The one-year course, as well as the full course of the Supreme Party School, started on 1 September and ended 1 July of each year.

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The students of the full course were divided into three classes. First year, Second year and third year. Subject did not know the exact number of students of the full course but thought that their number was about the same as the number of the students of the one-year course, judging by the sleeping accommodations for the students of the full course. The students of the one-year course studied the same subjects as those studied by the full course students with the only exception that the subjects for the one-year course were not taught in detail. They were presented in a terse form. The students of the three-year course also studied Russian and French or German which languages were not taught to the one-year course.

The following are the subjects taught to the one-year courses:

- Philosophy - taught by KRAB, [redacted] 50X1-HUM
- Political Economy of the capitalist countries - TURPESHEVA, [redacted]
- Political Economy of the Communist countries - NIKOLOV, [redacted]
- Party Organisation - IVANOV, Masha PAPAIOV and Dr. BONEV, [redacted]
- History of the SUCP - BOZHILOV and ZAFIROVA, [redacted]
- History of BCP - NIKOLV, GRIGOROV, STANCHEV, [redacted]
- Plant Growing - Prof. BALEVSKA [redacted]
- Mechanisation of Farms - Prof. BALEVSKA
- Cattle Raising - Prof. BALEVSKA

The daily program of the one-year course was the following:

- 08.00 to 12.00 hours - Lectures
- 12.00 to 14.00 hours - Lunch recess
- 14.00 to 18.00 hours - Lectures
- 18.00 to 20.00 hours - Supper and rest
- 20.00 to 23.00 hours - Obligatory study time

Students were allowed to go to town Wednesday evenings and stay in town from Saturday evening to Sunday evening. The fourth floor of the one-year course building was used by visiting wives or husbands of students.

The students of the one-year course were introduced to the order of the school, 1 September 1955 and on 2 September they started classes, the first subject being Philosophy. Here is a brief on the subject of philosophy [redacted]

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There are two branches in philosophy which try to explain the origin of life. One is the materialistic branch, which is believed by the Communists who claim that matter is primary and consciousness, secondary. The other is the idealistic branch, supported by the Free World, which claims that consciousness is primary and matter, secondary. The materialistic branch try to explain the origin of life as a union of proteins [redacted] this question is of no interest because it cannot be proven correct or the other. If we look at the social development of man we see that all [redacted] in science do not come as a result of a material self-creation but have come as a result of the consciousness, which means that the matter is secondary, i.e., the creation of the world would have been impossible without the decisive participation of the consciousness which people call God.

Loon MOGHE [redacted] discussed this question with lecturer KRAB, and after getting an unsatisfactory answer from KRAB addressed the students with the following statements: "Leave him alone, he may be thinking the same way as I, but is afraid to say so since he is afraid to lose his salary which is over 1,000 leva monthly".

The Communist philosophy claims that there can be no progress without any basic contradictions in society, and that these basic contradictions could be solved only through a revolution, or as Lenin calls it "leap with destruction", which according to the Communists applies to nature and as well to society. But if we look upon the development of society we get a different picture, we come to different conclusions. We have a sexual relation between the male and the female. A child is born. According to the Communists we have to have some kind of a victim either from the male or female sex as a result of this child coming to life. From here it is obvious that the Communist thinking is wrong. To-day's politicians must not think that the Communists are abandoning this theory and that the Communists plan to come to power through parliamentary means. During a meeting on International Questions held regularly at the Supreme Party School, Dimitur GANEV, the secretary of the CC answered question put by the students. His answer should be a reminder to all socialists in the West on the issue of creating Popular Fronts with the Communists. This should be a reminder to Nehru in India and Nasser in Egypt. The question put to GANEV was: How should we interpret the thought of Marx and Lenin on revolution, on the "leap with destruction", under the present political situation? GANEV answered: "Kruschev's statements at the 20th Congress of CPUSSR on revolution undoubtedly will not be supported theoretically. Politically, under the present set-up, yes. To the question: What kind of socialism is being built in India under Nehru?" GANEV replied: "This is not socialism but state capitalism, which will be defeated as the rest. From political point of view we support Nehru and Colonel Nasser. But one day both of them will be put aside." To the question what he thought on a union of Western socialists with the Communists GANEV answered: "For the time being our enemy number one is the party which is in power. After the members of this party vacate their chairs, so would one by one our allies have to vacate their chairs (This has been proven by the fate of other political parties in Communist countries which made coalition with the Communists.) Let no one think that to-day's tourists, as K and F are called, have renounced their old strategical plan. The plan is the same, the tactic is new, which calls for more time, since K and B are not sure in the Russian people in the event of war."

If the Communists claim that there would be no social progress without any basic contradictions, why do they refuse freedom to others, why do they ban strikes?

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Page 4

KRAB answered: "Such freedoms are restricted in a Communist country because the laws are discovered and resolved." What are these laws? This discussion was continued in the room of Leon MOSHE and the conclusions were: prisons, concentration camps etc., these are the laws with which the basic contradictions were solved.

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There is nothing in common between Communist theories and Communist practices. The theory serves the purpose to convert people to Communism not because of their knowledge, but because of their ignorance.

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b. Political Economy of the Capitalist Countries: The students were acquainted with the facts about wages, monetary system, basic laws governing the economy of the capitalist system, exploitation of labor, development of industry under capitalism, with which the Communists are trying to prove to the students that there is nothing white in the capitalist countries. All is black. The regime of a country should not be determined by the economic set-up of the country, but by the use of the idealistic theory. In this way the means of production can still be in the hands of the State under different social forms, but not Communist. Thanks to private initiative, the economic measures of the West are much better than the measures of the Communist countries which are studied at the Supreme Party School. The chief of Personnel of VKPS (Supreme Committee for Culture and Sport), LAZAROV

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who had visited both the Soviet Union and Western countries, after hearing TURPESHEVAS statements about the low standard of life in the West, stood up and told the group how amazed he was when he found out how many items a worker in the West could purchase with his monthly salary, a watch, a bicycle, clothes and others. LAZAROV told the group that these conditions exist throughout Western Europe, Austria included. TURPESHEVA reddened in answer while she listened to LAZAROV and started explaining in confusion - that there were economic crisis in the West every 4 or 5 years, that there were strikes which bring setbacks to the worker, thus making the worker's earning power much lower. This however is not true, because after each strike the workers gain higher wages. TURPESHEVA's statements on the economic crisis is not true, since it is 12 years after the war and no crisis had materialized. Another typical question during discussion hours is the exploitation of the working class. Communist claim that exploitation had been abolished in Communist countries, but this is not true, because exploitation had increased several times in Communist countries. Let us take for example a shoemaker: For 8 hours of working time he can produce, let us say 10 pairs of baby shoes which cost in Bulgaria 15 levas. This means 150. His daily wage is 17 leva, material, wear and tear of tools, 50 leva, which is 67 leva. We have 83 leva left. Are these 83 leva an "added value" (Communist term - prinadena stoyznist for profit) which they call exploitation of the worker or not? Not sheep but mutton. Where do these 83 leva go and why is the workman in Bulgaria so poorly paid? They go to the party apparatus for the salaries of politicians, militia agents, whom you could see in factories, offices

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Page 5

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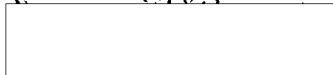
and everywhere, ~~without whom the Communists can not stay in power.~~ This means that the worker is not working for himself only but for all those that spy on him. From here it is evident whether the party is for the working class or not. From here it becomes obvious that the party is living on the back of the working class. It is much better that it be named "The sucker of the working class" rather than the defendant of it. From this discussion it dawned on us that it was we, who are exploiting the working class. This last statement was made by Rangel LAZAROV.

Political Economy of Socialism, contains the same elements as political economy of capitalist countries, with the exception that it was presented in very laudatory form. Everything in the Communist block is much better than in the West - no strikes, no disputes, no unemployment, no exploitation of labor, economic successes for certain period, planning of production, organization of labor, statements from the press. In other words, the Communists are trying to feed the people with theories, let them live with the hope that sometime there will be prosperity, so that they should disregard the misery that surrounds them now.

History of CPSU - which was written by Stalin and announced as false by the 20th Congress of CPSU. Falsification on Communist countries is a natural phenomenon because truth is never spoken or written. That is why one should not expect that the newly written history of CPSU will bring out the truth of the CPSU. They will change a few things in order to make people believe in them, but no details on the party's activity relevant to the number of human beings killed or sent to concentration camps and prison. This data will never be published but believed by the people of the Soviet Union. The history of the CPSU will be written by the people of Russia, and only this history will be valid. [redacted] studied the coalition the Communist party made with other parties in Russia during 1918, their negotiations with the other parties and the way the October Revolution was carried out, the coming to power of the CP and the end of WWI. Then [redacted] studied the decisions taken during the Party Congresses and the achievements in the SU, Stalin's speeches, the readiness of the Soviet Army thanks to the party, the glory of the Army accredited to Stalin's genius. After the 20th Congress of CPSU [redacted] asked to study Stalin's speeches as activity of the CC of CPSU without mentioning the name of Stalin. This subject is being taught to Communist members in other countries in order to influence them morally and politically so that they follow the same methods and use the same tactics for usurping power, to impress the Communists of other countries of the invincibility and capability of the CPSU.

History of BCP: It starts with the study of the biography of Dimitur BLAGOEV, the disputes between socialists and agrarians, the splitting of the socialist party into two factions - wide and narrow socialists, the narrow socialists forming BCP after its 22nd Congress, the influence of CPSU on BCP, its participation in strikes, riots and uprisings, its setbacks during the 1930-39 period and its activity during the war up to the time of their coming to power 9 September 1944, its successes during 1944-56 etc. Most of the activity is highly exaggerated and does not correspond to

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Page 6

realities, according to statements from students who remember this period.

Every political party or organization in the West should take notice of the fate of the other political parties, once the Communists grab the power. Every political leader should think twice before agreeing to form popular fronts with the Communists in the West.

[redacted] reaction of Khrushchev's report to the 20th Congress of CPSU among the students of the Supreme Party School. A great number of the students heard the news of Stalin's downgrading from Western broadcasts, and [redacted] these broadcasts had a very positive influence on the people in Bulgaria whether they were Communists or not. Some of the students of the Supreme Party School believed the broadcasts - some did not. There were long disputes whether there was such a report or not. The management of the school labeled these broadcasts as enemy propaganda. Some students demanded information on this report of Khrushchev's. When the novelty of the news had already worn out in the West, only then was the CC of BCP forced to inform the students on the contents of the report. Students were read statements from the report by secretaries of the Party primary organization in the school, from which it became obvious that there were gaps between certain chronological events, an indication that its full form was not released. This report interested individual Communists, but not officials of the MVR, because these were the men who staged false trials, executed anti-Communists, sent people to prison in order to keep the Communist party in power. And these MVR officials believed that this was the only method to stay in power, regardless of what Communist dignitary's head is chopped off. There were long comments among the students after the report was read. It was rumored that Khrushchev has been asked "where were you when all these atrocities were committed by Stalin" to which Khrushchev had allegedly answered "I was in the same spot where you are now". The people will never believe Khrushchev and his sincerity, because Khrushchev like Stalin will accuse others but never get the blame himself. Who were Stalin's collaborators during the time the crimes were committed? Were not they Khrushchev and Co.? Even the Communists were forced to tell the truth, by admitting that criticism of Stalin has taken place, the Western nations reported it, [redacted]

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Stalin's downgrading did not bring any positive results for the Communists in Bulgaria. The BCP members received a rather severe shock and started looking with suspicion upon their leaders. From now on, there will be no promises for loyalty to the party, but demanding responsibility from the leaders for the crimes committed against the people. This is the inevitable fate of the Party. It is of no importance whether there is a one-man leadership or a two-man leadership in the Party. There is no freedom of expression under Communism under one or two dictators. It is absurd to believe Soviet promises for freedom of criticism and democracy inside the Party after the 20th Congress of the CPSU, because these are not permissible under the Communist system. If such freedoms were allowed, the Communist will never be able

Page 7

to stay in power. That there will be no freedoms among the Communists in Bulgaria it became evident at the meeting held in connection with the decisions of the 5th Session of CC of BCP. This meeting took place in the beginning of June 1956 in the Dimitur Blagoev theater, which was attended by the three classes of the Supreme Party School and the students of the one-year course. Dimitur GANEV talked at this meeting on Kruscher's report to the 20th Congress and the decision of the 5th Session of the CC. After his report, the audience was asked to write questions on a small sheet of paper which questions were to be answered by Dimitur GANEV. The first question to be answered was that of Leon MOSEH, (see Para 50 17 PHS Part III) which criticized the CC for meting out no sentence to Vulko Chervenkov, while a fellow who steals a loaf of bread gets a sentence. Dimitur GANEV stood up and warned the audience that this was an enemy pronouncement. A Major in the MVR, a student in his last year at the Supreme Party School, accused the Minister of Interior TSANKOV of selfishness and abuse of office. TSANKOV had appointed all his relatives to fat positions in the MVR, he had discharged an old employee who was about to qualify for pension, he had fired some clerk who did not warm his yogurt properly, had appointed a girl just out of medical school as MVR doctor, only because she was his mistress. Dimitur GANEV nervously started pounding the table and did not allow the Major to continue. The students protested loudly GANEV's objections. GANEV, inspite of the uproar, labeled the Major's statements as false accusations. After the meeting was over the students coined a new slogan: Criticize boldly, if you want to be sent to the village (kritik-uvay smelo sa da otidesh na selo), criticize but not the party or the CC.

GANEV did not answer all the questions, pretending there was not time, but promised to schedule a special meeting soon. This meeting never took place. Among the questions asked were the followings:

Why was not Chervenkov sentenced? The blame should be taken equally by Chervenkov and the members of the CC. Some criticized the troops of the interior, some the delivery quotas.

The questions were suppose to be anonymous, but during the noon recess handwritings were checked with school notebooks by an investigative body and the only student identified by his handwriting was Petur SIMEONOV, from Kula, President of the Soviet-Bulgarian Society in Kula, who was discharged from the school and the party as an enemy of the Party. [REDACTED]

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In his report on the internal situation Dimitur GANEV was also forced to admit that there was unemployment in the country but it was not due to lack of jobs, but to the unwillingness of workers to go to work to Rudosem and Batak where employment was available.

Plant growing, cattle raising and mechanization of farms were also taught at the Supreme Party School but the students did not display any interest in these subjects. Prof. BALEVSKA was the lecturer, who hinted that she exercised influence at higher Governmental level, especially the Ministerial Council where she had suggested a few changes.

Page 8

The students at the one-year course felt that they did not get any education at the school, or any culture since philosophy could not be understood by the students, most of whom had very meager education, while the other subjects consisted of remembering dates, numbers, strikes, which have nothing to do with scholastics.

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b. **Bulgarians**

1. **KRAB, professor in philosophy,**

2. **TUMERASHVA**

3. **MICHELOV, university professor**

4. **IVANOV, fm**

5. **Kocho PAPAZOV**

6. **Dr. BOSEV**

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7. **ZASTRAGA**

[Redacted]

8. **BOZHILOV, fma**

[Redacted]

9. **Liiana DIMITROVA**

[Redacted]

10. **BAIKER, fma, Deputy Director of the Supreme Party School**

[Redacted]

11. **GRIGOROV, fma** secretary of the Supreme Party School

[Redacted]

12. **STANCHEV, fma, secretary of the One-Year Course**

[Redacted]

13. **Professor BALEVSKA, taught plant growing at the Supreme Party School.**

14. **Vasil CHALDORZHEV**

[Redacted]

15. **Mirva MINEV** party instructor in Pleven

[Redacted]

16. **Peska VLADOVA** Party instructor in Pleven,

[Redacted]

17. **Leon MOCHE** Party instructor in Ruse

[Redacted]

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D. **ECONOMIC:** (Note: [redacted] even the chosen few i.e., Party workers are not well paid in Bulgaria.)

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1. [redacted]

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[redacted] regular monthly expenses were as follows:

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Food	4 kgrs of sugar @ 10 leva	50
	1 kgr of yogurt @ 3.60	36
	0.5 liter fresh milk @ 1.60	24
	4 boxes of biscuits @ 10 leva	40
	4 kgr. lemon @ 14 leva	56
	4 kgr. of oranges @ 16	64
	8 kgr. of apples @ 6	48
	30 cans of soups @ 1.20	36
	7.20 krs. of bread @ 2.50	18
		<hr/>
	Total	372 leva
	Food for wife @ 17 leva daily	<u>501 leva</u>
	Total for food only for wife and child	872 leva
	Rent	36
	Electric	<u>25</u>
	Minimum monthly expenses	933 leva

POOR ORIGINAL

[redacted]

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prices of items on the Bulgarian market:

One pair of men's shoes from 240 to 130 leva

One Men's suit 3 meters of fabric @ 358
Tailor
Lining @ 14

1074 leva
260
28

Total

1362 leva

One skirt
One pair of socks
One undershirt
One pair of underpants
One liter of wine
One box of cigarettes first quality
1 kgr of yellow cheese
1 kgr of white cheese
One liter of aleo
1 kgr of sugar
One radio receiving set Mir 211
Vereshilev

75 leva
6 to 12
20
15
6 to 12
2.40
19
13
11
9.90
960
830
1200
220 to 240
200 to 240
2.40
.20 to .50
5.
8.
28.
14.
18.
24 to 26
2550.

Bicycle
One woman's dress
One pair of lady's shoes
One cinema ticket
One streetcar ticket
One soccer game ticket local
international
One liter of Klivovitsa
Half liter of cognac
1 kgr of salami
1 kgr of ham
One set of sleeping room furniture
Wardrobe
Bed
Bedsprings
Mattress
Table
Chair

1250
450
500
180
125
45

2. People have openly talked that the purchasing power of the worker before 9 September 1944 was much bigger.

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D O N R O P I G I N I V I

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