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**INFORMATION REPORT INFORMATION REPORT**

**CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

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<b>COUNTRY</b>	Rumania	<b>REPORT</b>	
<b>SUBJECT</b>	Town Information--Constanta	<b>DATE DISTR.</b>	4 December 1961
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THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION. SOURCE GRADINGS ARE DEFINITIVE. APPRAISAL OF CONTENT IS TENTATIVE.

1. Constanta is the capital of the Constanta Region. In 1940 the city had a population of about 50,000 which, according to official statistics had increased to 108,000 by 1958. In January 1961 about 150,000 people were estimated to live in the city, the majority being Rumanians; however there were also about 15,000 Turks and 7,000 to 8,000 Greeks. The population increase can be attributed to the following factors:

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- a. Thousands of workers, who had been living in Constanta for about three years during the construction of the Danube-Black Sea Canal, married and settled in Constanta after the project was abandoned.
- b. As a result of the inflation of governmental organization, thousands of poor farmers and industrial workers moved to Constanta with their families.
- c. The Constanta Region was the first area in Rumania where agricultural collectivization was enforced drastically. Many farmers therefore left their land and property and sought refuge with their relatives in the city. A large number of these migrants did not register as residents as their move had been illegal.

Because of the large rise in population Constanta was declared a "closed city," and in order to settle there permanently a permit must be obtained from a special commission at the Regional Council.

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2. The following changes of street names in Constanta are reported:

<u>Former Name</u>	<u>Present Name</u>
Strada Carol	Strada I. V. Stalin
Bulevardul Regina Maria	Bulevardul V. I. Lenin (as far as the Mamaia baths)

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(Note: Washington distribution indicated by "X"; Field distribution by "#".)

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Bulevardul Ferdinand	Bulevardul Republicii (extending from the new railway station to the sea- shore)
Bulevardul Regina Elisabeta	Bulevardul I. C. Frimu
Soseaua Malfatlar	Soseaua I. C. Frimu
Bulevardul Principesa Ileana	Bulevardul Engels
Strada I. C. Sturza	Strada Karl Marx
Strada Grigore Cantacuzino	Strada Elena Pavel
Strada Lascar Catargiu	Strada Nicolae Titulescu
Bulevardul Marele Voevod Mihai	Bulevardul Stefan Gheorghiu
Strada Gradisteamu	Strada Olga Bancic
Strada Dorobanti	Strada Revolutiei Din 1907
Strada Atelierelor (also called Virgil Andronescu)	Strada 6 Martie
Strada Ionel I. C. Bratianu	Strada Kalinin
Strada Rahovei )	Strada Miahi Dumitru
Strada Vintila Bratianu )	Strada Ilarie Voronca
Strada General Lahovari	Strada Pictor Grigorescu
Strada Apolon	Soseaua Stabilizarii
Soseaua Petre Carp )	Suburbia I. C. Frimu
Soseaua Viitorului )	Piata Ovidiu
Suburbia (suburb) I. C. Bratianu	Not known
Piata Independentei	Strada Roza Luxemburg
Bulevardul Averescu	Strada Banatului
Strada I. C. Bratianu	New name unknown
Strada Petre Voda	New name unknown
Strada Durostor	New name unknown
Strada Valea Alba	New name unknown
Strada Basarabiei	New name unknown
Strada Chiliei	New name unknown

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**3. Public institutions in Constanta (numbers in brackets indicate location on the town map):**

- a. The Regional Council (Sfatul Popular Regional) is situated in two buildings:**
- 1) In the three-story building of the former Banca Romineasca on Strada Karl Marx, corner of Strada Basarabi, on the left side of the street coming from the town center. The Securitate offices have also been transferred to this place (1A), surrounded by a number of other buildings.
  - 2) In the former "Bulevard" and "Francez" Hotels on Strada Cristea Georgescu, both of which are two-story buildings (1).
- b. The Municipal Council--in the fine, large two-story building of the former municipality (Primaria) (2).**
- c. The central post and telegraph offices--in their prewar building between Strada Stalin, Strada Vasile Alecsandri and Strada Alexandru Lahovari. The post office has its main entrance on Strada Stalin and two side entrances through the other two streets. A new single-story building for a parcel post office has been constructed in the yard (22).**
- d. The telephone exchange (23)--in its pre-war single-story building that was constructed by the Americans in 1936 and occupies an area of 400 square meters. It serves about 4,000 subscribers. The telephones in the city are automatic, having four-digit numbers. From the exchange underground cables have been laid at a depth of about 1.5 meters inside one meter-square concrete pipes with 10 centimeter-thick walls which are divided into four compartments. Each of the latter holds a cable of numerous aluminum and brass wires spreading out from the central exchange in various directions. Following are some of the routes of these underground cables:**
- 1) From the telephone exchange to Strada Stalin, and from there branching out in two directions:
    - a) To the Municipal Council;
    - b) To Strada Karl Marx, Bulevardul I. C. Frimu, Strada Remus Opranu, Strada Elena Pavel.
  - 2) From the telephone exchange past Strada Vasile Alecsandri, Strada Costache Negri, Bulevardul Republicii to the new railway station.
  - 3) From the telephone exchange, past Strada Vasile Alecsandri, and Strada Stalin (that continues to the Bariera at the northern entrance to the city), and on to Ovidiu village, which is about eight kilometers from Constanta.
  - 4) From the Strada I. V. Stalin-Bulevardul Republicii junction an underground cable leads to the Mamaia baths.

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- 5) From the Strada I. V. Stalin-Strada Stefan Cel Mare junction a line leads to Basarabi village, 20 kilometers west of Constanta.
- 6) From the I. V. Stalin (former) Strada Take Ionescu junction an underground cable passes I. V. Stalin and Avram Iancu Streets.
- 7) From the telephone exchange past Strada Traian, Strada Ion Luca Caragiale to Soseaua Mangaliei, from which point the cable continues as an overhead line.

In other parts of town, the underground network continues by way of overhead lines. Between seven o'clock in the morning and three in the afternoon, it may take from 15 to 90 minutes to get a telephone connection to Bucharest. In 1957, the equipment of the telephone exchange that had been installed by the Americans some 20 years ago was replaced (no details).

- e. A telephone exchange branch with about 15 booths for local and inter-urban calls is situated on Strada Stalin, corner of Strada Decebal. (24).
- f. Between 1954 and 1958, the construction of the Regional Securitate and Militia building was completed on Bulevardul V. I. Lenin between Turday, Libertatii and Concordiei Streets. This is a U-shaped two-story building with its front 50 meters long, the wings 40 meters long, and the narrow sides 10 meters wide. Entrance for the public is from Bulevardul V. I. Lenin. (55).
- g. The residents registry office (Evidenta Populatiei) of the Regional Militia--in the two-story building of the former Bristol Hotel, opposite the Gorky Park. (30)
- h. The regional and town Law Court and the notary public's office--in the single-story building of the pre-war court on Strada Traian (30)
- i. The regional and town prosecutor's offices--on Strada George Enescu, near the Municipal Council, in a single-story building occupying an area of about 150 square meters (31).
- j. The prison occupies two or three single-story buildings on Strada Stalin opposite the former barracks of the Regimentul 9 Cavalerie. It is used for the detention of convicts with sentences of up to three months only, while other prisoners are transferred to Capul Midea and Pearta Alba. (70).
- k. The Regional Institute for Technical Design (Institutul Regional De Proectare)--in the building which used to house the military club (Cercul Militar) (4).
- l. The Construction Trust for Hydrotechnical and Sanitary Buildings and Installations (Trustul De Constructii Edilitare Si Hidrotehnice) in two two-story buildings on Piata Ovidiu, near the agricultural bank. The headquarters, of labor battalions (DGSM) is also located in one of the two buildings, whose ground floor houses a restaurant and a canteen (12).

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- m. The Regional Construction Trust--in a former private house, a single-story building on Strada Marcu-Aureliu, corner of Strada Dimitrie Cantemir (20).
4. Banks in Constanta:
- a. The State Bank branch (provincial and municipal)--on Strada I. C. Sturza, corner of Piata Ovidiu, in a three-story building which used to house the Marmoros bank and later the National Bank (10).
  - b. The Agricultural Bank--opposite the State Bank in a two-story building about 15 by 10 meters in area, that used to belong to the Hurmuziade family (11).
  - c. The Investment Bank--in the single-story building of the former Credit Bank (Banca de Credit) in Strada Elena Pavel (16).
  - d. The Savings Bank (CEC)--in a single-story (formerly private) house on Strada Stalin, corner of Strada Cuza Voda (69).
5. Medical Institutions
- a. The Regional Department of Sanitation and Epidemiology (SANEPID) and its laboratories--in a former private house, a two-story building approximately 20 by 10 meters in area at 2, Strada Mihail Eminescu (3)
  - b. A hospital for pulmonary tuberculosis--in a single-story (formerly private) house on Strada Traian, near the Law Court (35).
  - c. The municipal hospital--at the junction of Strada Stefan Cel Mare, Strada Avram Iancu, Soseaua Mangaliei and Bulevardul Republicei. It is housed in four old single-story buildings and one two-story building, all of which were constructed in 1880, and one three-story building that was constructed in 1940. This hospital has all the standard wards and has a total of 800 beds (65).
  - d. The children's hospital--in the former Diaconeselor Order hospital a two-story building on Bulevardul Lenin. It has about 300 beds (75)
  - e. The blood bank--in a small single-story building on Strada Maior Giurescu, corner of Strada Decebal (76 or 86).
  - f. The central clinic--in a three-story building that used to house the Social Security Fund (Casa Asigura-Rilor Sociale) on Strada Stefan Cel Mare, corner of Bulevardul Duca (77).
  - g. Constanta has a total of 16 to 20 regional clinics. Following are locations of the most important:
    - 1) In a single-story building, at the corner of Strada Stalin and Strada Ion Ratiu (78).
    - 2) In a single-story building occupying an area of about 200 square meters on Soseaua I. C. Frimu (79).
  - h. The tuberculosis clinic--on Bulevardul Lenin (80).
  - i. The venereal diseases hospital--on Strada Marcu Aureliu, in a two-story private house 250 square meters in area (19).

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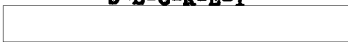
**6. Military Installations**

- a. The administrative departments of the naval headquarters--in a former private building on Strada Nicolae Titulescu (18).
- b. The naval officers' school and a military broadcasting station-- in the old naval officers' school buildings (Scola Navala) on Strada Traian (33), consisting of one two-story building and a number of smaller ones. An aerial 60 to 70 meters high and a number of lower aeriels are installed next to the broadcasting station.
- c. The regional and town Civil Defense Headquarters (ALA) and an underground shelter occupying an area of 700-800 square meters, made of reinforced concrete with a roof one meter thick of the same material are both in the yard of the Sports Palace. The shelter is equipped with air conditioning and telephone and radio communication, and is situated on the continuation of Strada Lake Ionescu, between Stalin and Mircea Cel Batrin Streets (44).
- d. An infantry brigade is stationed in the former Regimental 34 Infanterie barracks on Strada Mircea Cel Batran (45).
- e. A naval division is stationed in its former location on Strada Mircea Cel Batrin (46).
- f. The headquarters military units in the Constanta Province is situated in the single-story building of the former Divizia 9 Infanterie barracks (47).
- g. A mechanized infantry unit is stationed in the former Regimentul 9 Cavalerie barracks on Strada Stalin (48).
- h. A mechanized infantry unit is stationed in the former Regimentul 18 Obuziere barracks (49).
- i. An artillery brigade is stationed opposite the mechanized infantry unit on Strada Stalin, in the former Regimentul 13 Artilerie barracks (50).
- j. The military hospital is still in its pre-war location, a two-story building on Bulevardul Lenin (53). Prior to 1958 this hospital was reserved for Soviet troops and the Rumanian soldiers were hospitalized in a private house on Strada Elena Pavel.
- k. A military unit referred to as Grup Social Militar is stationed in a number of huts opposite the I. C. Frimu power station. It is likely, however, that this is a Frontier Guard unit (57 A).
- l. A Frontier Guard barracks is situated about 600 meters from the Bariera, about 400 meters left of the road, in a two-story building occupying an area of about 800 square meters (84).
- m. A large naval unit is stationed in eight buildings that were erected from 1952 to 1956 on Strada Fulgerului, approximately 800 meters south-southwest of the Frontier Guard unit barracks (85).

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n. Reinforced concrete bunkers are situated along the Black Sea shore, including at the following places:

- 1) Near the former military club (Cercul Militar). The bunker is about 20 meters long and has two entrances (59).
- 2) Near Port Gate No. 1, camouflaged with wooden boards and made to look like a kiosk (60)
- 3) On Strada Smirdan (61)
- 4) On Bulevardul Engels, corner of Strada Decebal (62)
- 5) Near Strada Eroilor (63).

It may be presumed that the bunkers reach as far north as Mamaia and as far south as Mangalia.

- o. A metal structure (which informant thought was a radar station) of lattice work three to four meters high topped by some unknown devices, is situated in the Ville Noi quarter (64).
- p. The regional Military Commissariat (Comisariatul Militar Regional) is located on the first and second floors of a three-story building on Strada Stefan Cel Mare (66), the ground floor of which is occupied by several warehouses of local cooperatives.
- q. The town Military Commissariat is in a single-story building on Bulevardul Republicii, corner of Strada Mihaileanu (67).
- r. Bats serving as a transit camp for new recruits are located near the regional Military Commissariat on Strada Stefan Cel Mare, corner of Strada 6 Martie (68).
- s. A fire brigade barracks and a garage with about six fire engines are located on Strada Mircea Cel Batran, corner of Strada Decebal (73)
- t. The fire brigade headquarters is in a single-story building that was erected in 1954 and 1955 (74).
- u. The offices of the Volunteers' Association in Aid of the Defense of the Motherland (Asociatia Volu tarilor Pentru Sprijinirea Apararii A.V.S.A.P.) are in a small single-story building on Strada Stefan Cel Mare (81).

7. Cultural Institutions

- a. An archeological museum--in the courtyard of the Greek Orthodox cathedral, in the former episcopal palace (Palatul Episcopal), a two-story building about 80 by 10 meters in area (5).
- b. The plastic art department of the archeological museum--on Strada Elena Pavel (15).
- c. The former Casino now serves as a House of Culture and a restaurant (7).
- d. After the war, a fine aquarium was built opposite the Casino (8).

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**8. Hotels:**

- a. The Palas Hotel--in a three-story building on Strada Remus Opreanu (14).
- b. The Constanta Hotel (formerly Regal) occupies the first and second floor of a three-story building on Strada I. V. Stalin, corner of Strada Costache Negri. The ground floor is occupied by the Popular cinema, with about 600 seats (28)
- c. The Victoria Hotel now occupies two floors of the building of the former Grand Hotel on Strada I. V. Stalin, corner of Bulevardul Republicii, while the ground floor houses the Alimentara food store (2).
- d. The Continental Hotel (formerly Carlton)--opposite the Victoria, in a four or five-story building approximately 40 by 10 meters in area. On the ground floor is an elegant restaurant (36).

**9. Schools:**

- a. The Ana Ipatescu high school for boys and girls on Strada Traian is housed in two buildings: an old two-story structure and a new single-story building (21).
- b. The Mircea Cel Batran high school for boys and girls--in a two-story building extending over an area of some 2,000 square meters between Strada Stefan Cel Mare, Strada Mircea Cel Batran, Strada Decabal, and Strada I. V. Stalin (38).
- c. A high school for building technicians--in two buildings that were formerly occupied by the Balcami Inn. The front of the school faces Strada Stefan Cel Mare and the back, Strada Grivitei (71).
- d. The Feldshers and Nurses Schools--in the former Italian Hospital building on Bulevardul Lenin (72).
- e. A high school for accountants--in a former private house, two-story building on Strada Karl Marx (9).

**10. Theater and motion picture theaters (partial list):**

- a. The State Theater--in an auditorium with 600 seats near the former amphitheater. Performances are held daily (39).
- b. The Culture League Theater (Teatrul Ligii Culturale)--in the former musical theater building on Bulevardul Republicii. It has 350-400 seats and has shows three to four times a week (40).
- c. The Naval Theater (Teatrul Marinei), with 300 seats--on Strada Alexandru Lahovari; performances are three times weekly (41).
- d. The Sports Palace, with a hall that holds 3,000 people, was built after World War II in the park of the State Theater (42) and beyond it (43).

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- e. The Popular motion picture theater--in the Gomstanta Hotel building (28)
- f. An open-air motion picture theater, with 2,000 seats was built a few years ago in the Maxim Gorky Park, which is near Strada I. V. Stalin. An underground air raid shelter about 20 meters deep, 8 meters wide and 40 meters long was built in the same park. The shelter is equipped with telephones. Its rooms are 2 meters high and have ceilings and outside walls of one meter-thick reinforced concrete (25).
11. Party and trade union offices:
- a. The Regional Party Committee--on Strada Traian, in a luxurious building that served first as the palace of King Carol I and then as the building of the regional Governor (Prefectura) (32).
- b. The State Printing House--in a former private house, a two-story building on Bulevardul Republicii, almost opposite the Constanta Hotel (37). The paper of the regional Party Committee, Dobrogea News, which appears three to four times a week, is printed there.
- c. The Regional Trade Union Offices---in a two-story building, about 10 by 10 meters in area, on Strada Costache Negri, corner of Strada Negru Voda (87).
12. Following are operational details of Constanta port:
- a. Port Gate No. 1 to the Port is on Bulevardul I. C. Frimu (88).
- b. A small customs station and a Securitate office, which issues entry permits to pedestrians and vehicles as well as permits for the removal of goods from the port, are located in front of the gate and on its right, in a small two-room building (89).
- c. Gate No. 2 is near the Law Court, at the bottom of some 120 steps leading down from Strada Traian to the seashore. This entrance is used by workers and pedestrian visitors only (90).
- d. Gate No. 3 (for vehicles) is on Strada I. L. Caragiale behind the naval school, coming from the town center. There are a customs station and a Securitate office (91).
- e. All former foreign oil companies are now operating under the State Export Company, Petrol Export (92-98).
13. Public utilities and industrial enterprises:
- a. The Filimon Sirbu thermal power station (57) is located on Bulevardul Lenin next to the bus garage of the Town Transportation Office (Intreprinderile Comunale de Transport--I.T.C.) The plant, which operates two 2,500-KW. turbo-generators and produces a 6-KV. current is connected by an overhead high-tension line with the Ovidiu II power station and supplies current to the cities of Constanta and Mamaia by way of underground cables.
- b. The Energia shop for repair of agricultural equipment and casting of machine components is on Soseaua Filimon Sirbu, opposite the new railway station (99).

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- c. The slaughter house is on Soseasa Mangaliei, in a building occupying a fairly large area. It has a cold store and two sausage factories, and is connected by a spur to the railway station (100).
  - d. According to plans, a fruit juice factory with daily output of 20,000 bottles will be established behind the slaughter house (101).
  - e. The Munca sack factory is located in the Filimon Sirbu quarter (102).
  - f. An edible-oil mill is situated on Strada Cerealelor (103).
14. Military installations in the Constanta Region:
- a. A tank unit occupies well-camouflaged positions in a woods to the right of the road from Constanta to Basarabi (4411N-2825E) about 800 m. before the entrance to Valul Lui Traian (4410N-2828E) village.
  - b. A mechanized infantry unit is stationed immediately behind the tank unit in the direction of Valul Lui Traian.
  - c. About 40 huts serving as billets and various services structures are situated opposite Valea Seaca village. The installation is referred to as Grupul Social.
  - d. A large ammunition store, camouflaged in the forest, with a transport detachment and guarded by armored troops, is located about 10 km. from Basarabi, on the left side of the road going to Ostrov.
  - e. Military units are stationed in Fetesti, Cernavoda, and Medgidia.
  - f. A mechanized unit is housed in some 20 small buildings about 1-1.5 km. from Basarabi to the right of the road coming from Constanta.
  - g. Large military hospitals are situated behind the railway station in Vasile Roaita and in the center of Mangalia.
  - h. A hydroplane base with four or five 80 by 30-meter hangars, is located on the shore of Lake Siutghiol in Mamaia Sat about 10 km. north of Mamaia Bai.
  - i. A large Securitate unit guarding the bridges over the Danube and Borcea Rivers is stationed in Cernavoda.
  - j. A Frontier Guard unit is stationed in Tulcea.
  - k. Construction of a military camp was in progress for a long time in Codru village (4450N-2842E).
15. Industrial plants in the Constanta Region:
- a. The Ovidiu II power station, on the shore of Lake Siutghiol, has four 12-KW generating units and 120-atmosphere boilers. It supplies electric current by way of high-tension lines to Constanta and its port as well as to the towns of Medgidia, Cernavoda, Babadag, Turcea, Hirsova, Ostrov, and Mangalia. It has not yet been connected to the national grid.

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- b. A cement factory with six production lines is operating in Medgidia.
- c. Cernavoda has an old cement factory with two production lines.
- d. The IMUM factory (Industria Metalurgica si de Utiliaj-Medgidia) was established in Medgidia in 1949 and 1950. It produces spare parts for agricultural machines and tractors.
- e. A factory for asbestos pipe is situated in Medgida.
- f. The Industria Miniera De Arama, a copper plant, is operating in Altin Tepe (4447N-2836E).
- g. Navodari (4419N-2836E) has a large superphosphate plant employing some 3,000 workers.

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Legend to Town Plan of Constanta

1. Regional Council (Sfatul Popular Regional).
2. Municipal Council (Sfatul Popular Orasenesc).
3. SANEPID department.
4. Regional Technical Planning Institute.
5. Archeological museum.
6. Greek Orthodox Church.
7. House of Culture and restaurant.
8. Aquarium.
9. High school for accountants.
10. State Bank.
11. Agricultural Bank.
12. Construction Trust for Sanitary and Hydrotechnical Buildings and Installations.
13. Apartment house of shipyard workers.
14. Palas Hotel.
15. Plastic art department of the archeological museum.
16. Investment Bank.
17. Elementary school.
18. Administrative department of naval headquarters.
19. Venereal diseases hospital.
20. Regional construction trust and labor units headquarters.
21. Ana Ipatescu high school.
22. Central post and telegraph offices.

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23. Telephone exchange.
24. Telephone exchange branch office.
25. Open-air cinema and air raid shelter (ALA).
26. Regional militia office (residents registration department).
27. Victoria Hotel and Alimentara food store.
28. Constanta Hotel and Popular cinema.
29. Large park (planting still unfinished).
30. Regional and townlaw courts and notary public's office.
31. General prosecution office.
32. Regional Party Committee.
33. Naval officers' school.
34. Control petrol station.
35. Pulmonary tuberculosis hospital.
36. Continental Hotel.
37. Printing house.
38. Mircea Cel Batrin high school.
39. State Theater.
40. League of Culture theater.
41. Naval theater.
42. State Theater park.
43. Sports palace.
44. Underground shelter.
45. Infantry brigade

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46. Naval division (?)
47. Constanta Military District Headquarters.
48. Mechanized infantry unit.
49. Mechanized infantry unit.
50. Artillery brigade.
51. Water works pumping station.
52. Water well of the Rumanian Railways.
53. Military hospital.
54. Military gymnasium.
55. Regional Securitate and militia offices.
56. Bus garage.
57. Filimon Birbu thermal power station.
- 57A. Frontier Guard (?) unit.
58. Hydro-oceanographic institute (Institut Hidroceanografic).
- 59-63. Bunkers along the seashore.
64. Radar station (?).
65. Town hospital.
66. Regional military commissariat.
67. Town military commissariat.
68. Temporary billets for new recruits.
69. Savings Bank (CMB).
70. Prison.
71. High school for reconstruction technicians.
72. Feldshers technical high school.

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73. Fire brigade station.
74. Fire brigade headquarters.
75. Children's hospital.
- (?) 76. Blood bank.
77. Central clinic.
78. Regional clinic.
79. Regional clinic.
80. Tuberculosis clinic.
81. Volunteers' Association in Aid of the Defense of the Motherland (A.V.S.A.P.)
82. Omitted on plan.
83. Mulebreeding farm
84. Frontier Guard barracks.
85. Naval unit.
86. (?) Blood bank.
87. Regional Trade Unions offices.
88. Port Gate No. 1.
89. Port Securitate and customs offices.
90. Port Gate No. 2.
91. Port Gate No. 3.
- 92-98. Petrol-Export installations.
99. Railway station.
100. Slaughter house.
101. Planned site of fruit juice factory.



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- 102. **Mmca factory.**
- 103. **Edible oil mill.**
- 104. **Underground water tank.**

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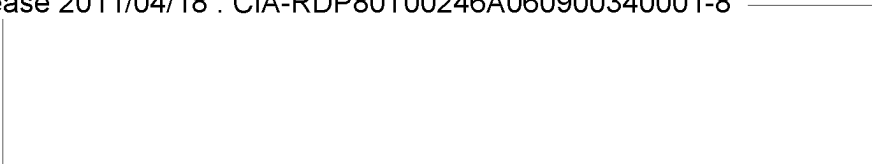
Legend to Town Plan of Constanta


1. Regional Council (Sfatul Popular Regional).
2. Municipal Council (Sfatul Popular Orasenesc).
3. SANEPID department.
4. Regional Technical Planning Institute.
5. Archeological museum.
6. Greek Orthodox Church.
7. House of Culture and restaurant.
8. Aquarium. 50X1-HUM
9. High school for accountants.
10. State Bank.
11. Agricultural Bank.
12. Construction Trust for Sanitary and Hydrotechnical Buildings and Installations.
13. Apartment house of shipyard workers.
14. Palas Hotel.
15. Plastic art department of the archeological museum.
16. Investment Bank.
17. Elementary school.
18. Administrative department of naval headquarters.
19. Venereal diseases hospital.
20. Regional construction trust and labor units headquarters.
21. Ana Ipatescu high school.
22. Central post and telegraph offices.

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23. Telephone exchange.
24. Telephone exchange branch office.
25. Open-air cinema and air raid shelter (ALA).
26. Regional militia office (residents registration department).
27. Victoria Hotel and Alimentara food store.
28. Constanta Hotel and Popular cinema.
29. Large park (planting still unfinished).
30. Regional and townlaw courts and notary public's office.
31. General prosecution office.
32. Regional Party Committee.
33. Naval officers' school.
34. Cometrol petrol station.
35. Pulmonary tuberculosis hospital.
36. Continental Hotel.
37. Printing house.
38. Mircea Cel Batrin high school.
39. State Theater.
40. League of Culture theater.
41. Naval theater.
42. State Theater park.
43. Sports palace.
44. Underground shelter.
45. Infantry brigade

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46. Naval division (?)
  47. Constanta Military District Headquarters.
  48. Mechanized infantry unit.
  49. Mechanized infantry unit.
  50. Artillery brigade.
  51. Water works pumping station.
  52. Water well of the Rumanian Railways.
  53. Military hospital.
  54. Military gymnasium.
  55. Regional Securitate and militia offices.
  56. Bus garage.
  57. Filimon Sirbu thermal power station.
  - 57A. Frontier Guard (?) unit.
  58. Hydro-oceanographic institute (Institut Hidroceanografic).
  - 59-63. Bunkers along the seashore.
  64. Radar station (?).
  65. Town hospital.
  66. Regional military commissariat.
  67. Town military commissariat.
  68. Temporary billets for new recruits.
  69. Savings Bank (CED).
  70. Prison.
  71. High school for reconstruction technicians.
  72. Feldshers technical high school.



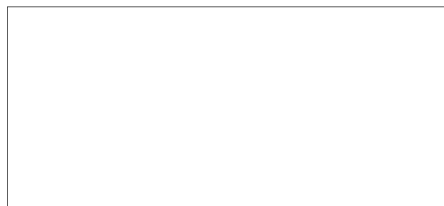
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73. Fire brigade station.
  74. Fire brigade headquarters.
  75. Children's hospital.
  - (?) 76. Blood bank.
  77. Central clinic.
  78. Regional clinic.
  79. Regional clinic.
  80. Tuberculosis clinic.
  81. Volunteers' Association in Aid of the Defense of the Motherland  
(A.V.S.A.P.)
  82. Omitted on plan.
  83. Mulebreeding farm
  84. Frontier Guard barracks.
  85. Naval unit.
  86. (?) Blood bank.
  87. Regional Trade Unions offices.
  88. Port Gate No. 1.
  89. Port Security and customs offices.
  90. Port Gate No. 2.
  91. Port Gate No. 3.
  - 92-98. Petrol-Export installations.
  99. Railway station.
  100. Slaughter house.
  101. Planned site of fruit juice factory.
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50X1-HUM

- 102. Munca factory.
- 103. Edible oil mill.
- 104. Underground water tank.



50X1-HUM

