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25X1	2/22/62/	
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25X1	was then sworn as a witness by	
	Judge Prettyman	
	MR. HOUSTON: Would you identify yourself?	
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25X1

5X1	2/22/62,	
25X1	Chief of Intelligence Staff,	
	Development Division, CIA.	
5X1	MR. HOUSTON: I have here a document. Would you	
	examine it and tell me whether you are familiar with that document?	
25X1	then examined a document Mr. Mouston	
	handed to him	
5X1	Yes, sir, I am.	
	MR. HOUSTON: Does that document come within your custodian	
	responsibilities?	
5X1	Yes, sir.	
	MR. HOUSTON: As an Intelligence Officer	
5X1	Yes, sir.	
	MR. HOUSTON: would you tell us what that document is?	
5X1	It's a cable from which is a registered	25X1
	cryptonym for Lockheed Aircraft Corporation. It is to the Director of	
	CIA for the attention of Mr. James Cumningham and Colonel Geary from	
	Kelly Johnson, who is Vice President of Lockheed Aircraft Corporation.	
	MR. HOUSTON: What is the nature of the communication?	
25X1	It is Er. Johnson's conclusions after his discussion	
	with Mr. Powers concerning the incident which occurred during his flight of	
	l May.	
	MR. HOUSTON: Mr. Johnson has seen Mr. Powers and discussed	
	the .cid with hi	
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25X1	Yes, sir.	
1 .	the U-2 Project.	
25X1	MR. HOUSTON: you were assigned as a pilot to	
	States Air Force.	
25X1	United	
	FR. HOUSTON: Can you identify yourself for the record?	
	Judge Prettyman	
25X1	was then sworn as a witness by	
•		
•	Are there any further questions?	
	does not have the cable address and other items which are of a classified nature.	
	MR. HOUSTON: The text we would like to put in the record	
	part of this record	
	• • • • The document was then marked Exhibit 17and made a	
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Marked Exhibit 17.	
	of it.	
	MR. HOUSTON: Judge, I would like to text this cable part	
	and received the same day.	
25X1	The date of the cable is 21 February 1962, sent	
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: When was this cable sent and received?	
25X1	2/22/62	

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25X1		2/22/62/	
		MR. HOUSTON: And you were stationed in Adama?	
25X1		Yes, sir.	
		MR. HOUSTON: From when to when?	
25X1		From the period October 7, I believe, 1957	
		until approximately 29 July 1960.	
		MR. HOUSTON: Did you fly operational missions in the U-2?	
25X1	a. 1	Yes, sir.	
		MR. HOUSTON: Did you fly any overflights to Soviet Russia?	
25X1		There was some discussion on that. As such,	
		no, sir.	
		MR. HOUSTON: How many mission have you flown?	
25X1		I believe it was something on the order of	
		17 missions operational missions. I could be off there, sir.	
		MR. HOUSTON: Were you informed of the mission that was to be	
		flown about the end of April 1960?	
25X1		Yes, sir.	
		MR. HOUSTON: Tell me what you were told? How were you informed?	
25X1		I was alerted for a ferry mission into Pakistan	
		and this was - the purpose of this was to ferry a U-2 operational airplane	
		to Mr. Powers at Pashawar. The flight was at night late taking off and	
		after arriving there I was put on a back-up standby for Mr. Powers on his	
		flight of May 1.	
		MR. NOUSTON: That meant you might be chosen for the mission	
		instead of Mr. Powers if there was any reason why he couldn't fly?	
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25X1	2/22/62/	
25X1	Yes, sir.	
	MR. HOUSTON: Were you then, as back-up pilot, briefed on the	
	mission?	
25X1	Yes, sir.	*
	MR. HOUSTON: Were you also briefed on the policy which applies	
	in case anything happens to the mission and you fell into Russian hands?	
25X1	I had been briefed much earlier on this situation, sir.	
	MR. HOUSTON: Tell us how you were briefed?	
25X1	I was instructed that I was to, if at all possible	
	MR. HOUSTON: Will you tell us how you were briefed?	
25X1	By reading and initialing, I believe the formal	
	letter and discussion within a group of the U-2 pilots and our commander.	
	MR. HOUSTON: And your understanding was that if you were	
	captured	
25X1	That if I were captured I was not to withhold any	
	information with the exception of try to hold down on the altitude capabilities	
	of the airplane and the range. The rest of the information as far as the	
	CIA, our employer, anything on this order was completely above board.	
	MR. HOUSTON: Were there any special briefings in connection	
	with this mission or any unusual aspects that you recall?	
25X1	Special briefings as far as navigational aids,	
	the flight of the mission.	
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	of it would be easy. I think we were both adequately briefed as far as	
	attempt which one was going to be the easiest and I'm quite sure none	
	and of course there was the possibility of which border crossing we might	
	a year and a half, or even two years it might take to walk out of the USSR,	
	we were concerned with water and maintaining health during a trek of possibly	
	geography of the land, how are we going to live off the land." Particularly	
	areas. What were we going to use for food, and through a study of the	
	do and look for and if at all possible to remain clear of towns or populated	
	along the mission route and this was more or less a situation where one might say, "Now which way am I going to go from this point? What am I going to try to	
	evasion, of course, if we were to go down in any portion of the country	
25X1	We were primarily concerned with escape and	
05)/4	MR. HOUSTON: Tell us the nature of your conversation.	
25X1	Yes, sir.	
	MR. HOUSTON: You had talked with Mr. Powers?	
25X1	Yes, sir.	
	capture by the Soviets?	
	at that time the possibility of a failure of the mission and resulting	
	MR. HOUSTON: Did you discuss with Mr. Powers or anyone else	
	get these.	
	previous briefings on the mission, which I am quite certain he did, I didn't	
	went over the navigational route, and the briefings together and if he had	
25X1	Yes, after I arrived at Pashawar. He and I	
	MR. HOUSTON: Did you get the same briefing as Mr. Powers got?	
25X1	2/22/62/	
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25X1		2/22/62/	
		escape and evasion tactics, we knew that if we were captured why then we	
		might be able to bargain with the information for our lives.	
		MR. HOUSTON: You discussed specifically this possibility?	
25X1		Yes, sir.	
		MR. HOUSTON: Make it a little more clear exactly what you	
		mean if you felt in danger you would, by volunteering information, bargain	
		for your lives?	
25X1		Well, sir, we had both been through the survival	
		course of the United States Air Force, and through training there, I think	
		we had both confirmed in our own minds that under duress a man cannot withhold	
		information even if he wants to. With drugs and certain procedures that we	
		found out in Korea, it is impossible to withhold information, thereby, if	
		under possession of our own wits we could divulge any of this information, if	
		asked, and be able to withhold some of the more important taings such as	
		range and altitude of the airplane then we might not be asked some	
		other questions.	
		MR. HOUSTON: Were you in possession of any other information	
	•	which you knew was regarded as sensitive besides the plane's performance,	
		such as other flights that would be of interest to the Russians and would	
		cause propaganda or embarrassment to this country?	
25X1		Possibly previous U-2 missions?	
		MR. NOUSTON: Yes.	
25X1		Yes, sir.	
			-
			25X1

25X1

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25X1	2/22/62,	
	MR. HOUSTON: And did you talk about whether you would try	
	to withhold information on those?	
25X1	I think not, sir.	
	MR. HOUSTON: In other words, what I am trying to get at, you	
	knew the altitude and the range were considered something to be protected.	
25X1	Yes, sir.	
	MR. HOUSTON: And was there other information which crossed	
	your mind that you also would protect?	
	MR. BROSS: May I ask if any particular emphasis is put on	
	the camera equipment as a sensitive area that you weren't supposed to talk	
	about?	
25X1	No, sir.	
	COL. GEARY: Were you completely familiar with all the inner	
	workings and mechanisms and the capabilities of the camera? Would you have	
	considered yourself qualified to talk on the capabilities of this camera?	
25X1	No, sir, I would not. I knew what the	
	camera could do. I had seen training mission results of the product but	
	so far as what an intelligence photo interpreter might gain from photographs,	
	I could not.	
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Are you a camera mechanic?	
25X1	No, sir.	
	GENERAL BULL: When you and Powers were talking this over with	
	your Commander, did you, of your on volition, in your exchange of ideas	
		25X1
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25X1	2/22/62/	
	develop any other category like the illustration of the plane's altitude	
	capabilities any other category of intelligence that you felt of your	
	own accord you would protect like personnel involved, foreign country	
	involvements?	
25X1	Not to my knowledge, sir. As I recall there was	
	no other highly classified information at that time. Granted, all of it	
	was classified and we regarded it as such. The two things that I was	
	primarily interested in were the altitude capability of the aircraft and	
	the range. We felt that if we could protect these then we might have a	
	future to continue to work.	
	MR. HOUSTON: Another subject I would like to bring up is	
25X1	that has read this report from Mr. Johnson. I asked him to	
	read it since he is knowledgeable of the plane and its technical aspects. I	
	wonder if the Board would like any description of this message.	
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Speaking just for myself, I don't know that	
	any elucidation of the whold thing would, but the definitions of some of the	
	terms in here would be helpful. Some of the questions I might ask him would	
	be pretty elementary because I know nothing about it.	
25X1	MR. HOUSTON: you have read this, and speaking	
	maybe from the picture up there [pointing to a picture of the U-2] could	
	you describe your understanding of what Mr. Johnson thought happened?	
	JUDGE PRETTYPAN: He speaks of "down-bending" of the wings	
25X1	Down-bending of the wings from a portion outboard	
		25X1
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of the fuselage of the aircraft would mean toward the ground as the airplane is flying. Normal bending of the wings flexing from the fuselage is in an upward direction, toward the sky -- toward the blue as you see here [indicating on the photograph of the U-2].

JUDGE PRETTYMAN: I have to ask some question that are pretty amaturish and probably don't make any sense but I do want to understand what that fellow was saying. Do those wings bend in normal operation?

Yes they do. They are not rigid as one might say "the stick is rigid". They are built hollow and these wings flex. This is normal. We design aircraft like this for the simple reason we like to carry fuel out in these cells that we have installed in a hollow wing. Due to the fact that something that is hollow does not have rigidity then we expect it to flex. This in turn takes up some of the positive G-loading on the fuselage and the aircraft itself. You weigh, sir, 1-G sitting where you are and I wiegh 1-G standing where I am. With centrifical force which can either make you weigh twice as much, which we call 2-G; three times as much which we call 3-G and so on. Negative G means that you don't weigh but half as much with half a G or that you weigh zero with a minus 1-G. An aircraft in flight weighs 1-G normally in straight and level flight. As you would swing a bucket of water around your head and the water remains in an open bucket, you have to create more than one G for the water to stay in the bucket as it is on the top of its arc. As it comes around it weighs more than one G because of centrifical force.

JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Now I understand that. How come back to

.

25X1

25X1

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25X1	2/22/62/
	the down-bending then of these wings is a normal incident to flight.
25X1	Yes, sir, it is. Up-bending is a normal incident
	of flight and the wings will flex. Now don-bending in a straight and
	level flight is not normal for this particular airplane or any airplane.
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Now we have gotten this far. The down-bending
	is not normal incident to flight.
25X1	No, sir.
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Now what would cause down-bending?
25X1	There are several phenomona that might cause
	down-bending. Vertical currents of air as the aircraft is traveling through
	one sea of air and moves into another sea of air that might be moving in an
	opposite direction, the aircraft would have a tendency to go in the direction
	of this other moving sea of air. As you may or may not realize there are
	air currents that move in opposite directions or at different speeds to one
	another very much like the Gulf Stream moving in the Atlantic Ocean.
	JUDGE PRETTYNAN: A vertical current of air would cause the
	wings to down-bend.
25X1	Slightly, sir, very slightly. In a heavy
	turbulance of air these wings might bend more.
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Are the wings built straight through the plane,
	or are the wings attached on to the fuselage?
25X1	The wings are tacked on to the fuselage.
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Then when they bend they bend from the contact

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25X1	2/22/62		
	point of the fuselage.		
25X1	Yes, sir.		
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Now I suppose too much down-bend - I suppose		
	too much up-bend too but too much down-bend and those wings would tear off.		
25X1	Yes, sir, but not necessarily at the point at which		
	they were tacked on to the fuselage. There might be a portion very close to		
	the fuscinge that might be weaker than the actual attaching point.		
	JUDGE PREFITMAN: I suppose in any airplane the wings might		
	possibly down-bend.		
25X1	This is true.		
20/(1	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Is this U-2 more subject to a down-bending		
	of the wings than other planes in this sort of use?		
25X1	Yes, sir, quite a lot. As a matter of fact for		
	our normal reconnaisance work we have always used a modified fighter type		
	sircraft which is stressed somewhere in the neighborhood of seven positive		
	Gis allowable that the pilot may actually put on the sirplane and approximately		
, 	a minus four G's.		
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: You say he might put on the airplane. How does		
	he do this?		
25X1	Turning, pulling up, pushing over. He can do		
	this allowable and still not have the airplane come apart.		
	Well, sir, this happens to be a very unique airplane in		
	this portion and it is limited to a positive three G-s allowable. During		
	my experience with the airplane I treated the airplane like I would a feather.		
	The same of the sa		
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25X1	2/22/62
	I was very careful with it and I highly respected it. Although it does have
	those characteristics it might come apart with very little positive G and
	even less negative G.
	MR. HOUSTON: You mentioned one way of doing this was running
	into a sudden down current.
25X1	Yes, sir.
	MR. HOUSTON; Also, of course, any force exerted from below on
	Tall Modern Many of Company and Control of the Company of Company and Company of Company
	the fuselage there would be the resistance to the wings causing down-bend.
25X1	This is true, such as in a landing. This airplane
	uses two landing years and lands just like a bicycle rolls on the ground.
	Mach and Trainfield Court and Traine Area marie a stalland remain and the property
	Once flying speed is lost a wing will drop and touch the skids on either
	side of the wings themselves. If the airplane happened to be dropped
lala de la composición dela composición de la composición de la composición de la composición dela composición dela composición dela composición de la composición dela	
	in other words, flown to a complete stall at which the airplane is no longer
	flying fairly high above the ground and then hit on these two skids the wings
	might break or the gear would come through the fuselage.
	JUDGE PRESTANAN: How about un air pocket?
25.74	
25X1	Sir, there are no air pockets. This is what I
	tried to explain to you as a virtical current and that is what you would
	normally associate with an air pocket.
	months and the second of the s
	Another thing that might teer an airplane apart, and with
	this down-bending peculiarity to this type of aircraft and the delicate
	balance, is the tail of the aircraft which is comprised of a horizontal
	stabilizer on either side of the fuselage and the vertical stabilizer.
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25X1	2/22/62	
	JUDGE PRETTY/AN: Now that horizontal stabilizer is what	
	Mr. Johnson calls a horizontal tail.	
25X1	Yes, sir, that is correct.	
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: How is that one piece that goes all through	
	the plane, or is there a right and a left?	
25X1	There is a right and a left one.	
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Say the right horizontal tail was torn off.	
	What would cause that to be torn off?	
25X1	An increase in air speed, turbulance, exceeding the	
	design limits of the aircraft. On this particular aircraft we know that this	
	portion of the aircraft will fail first findicating the horizontal stabilizers	
	in the photograph of the U-2,7, or it will bend and once this has been altered	
	it no longer works mechanically correct.	
	MR. HOUSTON: Other things that might do it would be some sort	
	of internal failure or explosion or an outside force other than turbulance.	
25X1	Yes, this is quite true. If this does fail	
	and the tail does come off I say the tail either the right or left tail	
	the pilot no longer can maintain control of the aircraft.	
	MR. HOUSTON: Then what does the aircraft do?	
25X1	The aircraft characteristically will pitch forward	
	and with the stress, this down-bending of the wings, and from that point on	
	I really don't know what the airplane is really liable to do.	
	MR. MOUSTON: When it noces over quite rapidly it is just the	
	opposite of centrifical position when you pull up.	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
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I'm not certain that he could do that. Once he has lost the tail he can no longer maintain control of the aircraft either in a yawing motion left and right, or a pitching motion up or down, or in a longitudinal motion, left and right. To turn you must maintain longitudinal flight, meaning level, which is the direction the airplane is going. To be able to control the airplane he still has to maintain control of this. If he loses control of either direction there is not much telling what it is going to do. It is an act of God. JUDGE PRETYMAN: Now, Mr. Johnson says in none of the pictures was there evidence to show that the horizontal tail was recovered.	25X1
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has lost the tail he can no longer maintain control of the aircraft either	
25X1 I'm not certain that he could do that. Once he	
MR. HOUSTON: He could still control.	
25X1 aircraft no response whatsoever.	
Withdraw and the bag we flow them control of the	
and he pulled on the stick what would happen?	
immediately noticed, or say the plane then started down as it would do,	
25X1 JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Now if the horizontal fin come off and he	
and this changes.	
JUDGE PRETTYMAN: In other words, he pulls something or other	
25X1 Yes, sir.	
is to permit the pilot to control the plane up or down.	
JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Now the use of course of the horizontal tail	
25X1 2/22/62 <u> </u>	

25X1	2/22/62	
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: What does it mean?	
25X1	It means we have seen no pictures of the	
	horizontal tail.	
·	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: He means that there is nothing to show that	
	the horizontal tail was recovered. He indicates this horizontal tail	
	came off.	
25X1	Yes, sir.	
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: When he says "horizontal tail" does he	
	mean right and left?	
	CAPT. SHINN: Yes, sir.	
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Here's what he said, "In none of the pictures	
	was there evidence to show that the horizontal tail was recovered." That	
	means either one of them?	
25X1	Yes.	
. **	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Now then he says, "Shows clearly that the left	
	horizontal surface broke off in up-bending."	
25X1	Yes, sir.	
. •	JUDGE PREITYMAN: What does he mean by that?	
25X1	As you would bend and break a piece of metal of	
	high tensile strength, it would clearly reveal and hold its jagged edges	
•	in the same direction in which it broke. Do you agree?	
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: I don't know a thing in the world about it.	
	You are teaching me. Don't ask me. Whathe means is that the photograph shows	
	a jagged edge on the rear part of the fuselage, right	
25X1	Yes, sir.	
		25X ²
	TOP SECRET	25X ²
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	JUDGE PRETTYMAN:where the left horizontal tail would have	
	been.	
25X1	Yes, sir, that is the best way	
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: That photograph shows a jagged edge.	
25X1	It must.	
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: And by looking at that an expert can tell	
	by the shape of that edge that the tail came off due to an up-bend.	
25X1	Yes, sir.	
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Now he said, "It also appears from the position	
	of the aft end of the fuselage in a corner that the right section of the	
	stabilizer is also missing." Now what does all that mean? Translate that	
	into English.	
25X1	All right, sir.	
	JUDGE PRETTIMAN: "The position of the aft end of the fuselage"	
	I'm all right on that. That means the hind end.	
25X1	We normally say anywhere aft of the wing is normally	
	considered to be the aft section of the aircraft. Now he says that in	
	looking at the aft section	
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: aft section in the corner.	
25X1	I think he possibly means down in the corner of	
	the photograph.	
	MR. HOUSTON: We haven't got this in evidence, but if you would	
	like to see it we have a picture that could explain this. We could probably	
	put this photograph in the record and have it available for you to look at.	
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Mark it for identification now and we will	
		25X1
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		25X1

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	identify it later.	
	A black and white photograph was then marked	
	Exhibit 18 and made a part of the record	
	MR. HOUSTON: The picture was taken in Moscow. You see, this	
	is the tail end of the plane with the vertical stabilizer there, and the	
	whole plane is pushed in the corner of the room, and he is referring to	
	its position in the photograph.	
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Now he said something or other in this	
	photograph that he is looking at indicates that the right section of the	
	stabilizer is missing.	
25X1	Yes, sir.	
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: He goes on and says, "I have one other	
	photograph in which it appears that the right stabilizer " That is the	
	same right horizontal fin?	
25X1	Yes, sir.	
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: " is very severely damaged." I mean one	
	minute it's here and the next minute it isn't here.	
25X1	Yes. Could he possibly be referring to two	
	different photographs, in this case, revealing one portion of the right	
	horizontal stabilizer in one and in the previous photograph, indicating that	
	it wasn't there at all?	
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JUDGE PRETIMAN: I can't make much sense out of that. I don't know why he would look at one photograph and say, "This right stabilizer isn't in this photograph and that shows it is missing; however, if we look at another photograph, it is very severely damaged."

MR. BROSS: He says, "The right section of the stabilizer" and down here he says, "The stabilizer is severely damaged." Is the stabilizer divided into sections?

JUDGE PRETTYMAN: This confused me. When he talks about the right stabilizer, is he talking about the right horizontal fin?

Yes, sir.

JUDGE PRETTYMAN: And when he talks about the right section of the stabilizer what does he mean by that?

about the outboard section -- the outer portion of it in the direction away from the fuselage.

JUDGE FRETTYMAN: It doesn't make any sense for a guy to look at one photograph and say, "There is nothing in this photograph," and then burn the page and say, "Here itis."

GENERAL BULL: Don't they use the term "stabilizer" in this last instance to cover both right and left?

JUDGE PRETTYMAN: He talks about the right stabilizer.

GENERAL BULL: Sometimes, but I think/this last one he is speaking of the stabilizer in general.

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25X1	and the state of t	
	JUDGE PRETYMAN: Now, what is a	25X1
25X1	Sir, I don't know.	
25X1	All of the personnel at the Base knew it as a radar	
	jammer.	
25X1	Under those circumstances, and under this name	
	this particular device was used to jam radar and that is about all I know	
	about it, sir. It was something that they gave us in the airplane to use.	
	We were to turn it on and use it. It was called for in this particular	
	mission. Now it jammed radar, what it's function was other than that I	
	don't know, sir.	
25X1	can you explain the	25X1
25X1	It's a black box of an electronic nature which	
	was installed in the tail of the U-2. It's primary purpose was to break	
	a radar lock that might be effected by a fighter interceptor of hostile	-
	nature. As soon as it locked on to the U-2 this box would respond with	
	a jamming effect which would cause the fighter radar to go out of commission	
	and break the lock, whereby the positioning of the fighter aircraft would be	
	lost. They would have to reinstitute new procedures to reestablish the lock	
	on the U-2.	
	JUDGE PRETIVEAN: Do you know the possibility that this	25X1
5X1	would guide an oncoming righter plane or a rocket missile?	
25X1	Only from what I read in Mr. Johnson's report did	
	I know anything about this.	
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	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: You wouldn't have any opinion of your own	
5X1	whether this was turned on.	
25X1	It was on I believe Mr. Powers said. It would	
	naturally be on during his flight turned on if it was called for in the	
	operations orders and it was in this case.	
	JUDGE PRETIMAN: It was turned on. Now you don't know enough	
5X1	about theto know if there was a possibility that it might act	
	as a guide to a missile or oncoming fighter plane.	
25X1	No, sir, I don't know that much about it, sir.	
	JUDGE PRETFYMAN: I think I understand this one. I don't know	
	why I should. "While the damage to the stabilizer could have taken place	
	conceivably on landing, it does not seem very likely, because of the relatively	
	undamaged status of the vertical tail itself."	
	Now the vertical tail is the stand-up piece that stands	
	straight up above the rear end of the fuselage as it appears in the picture.	
25X1	Yes, and as we go back to the photograph here	
	[indicating Exhibit 13] you may see for yourself the virtical undamaged	
	portion of it.	
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Here we get back to this that confuses me	
	over again. In the next paragraph he says, "I repeat that it is interesting that	
	nowhere in the exhibit " that means the Russian exhibit " nowhere in the	
	exhibit was there any sign of the horizontal tail."	
25X1	Again, this area of the horizontal tail I don't	•
	believe that there was ever a picture of the complete tail and I don't believe	
	that they could find it.	
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	JUDGE PREFTYMAN: Why he just got through saying he is
	looking at a picture in which it appears that the right stabilizer is very
	severely damaged.
25X1	What might have been left of it, sir.
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: The right stabilizer is damaged and over here
	he says, "It is interesting that nowhere in the exhibit was there any sign of a
	horizontal tail."
	He didn't say "stabilizer" but from what I understand from
	you it is the same thing.
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Now he says, "This photograph indicates that
	the fuselage probably hit on the right lower side in a manner that would not
	damage the lefthand stabilizer as budly as the picture indicates."
25X1	That is true.
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: In here he is saying that a picture here indicates
	that the left hand stabilizer was badly damaged. He just got through saying
	there is no sign anywhere of the horizontal tail.
	MR. HOUSTON: Maybe that is what he means by "damaged", Judge.
25X1	Sir, might I add something here? Had the tail been
	on the aircraft at the time of impact I believe it would have remained crumbled
	and demaged but he says the horizontal stabilizer there wasn't even on the
	aft section of the fuselage.
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Right here he says, "The fuselage probably hit
	on the right lower side in a manner that would not demage the lefthand

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stabilizer as badly as the picture indicates."

MR. HOUSTON: And the picture indicates it is demaged to the extent its gone.

GENERAL BULL: Yes, it was never found.

JUDGE PRETTYMAN: You mean to say that if the stabilizer isn't in the picture at all he would say that the picture indicates it is badly damaged?

MR. HOUSTON: He is doing a rather extreme thing. It's like saying a man who has his arm amputated has his hand damaged.

JUDGE PRETTYMAN: It may be, but I don't understand it. Here this clearly says that a picture shows that the left hand stabilizer was badly damaged and now right back here in the beginning he says, "In none of the pictures was there evidence to show that the horizontal tail was recovered."

If it wasn't recovered I don't know how you could assert it was badly damaged.

It doesn't add up in my mind. I think we have put enough time on this

Thank you very much,

25X1

MR. BROSS: I would like to carry this one step further and develop the down-bending of the wings of the aircraft and how this occurs and why. I wanted to get the picture of what occurred after -- the hypothesis - assuming that the stabilizer was broken off. What happens next?

Dalance that Mr. Johnson speaks of in his wire, of course the pilot has no further control of the aircraft, conceivably. Possibly he has a little.

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As I said earlier he will eventually lose complete control. If the aircraft then loses its balance by virtue of most of the tail gone, its going to come down, and possibly even so far as to rotate the fuselage around the axis of the wings creating negative G's breaking the wings off through down-bending and virtually rendering the pilot incapable of doing anything.

MR. BROSS: What comes down?

25X1

The nose will come down and the plane comes down

MR. BROSS: The rear part of the plane comes up and the nose goes down and it then completes a circle.

25X1

This is possible. We don't know exactly what it is going to do in every case. We can't predict this completely one hundred percent without error.

COL. GEARY: What normally happens is the tail breaks off, it pitches up and about this time it begins to angle, the wings will break off, the man goes on his back and loses all lift and he starts to fall in an inverted spin. This is characteristic of this airplane.

GENERAL BULL: Is there a characteristic of this plane as to the speed of fall thereafter? In starting the spin it wouldn't plummet to the earth, would it?

25X1

I couldn't say, sir. It would depend on how much was left on the fuselage, how much of the fuselage was there, if the engine remained in the aircraft in the fuselage. Depending on actually how much

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and where it broke. It would of course reach terminal velocity as

fast as it is going to fall sooner or later. We don't know how far or

how fast it is going to be.

If
MR. HOUSTON: /The plane goes into a spin it would come down
slower than one that dives.

25X1

25X1

That is true.

MR. HOUSTON: And without the engine it might be even slower.

It might be. It might have a falling leaf effect

floating down or spinning. We actually don't know and can't predict what everything is going to do at the time when this thing breaks up. Once the aircraft breaks up I would say it's pretty well time to leave, if possible.

and ask you to express your opinion in answer to the question. In your opinion as an experienced air officer and experienced with this particular plane
I'm not sure that I can recite these facts accurately, but I will try and make them clear enough so you will understand -- suppose a man is flying a U-2 and he is on flight and he is flying about 70,000 feet and his flight course calls for a turn. He makes that turn. As he gets straightened out on his flight line his right wing dips just a little bit and he corrects that easily and then at that point he feels something which he describes as a mild kind of push -- no explosion, no fire no smoke, but he feels a kind of a push and then his nose starts to dip and he pulls on the stick or whatever it is he pulls on, and there is no response. Do you have an opinion as an air officer as to what that could have been --as to what that push or whatever it was that caused whatever happened, loss of the horizontal fin and what

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and the second	have you. If you don't have an opinion I don't want you to just guess, but	
	nave you. If you don't have an opinion I don't want you to Just guess, but	
	if you have one what would it be? What would your opinion be?	
25X1	Normally, sir, the sirplane is very stable well	
	under control in the fact that it does not go pushing left or right or	
	forward. Had there been an explosion in the engine I'm not certain that the man	
	in the cockpit would know it unless he felt severe vibration throughout the	
	airplane or had indications on his instrument	
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Let's assume he had none. He had no sense	
	of vibrations, no extreme turbulence, but this push as though something had	
	pushed him suddenly and then when his nose started to drop he tried to pull	
	it in and it was out of control.	
25X1	I might expect an explosion if I were on a	
	combat mission, sir.	
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Thank you,	25X1
	MR. HOUSTON: In a slightly different vein I have one more	
	question. If, at 70,000 feet there is a flame-out and in the first place,	
	to restart you have to reduce altitude by how much?	
25X1	In this aircraft with this engine we were normally	
	restarting at 45,000 feet. This meant a descent of 25,000 feet.	
	MR. HOUSTON: About how long would that take?	
25X1	Depending upon the situation whether you wanted to	
	glide and in other words trade altitude for distance or whether you wanted to	
	come down as fast as you could and get a light and go back up, and I speak of	
	a light as starting the engine again. This could vary from initial rate of	
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,	desent of about 1,500 feet rate of desent and gradually then increasing	
	up to 3,000 feet per minute.	
	MR. HOUSTON? In shat about the maximum?	
25X1	Yes, otherwise you would exceed the design	
	limits of the airplane and this is under certain configurations with	
	speed brakes out and with the grar extended and with the engine flamed out	
	no thrust comes from the engine. A characteristic of this particular aircraft	
	with the engine in the idle position we get quite a lot of thrust from it at	
	altitude. This might make the desent very, very slow. It takes almost an	
	hour to desend normally from 70,000 feet to sea level.	
	MR. HOUSTON: But if you wanted to come down fast for a light	
	it would get down to 40,000 feet in what 10 minutes?	
25X1	I would say in excess of 10 minutes, sir.	
	MR. HOUSTON: And then suppose for some reason or another you	
	failed to get a light at 45 or 40,000 and from then on you wanted to	
	get distance so you put it into your best gliding position.	
25X1	Yes.	
	MR. HOUSTON: How long would you be up then?	
25X1	I believe from the operating procedure of the	
	airplane it was that you could get about 240 miles from maximum altitude	
	to the ground and I say this, the ground being sea level, under most ideal	
	conditions 240. This is under no wind conditions and it might take as	
	long as an hour and fifteen minutes to do this.	
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JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Something else came to mind. That horizontal fin - now I want to call your attention to that. You said that this airplane's wings are so constructed that they are subject to this downbending and could break off and throw it into a spin. This particular plane doesn't have very much margin insofar as the wings are concerned in respect to catastrophe. Now how about those horizontal fins. Is that subject to down-bending under some conditions and if so what, and going still further with the question, would it be at all possible that if you were to turn your flight calls for a turn and you went into the turn then you rolled out of the turn back on to your flight path could that fin tear off? If through exceeding the limitations of the aircraft - we know that the horizontal fin is going to be the first to go. JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Say that over. We know through previous accidents that the horizontal fin is the first component of the aircraft to break up. JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Is the first to break up if what? If exceeding the structural limits of the aircraft -the design limits of the sircraft. JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Which might happen in the course of making a turn and rolling out back on your pattern? I don't think so -- not normally, sir. But if there were some other conditions present -two different currents of air --

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MR. HOUSTON: As for instance clear turbulence.

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25X1	Yes, we have encountered extremely heavy clear
•	air turbulence at this altitude. I hesitate to call it heavy because I
	believe if we ran into extremely heavy turbulence I believe the aircraft
	would break up.
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: I wonder whether in this particular instance the
	right horizontal fin torn off could have caused the sensation of a bump kind
	of thrown forward and when he sought his stick he didn't have any
25X1	I don't think this would be the sensation, sir.
	JUDGE PRETTYMAN: Are there any further questions? Thank you
25X1	

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