DDCI'S ARMED FORCES STAFF COLLEGE TALK

19 March 1970

As a former member of the faculty, it gives me great pleasure to come back to the Armed Forces Staff College as a guest speaker and to talk to the 47th Class about the Central Intelligence Agency.

I HOPE YOU FIND THIS SUBJECT INTERESTING. I

AM SURE YOU RECOGNIZE THE GROWING IMPORTANCE OF INTELLIGENCE IN THE MAKING OF NATIONAL DECISIONS. IT

IS POSSIBLE THAT SOME OF YOU WILL BE AFFECTED DIRECTLY
IN FUTURE ASSIGNMENTS, WHEN YOU MAY BE WORKING WITH
CIA, WITH SOME OTHER PART OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY, OR WITH U. S. INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES OVERSEAS. IT WOULD BE HELPFUL FOR YOU, THEREFORE, TO BE
ACQUAINTED WITH THE FUNCTIONS AND ORGANIZATION OF
CIA, ITS RELATIONSHIPS WITH OTHER MEMBERS OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY, WHAT NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE IS
AND HOW IT SERVES THE POLICY-MAKING PROCESS, SOME
EXPOSURE TO THE WIDE VARIETY OF RELATIONSHIPS CIA
HAS WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AND THE MILITARY
SERVICES MIGHT ALSO BE HELPFUL.

THE PLACE CIA OCCUPIES IN OUR NATIONAL SECURITY STRUCTURE AND THE ACTIVITIES IT UNDERTAKES ARE WELL

DEFINED. THE LEGAL BASIS FOR CIA AND THE FUNCTIONS IT PERFORMS IS THE NATIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 1947.

(Slide #1)
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MISSION

THIS STATUTORY AUTHORIZATION—LIKE MANY PUBLIC MANS—IS SET FORTH IN FAIRLY BROAD TERMS. HOWEVER, THE CONGRESS PROVIDED FOR FURTHER DEFINITION AND REFINEMENT OF CIA'S FUNCTIONS. IT SPECIFICALLY DIRECTED CIA "TO MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL FOR THE COORDINATION OF SUCH INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES OF THE DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES OF THE GOVERNMENT AS RELATE TO NATIONAL SECURITY." Upon RECEIVING PRESIDENTIAL APPROVAL, THESE RECOMMENDATIONS ARE ISSUED IN A SERIES OF CLASSIFIED PAPERS CALLED NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL INTELLIGENCE DIRECTIVES. THE NSCIDS ESTABLISH THE FRAMEWORK WITHIN WHICH THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY FUNCTIONS AND THEY DISTRIBUTE ASSIGNMENTS OF RESPONSIBILITY AMONG THE DIFFERENT U.S. INTELLIGENCE AGENCIES.

NSCID #1. ALSO PROVIDES FOR STILL MORE PRECISE ALLOCATION OF RESPONSIBILITIES THROUGH THE ISSUANCE OF DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE DIRECTIVES.

THESE NOW TOTAL MORE THAN 30. I COULD NOT BEGIN TO ACQUAINT YOU WITH ALL THE DETAILS COVERED BY THE NSCIDS AND DCIDS. BUT THE IMPORTANT POINT IS THAT

THEY REPRESENT A MEANS FOR CIA AND THE OTHER INTEL-LIGENCE AGENCIES TO UPDATE AND ADJUST TO THE CHANGING CIRCUMSTANCES, NEEDS AND CHALLENGES FACING THE U.S. INTELLIGENCE.

AS I AM SURE EACH OF YOU KNOWS, OUR EXPERIENCE AT PEARL HARBOR RESULTED IN THE DETERMINATION FOLLOW-ING WORLD WAR II TO ACHIEVE A COORDINATED NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE EFFORT.

To ensure enough coordination so that there will be no important gaps and no undesirable duplication, the National Security Act of 1947 and subsequent Presidential instructions gave the Director of Central Intelligence two personal responsibilities. He is by law the head of the Central Intelligence Agency and, by Presidential order, the Chief Intelligence Officer of the Government. In these capacities, he now acts as principal intelligence advisor to the President and as coordinator of all foreign intelligence activities relating to the National Security interests of the United States. Thus, the Director of Central Intelligence is the head of the U.S. Intelligence Community.

LET'S TAKE A LOOK AT THE COMPOSITION OF THE IN- (Slide #2)

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TELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

THE FIRST ELEMENT MOST PEOPLE THINK OF IN THIS CONTEXT IS THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.

SECOND, THERE IS THE DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE AGENCY, I UNDERSTAND YOU ARE SCHEDULED FOR A PRESENTATION ON DIA, ITS FUNCTIONS, ORGANIZATION AND POSITION WITHIN DOD, AND THE CUSTOMERS IT SERVES.

THE INTELLIGENCE UNITS OF THE ARMY, NAVY, AND AIR FORCE CONTINUE TO SUPPORT THE PARTICULAR MISSIONS OF EACH ONE OF THE SERVICES. MUCH OF THE WORK OF THE THREE SERVICE INTELLIGENCE COMPONENTS IS COORDINATED BY THE DIRECTOR OF DIA.

IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT, THERE IS AN INTELLIGENCE UNIT WHICH SERVES THE SECRETARY OF STATE AND THE POLICY PLANNERS. IN A SENSE ALL OF OUR DIPLOMATIC PERSONNEL ARE INTELLIGENCE GATHERERS. BUT THERE IS ALSO A REQUIREMENT FOR MEN WHO APPLY THEMSELVES PROFESSIONALLY TO THE ANALYSIS OF THAT INFORMATION TO DETERMINE ITS BEARING ON PRESENT AND FUTURE IMPLICATIONS FOR U.S. FOREIGN POLICY.

THE INTELLIGENCE COMPONENT IN THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION HAS A SPECIALIZED CHARTER DEVOTED TO THE

VITAL FIELD OF INTELLIGENCE ON NUCLEAR ENERGY DEVELOP-

A PRIMARY RESPONSIBILITY OF THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION IS THE INTERNAL SECURITY OF THE UNITED STATES, BUT YOU CAN EASILY IMAGINE THE VITAL CONNECTION BETWEEN FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE AND INTERNAL SECURITY. SO THE FBI, TOO, IS A MEMBER OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY. THE FBI AND CIA WORK CLOSELY TOGETHER, BECAUSE THEY ARE BOTH COMBATING AN INTERNATIONAL NETWORK OF COMMUNIST CLANDESTINE OPERATIONS AGAINST THE UNITED STATES, WHOSE OPERATIONS AND AGENTS MOVE BACK AND FORTH BETWEEN THE U.S. AND FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

THESE THEN, EXCEPT FOR THE NSA WHICH IS IN A UNIQUE CATEGORY, ARE THE INDIVIDUAL MEMBERS OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY--CIA, STATE, DIA AND THE SERVICE INTELLIGENCE COMPONENTS, AEC, AND FBI.

In order to round out the picture of the community. I must add a number of what we call "services of common concern." It might be more enlightening to call them National Intelligence Assets. These are activities which serve the entire Government rather than any particular department or agency.

SUCH AN ACTIVITY MAY BE MANAGED, STAFFED AND FUNDED BY ONE AGENCY, BUT ACTUALLY OPERATE DIRECTLY FOR THE ENTIRE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY,

THE OLDEST AND LARGEST OF THESE IS THE NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY. SINCE YOU RECEIVE A SEPARATE LECTURE ON NSA, I WON'T GO INTO DETAIL ABOUT IT.

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OTHER IMPORTANT NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE ASSETS ARE THE NATIONAL PHOTOGRAPHIC INTERPRETATION CENTER, THE BOARD OF NATIONAL ESTIMATES, AND THE FOREIGN BROADCAST INFORMATION SERVICE. AS THE CHART SHOWS, THESE ARE PART OF CIA AND I WILL DISCUSS THEM WHEN I GET TO THE INTERNAL WORKINGS OF THE AGENCY.

Now, ALL THE AGENCIES AND ORGANIZATIONS WHICH MAKE UP THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY ARE TIED TOGETHER, FOR GUIDANCE PURPOSES, BY THE UNITED STATES INTELLIGENCE BOARD, WHICH WE OFTEN REFER TO AS USIB.

(CHART, USIB)

(Slide #3)
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THE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE, BY PRESI
DENTIAL DESIGNATION, IS THE CHAIRMAN OF USIB. THIS,

BY THE WAY, IS ONE PLACE WHERE THE DIRECTOR'S TWO

JOBS--HIS "TWO HATS"--ARE VERY CAREFULLY DIFFERENTI
ATED. WHEN HE CHAIRS THE U.S. INTELLIGENCE BOARD,

HE IS THERE AS THE PRESIDENT'S PRINCIPAL INTELLIGENCE

OFFICER, NOT AS THE HEAD OF CIA. USIB PASSES ON THE

AGREED, COORDINATED JUDGMENTS OF THE ENTIRE INTELLI
GENCE COMMUNITY--WHAT WE CALL "NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE"-
AND IT MIGHT HAMPER THIS FUNCTION IF THE DIRECTOR WERE

SIMULTANEOUSLY TO ACT AS CHAIRMAN AND TO ADVANCE THE

VIEWS OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY. FOR THIS

REASON, CIA HAS SEPARATE REPRESENTATION ON THE BOARD

IN THE PERSON OF THE DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL IN
TELLIGENCE.

THE OTHER PRINCIPALS ARE:

THE STATE DEPARTMENT DIRECTOR OF INTELLIGENCE AND RESEARCH;

THE DIRECTOR OF THE DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE AGENCY:

THE DIRECTOR OF THE NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY;
THE ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER OF THE AEC; AND

THE ASSISTANT TO THE DIRECTOR OF THE FBI.

SINCE THE ESTABLISHMENT OF DIA, THE INTELLIGENCE CHIEFS OF THE ARMY, NAVY AND AIR FORCE ALSO
ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN USIB, BUT AS OBSERVERS
RATHER THAN AS OFFICIAL MEMBERS. THEY RETAIN THE
RIGHT, AND, IN FACT, THE DUTY TO EXPRESS ANY DISSENT
THEY MAY HAVE ON MATTERS UNDER DISCUSSION, AND THIS
IS A FUNCTION THEY DO NOT HESITATE TO PERFORM.

USIB MEETS REGULARLY ONCE A WEEK--SOMETIMES MORE OFTEN. I THINK IT IS IMPORTANT TO EMPHASIZE THAT, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NSCID WHICH ESTABLISHED IT, USIB OPERATES AS AN ADVISORY BODY TO THE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE.

THE USIB IS CONCERNED WITH A WIDE VARIETY OF INTELLIGENCE MATTERS. THE BOARD SETS FORTH--AND PERIODICALLY REVISES--THE NATIONAL PRIORITIES FOR THE GUIDANCE OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY IN CHOOSING INTELLIGENCE TARGETS AND IN ASSIGNING ASSETS TO COVER THESE TARGETS.

THE USIB ALSO REVIEWS IN DRAFT FORM AND IN GREAT DETAIL THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE ESTIMATES AND CERTAIN OTHER REPORTS WHICH THE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE SUBMITS TO THE PRESIDENT AND THE NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL.

As you see from the chart, USIB is supported by a number of specialized committees which function in substantive fields, such as nuclear energy, missile intelligence, and economic intelligence. Other USIB committees provide a means of regular contact and a channel for guidance to certain interagency programs, such as Security, Audio Countermeasures, and the exploitation of defectors.

FROM THIS BRIEF SKETCH OF THE INTELLIGENCE COM-MUNITY, I HOPE YOU CAN PERCEIVE THE CLOSE WORKING RELATIONSHIPS AMONG CIA, DIA, THE SERVICE INTELLIGENCE COMPONENTS, NSA

LET US NOW LOOK INWARDLY AT CIA.

(1A Program

THE PRIMARY FUNCTIONS PERFORMED BY CIA FALL INTO THREE BROAD CATEGORIES:

COLLECTION OF INTELLIGENCE;
COVERT ACTION OPERATIONS; AND
PRODUCTION OF FINISHED INTELLIGENCE.

WE FIND IT CONVENIENT TO DIVIDE CIA'S INTELLIGENCE COLLECTION ACTIVITIES INTO THREE GROUPINGS THAT
REFLECT DIFFERENT MEANS OF ACQUISITION. THE FIRST
IS OVERT COLLECTION WHICH, AS THE NAME SUGGESTS,
COVERS INFORMATION SECURED BY OPEN OR NONCLANDESTINE

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MEANS. OVERT COLLECTION INCLUDED THE MONITORING OF	
FOREIGN RADIOS, SUCH AS RADIO MOSCOW, RADIO PEKING.	
AND THE VOICE OF THE ARABS IN CAIRO. THIS IS DONE	
BY THE FOREIGN BROADCAST INFORMATION SERVICE, WHICH	
STILL ANOTHER TYPE OF OVERT COLLECTION CONSISTS	
OF THE DESCRIPEMENT THROUGH OPEN CHANNELS OF FOREIGN	

STILL ANOTHER TYPE OF OVERT COLLECTION CONSISTS

OF THE PROCUREMENT, THROUGH OPEN CHANNELS, OF FOREIGN

PUBLICATIONS, INCLUDING NEWSPAPERS, BOOKS, SCHOLARLY

JOURNALS, MAPS AND UNCLASSIFIED DOCUMENTS.

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WITHOUT REGARD TO OFFICIAL POLICIES OR OBJECTIVES OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT, AND SOMETIMES IN DIAMETRIC OPPOSITION TO THOSE POLICIES.

THIS IS NOT AT ALL THE CASE. THE FACT IS THAT WHENEVER THE CIA CARRIES OUT A COVERT ACTION OPERATION OVERSEAS. IT IS WITH THE PRIOR APPROVAL OF THE HIGHEST, LEVELS OF THE GOVERNMENT.

WHILE WE ARE ON THE SUBJECT OF SUPERVISION OF AGENCY ACTIVITIES I WOULD LIKE TO SAY THAT, CONTRARY TO THE GENERAL IMPRESSION, CIA IS SUBJECT TO RESPONSIBLE AND AUTHORITATIVE SUPERVISION ON A CONTINUING BASIS BY INSTRUMENTS OF BOTH THE EXECUTIVE AND LEGISLATIVE BRANCHES OF THE GOVERNMENT. IN THE SENATE AND HOUSE THIS IS EXERCISED BY SPECIAL SUBCOMMITTEES OF THE APPROPRIATIONS AND ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEES. IN THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH CIA IS UNDER CLOSE SCRUTINY OF THE PRESIDENT'S FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE ADVISORY BOARD, THE BUREAU OF THE BUDGET, AND THE VARIOUS COMMITTEES OF THE NEW NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL SYSTEM. THESE COMMITTEES PROVIDE AN EFFECTIVE MECHANISM FOR THE INTEGRATION OF THE AGENCY'S ACTIVITIES WITH OTHER OVERSEAS OPERATIONS OF OUR GOVERNMENT.

THE THIRD PRIMARY MISSION OF CIA IS TO PRODUCE

NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AND TO PROVIDE FOR ITS DISSEM-

INATION .

THIS SLIDE SHOWS SOME OF THE MORE IMPORTANT FIN- (Stide #5)
Production
ISHED INTELLIGENCE PRODUCTS ISSUED BY CIA. THESE IN- OF NO. 7'/
CLUDE BOTH INTELLIGENCE ANALYSES PREPARED SOLELY WITHIN

CIA AND OTHERS PRODUCED WITH THE ASSISTANCE OF THE OTHER

MEMBERS OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE ESTIMATES ARE OF THE LATTER TYPE. To THOSE OF YOU WHO ARE NOT FAMILIAR WITH THE NIES, THEY ARE THE BLUE-COVERED PAPERS WHERE, BY USING OUR PRESENT KNOWLEDGE OF A SITUATION AND EXISTING DATA AS A BASE LINE, WE TRY TO LOOK INTO THE FUTURE AND TO ESTIMATE WHAT IS GOING TO HAPPEN IN SOME PARTICULAR COUNTRY OR ON SOME PARTICULAR TOPIC.

MANY NIES COVER FAIRLY STANDARD TOPICS SUCH AS.

"THE OUTLOOK IN COUNTRY A OR AREA B." HERE WE LOOK
AHEAD TWO OR THREE YEARS AND DEAL WITH BROAD TRENDS AND
EXPECTED LINES OF POLICY IN THE COUNTRY OR AREA IN
QUESTION.

ANOTHER GROUP OF NIEs are MORE SPECIALIZED PAPERS ON THE SOVIET MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT. THESE ESTIMATES ARE BUILT ON A SOLID BASE OF EVIDENCE: THEY GO INTO GREATER DETAIL AND GENERALLY LOOK AHEAD FOR PERIODS

UP TO FIVE YEARS. THE PRINCIPAL ONES FOCUS ON THE USSR'S STRATEGIC ATTACK FORCES, AIR DEFENSE CAPABILITIES, AND GENERAL PURPOSE FORCES. THE PRODUCTION OF THREE ANNUAL PAPERS ON THESE TOPICS IS TIMED TO ASSIST IN THE PLANNING OF DEFENSE FORCE LEVELS AND BUDGETS:

A THIRD TYPE IS THE SPECIAL NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE ESTIMATE, OR SNIE, WHICH IS COMPOSED OF AD HOC PAPERS ON IMPORTANT QUESTIONS OF THE MOMENT, SUCH AS THE EXPECTED REACTION TO SOME PROPOSED—BUT AS YET <u>UNAPPROVED—COURSE</u> OF ACTION BY THE U.S. As a purely hypothetical example, a SNIE might assess the reaction if the U.S. WERE TO INTERVENE IN SOME CARIBBEAN COUNTRY. THE SNIE'S ARE USUALLY REQUESTED BY SOME POLICY—MAKER. AS YOU CAN SEE, THE SNIES GET INTO SOME PRETTY SENSITIVE MATTERS.

ALL OF THE NATIONAL ESTIMATES ARE DRAFTED BY THE OFFICE OF NATIONAL ESTIMATES WHICH IS PART OF CIA, BUT THEY ARE TRULY NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE ESTIMATES. THEY MUST THEREFORE, REFLECT THE CONSIDERED JUDGMENT OF THE ENTIRE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY. THIS IS ENSURED THROUGH THE PARTICIPATION OF ALL APPROPRIATE ELEMENTS OF THE COMMUNITY, THROUGH CONTRIBUTION OF FACTS AND JUDGMENTS, IN THE REVISING OF THE PAPERS IN DRAFT, AND REVIEW BY THE U.S. INTELLIGENCE BOARD OF THE FINAL PRODUCT. THE OBJECTIVE OF EACH ESTIMATE IS A CAREFUL AND THOUGHTFUL SET OF JUDGMENTS WHICH WILL BE OF THE GREATEST POSSIBLE ASSISTANCE TO THE POLICYMAKER AND PLANNER®

THERE IS A SERIES OF PAPERS WHICH SUPPLEMENT THE ESTIMATES ON SOVIET MILITARY FORCES CALLED NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE PLANNING PROJECTIONS. THESE PROJECTIONS ARE WRITTEN BY CIA TOGETHER WITH DIA FOR THE USE OF THE LONG-RANGE PLANNERS IN THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE. IN THESE PROJECTIONS, THE ESTIMATORS ARE CALLED UPON TO COME UP WITH OUT BEST INFORMED JUDGMENT ON JUST HOW MANY NUCLEAR SUBMARINES OR MEDIUM-RANGE BOMBERS, OR INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC

MISSILES, THE SOVIET UNION COULD HAVE IN, SAY 1978 OR 1980, ON THE BASIS OF PAST PERFORMANCE AND DEPENDING ON HOW THEY ALLOCATE THEIR RESOURCES. PROJECTIONS THIS FAR INTO THE FUTURE LEAVE THE CURRENT BASE OF EVIDENCE FAR BEHIND AND ARE, IN EFFECT, OUTLINES OF POSSIBLE DETAILED PLANS FOR THE SOVIET DEFENSE ESTABLISHMENT SEVERAL YEARS BEFORE THE ACTUAL DECISIONS HAVE BEEN MADE BY THE RUSSIANS.

THE NEXT CATEGORY OF FINISHED INTELLIGENCE IS

CURRENT INTELLIGENCE. MOST OF YOU ARE PROBABLY FAMILIAR WITH CURRENT INTELLIGENCE. IT IS DESIGNED

TO ENSURE THAT THE DECISION MAKER IS WELL INFORMED

ON THE BASIS OF THE LATEST AVAILABLE INFORMATION

FROM ALL SOURCES, ON SIGNIFICANT WORLD DEVELOPMENTS
WHICH MAY AFFECT THE INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

IT IS ALSO DESIGNED TO ALERT THE POLICY MAKER TO AN
INCIPIENT CRISIS. CIA MAINTAINS AN OPERATIONS CENTER WHICH IS MANNED AROUND THE CLOCK SEVEN DAYS
A WEEK. THIS MAKES IT POSSIBLE TO ALERT OUR PEOPLE
TO PRODUCE SPOT CURRENT INTELLIGENCE OR TAKE APPROPRIATE ACTION ON A 24-HOUR BASIS IN CRITICAL
SITUATIONS. THE OPERATIONS CENTER IS ALSO CONNECTED

BY RAPID AND SECURE COMMUNICATIONS TO THE NATIONAL MILITARY COMMAND CENTER IN THE PENTAGON, THE STATE DEPARTMENT OPERATIONS CENTER AND THE WHITE HOUSE SITUATION ROOM.

CURRENT INTELLIGENCE HAS OFTEN BEEN COMPARED TO A NEWSPAPER. I BELIEVE THERE IS ONE SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCE. CIA'S CURRENT INTELLIGENCE IS PRODUCED BY A GROUP OF ANALYSTS WHO ARE EXPERTS IN THEIR FIELDS AND WHO HAVE ALL SOURCES OF INFORMATION OPEN TO THEM, INCLUDING EXPERTS IN SPECIALIZED DISCIPLINES SUCH AS ECONOMICS, FOREIGN TRADE, OR TECHNICAL WEAPONS DEVELOPMENTS. CIA'S CURRENT INTELLIGENCE IS DISSEMINATED IN DAILY AND WEEKLY PUBLICATIONS, SPECIAL MEMORANDA, AND SITUATION REPORTS ON CRISIS TOPICS.

Another type of intelligence production comprises the <u>research study</u>. These studies cover a wide variety of topics—for example, an analysis of the various sectors of the Soviet economy, the oil industry in Iran,

The studies are often produced in response to specific requests from the White House, the Secretaries of State and Defense, or their senior officers.

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FINALLY, OUR PRODUCTION INCLUDES WHAT WE CALL BASIC INTELLIGENCE. THIS IS A DURABLE TYPE OF BREAD-AND-BUTTER FACT YOU FIND IN THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE SURVEY--THE RAILROAD SYSTEM, THE CAPACITY OF THE PORTS, THE POLICE MACHINERY, THE MILITARY FORCES OF A PARTICULAR COUNTRY. AS THE NAME IMPLIES, THE NIS IS THE RESULT OF A WIDE COLLABORATION OF DIFFERENT PARTS OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

THESE ACTIVITIES—INTELLIGENCE COLLECTION, COVERT ACTION, AND INTELLIGENCE PRODUCTION—ARE CIA'S BASIC MISSIONS. WE ALSO PERFORM A NUMBER OF RELATED ACTIVITIES IMPORTANT TO OTHER AGENCIES, AS WELL AS TO THE CIA, BUT THESE ACTIVITIES ARE IN SUPPORT OF OUR BASIC MISSIONS. THEIR RELATIONSHIP WILL BECOME CLEAR AS WE LOOK AT THE ORGANIZATION OF CIA.

CIA IS DIVIDED INTO FOUR PRINCIPAL GROUPINGS—
REFERRED TO AS DIRECTORATES—AND SEVERAL STAFF OR
SPECIAL FUNCTIONS. THE HEADS OF WHICH REPORT DIRECTLY
TO THE DIRECTOR. AN EXAMPLE OF THE LATTER IS THE
OFFICE OF NATIONAL ESTIMATES WHICH I REFERRED TO
EARLIER. THE TWO BOXES ON THE UPPER RIGHT OF THIS
CHART REPRESENT ELEMENTS WHICH ASSIST THE DIRECTOR
OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE IN HIS DUTIES AS COORDINATOR

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of U.S. FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES.

Now for the Directorates, the DDI, or <u>intelligence Directorate</u>, is the principal producer of finished substantive intelligence. The Directorate of Intelligence also is responsible for overt intelligence collection.

THE NATIONAL PHOTOGRAPHIC INTERPRETATION CENTER, WHICH I REFERRED TO EARLIER, IS ADMINISTERED BY THE INTELLIGENCE DIRECTORATE IN CLOSE COLLABORATION WITH THE DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE AGENCY AND IS JOINTLY STAFFED BY THE TWO AGENCIES. AS THE NAME SUGGESTS, THE NPIC EXAMINES FILMS IN DETAIL AND ANALYZES AND INTERPRETS THE PHOTOGRAPHY AND OTHER IMAGERY. THE WORK OF THE NPIC FEEDS INTO AND SUPPORT INTELLIGENCE PRODUCTION THROUGHOUT THE COMMUNITY.

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GENCE ON THE S&T CAPABILITIES OF FOREIGN NATIONS.

THIS DIRECTORATE ALSO HOUSES OUR CENTRAL ELECTRONIC

COMPUTER CENTER.

THE FOURTH DIRECTORATE IS THE <u>Support Directorate</u>, which embraces the Support Services, such as security, communications, training, personnel, finance, Logistics, printing and the housekeeping functions.

I DISCUSSED EARLIER CIA'S EXTENSIVE COLLABORATION IN THE INTELLIGENCE FIELD WITH DIA AND THE MILITARY INTELLIGENCE COMPONENTS, THROUGH THE U.S. INTELLIGENCE BOARD AND ITS MACHINERY, AND THROUGH THE DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR COORDINATION OF FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES.

Another area of collaboration is CIA's role in support of military operations. During "peace time." Cia regularly supports the military services and receives, in turn, assistance in a variety of fields. As you might expect, this cooperation is expanded under general war and contingency situations.

THE RELATIONSHIP, UNDER HOT WAR CONDITIONS, IS DEFINED BY A DOD-CIA AGREEMENT OF AUGUST 1957

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