WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

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July 11, 1975

DDI-114-76

## MEMORANDUM FOR

The Acting Secretary of State The Secretary of the Treasury The Secretary of Defense The Attorney General The Secretary of Agriculture The Secretary of Commerce The Secretary of Labor The Director, Office of Management and Budget The Executive Director, Council on International Economic Policy The Administrator, Agency for International Development The Director, Arms Control and Disarmament Agency The Chairman, Council of Economic Advisers The Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff The Director of Central Intelligence The Administrator, Energy Research and Development Administration The Chairman, Civil Service Commission The Assistant to the President, Domestic Council The Director, United States Information Agency

SUBJECT:

The Commission on the Organization of the Government for the Conduct of Foreign Policy (The Murphy Commission)

The President wishes to receive comments from the principal foreign affairs Departments and Agencies on the recommendations contained in the report of the Commission on the Organization of the Government for the Conduct of Foreign Policy (The Murphy Commission).

MORI/CDF Pages 1-14 and 17-57

FIE COV Lotes & F Pg Attached is a master list of all Commission recommendations. Beside each recommendation is an indication of those agencies whose comments are specifically requested. These designations are not exclusive, however, and agencies should feel free to comment on any recommendation.

Comments on the recommendations, signed by the Department or Agency head, should be submitted by Monday, July 21. However, comments on the Organization of Intelligence (recommendations 46-55) are due by close of business Thursday, July 17.

In addition, the departments are requested to submit their views on the broader issues dealt with in the report, such as Executive-Legislative relations, by Friday, July 25.

Comments should, if possible, be unclassified since they may receive further distribution.

JUNAUS
Jeanne W. Davis
Staff Secretary

# RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE COMMISSION ON THE ORGANIZATION OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE CONDUCT OF FOREIGN POLICY

## RECOMMENDATION (1)

State Defense OMB CIA

The defining characteristic of these tasks [of a Presidential staff] is that they embody staff responsibilities rather than line authority. They provide assistance to the President, not direction to departmental officials other than to convey Presidential instructions. There should be only one official with line responsibility in the White House, and that is the President himself.

## RECOMMENDATION (2)

Having reviewed the responsibilities the Assistant for National Security Affairs must meet over the long term, we conclude that these responsibilities, involving essential personal assistance to the President, management of issues for Presidential decision, and the direction of the National Security Council staff, should normally in the future be performed by an individual with no other official responsibilities. The actual choice would of course rest with the President.

## RECOMMENDATION (3)

State Treasury Defense OMB CEA CIEP

The membership of the National Security Council be expanded to include the Secretary of the Treasury, and its jurisdiction be enlarged to include major issues of international economic policymaking.

## Approved For Release 2006/09/07: CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8 RECOMMENDATION (4)

State
Defense
OMB
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Council

On an ad hoc basis, the President should invite to NSC meetings at which issues with important domestic implications are being discussed either Cabinet or staff officials concerned with domestic policymaking.

## RECOMMENDATION (5)

State

The position of Deputy Under Secretary for Management be elevated to Under Secretary.

## RECOMMENDATION (6)

State AID The Office of the Inspector General of Foreign Assistance be abolished, and its analytic functions be transferred to the proposed Assistant Secretary for Food, Population and Development Affairs.

#### RECOMMENDATION (7)

State

Under Secretary positions should be reserved for supervisory officers having responsibility for specific portions of the Department's work; for example, Political and Security Affairs, Economic and Scientific Affairs, and Management. Under Secretaries are senior officers by virtue of their direct management responsibilities for subordinate bureaus and their responsibility for regional bureau activities in their assigned functional areas. These positions should not normally be used for "ad hoc trouble shooters" or "roving ambassadors."

RECOMMENDATION (8)

State

The positions of Counselor of the Department and Ambassadors-at-Large should be used for the special assignments requiring senior attention, under the direction of the Secretary. The Counselor should remain a permanent position, while Ambassadors-at-Large should be appointed for shorter periods of time and specific projects.

## RECOMMENDATION (9)

State
Treasury
Commerce
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Domestic
Council
CIEP

A senior Assistant to the President should be charged with the central White House staff function in economic policy, both domestic and foreign. Having direct personal access to the President and strong qualifications drawn from economic and/or business experience, this Assistant should participate or be represented in all relevant meetings of the National Security Council and of domestic policymaking bodies (such as the Domestic Council, the Troika or Economic Policy Board). He would be the Executive Secretary and Director of staff of the proposed joint Subcouncil on International Economic Policy.

## Approved For Release 2006/09/07: CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8 RECOMMENDAT (10)

State Treasury Commerce **OMB** CEA Domestic Council CIEP

The President should appoint, and have available to him for advice, a senior and representative group of people drawn from the private sector who are well equipped by training and experience to assist in formulating foreign economic policy in the national interestan International Economic Policy Advisory Board. The Board would be provided a small secretariat to help prepare meetings, disseminate information and focus discussion on relevant issues. It would meet at least quarterly to review issues raised at its own initiative or by the government. The Board should have direct access to the President, and the President should himself take the initiative to meet with it from time to time. The Board should have wide latitude to set up ad hoc groups, commission studies and otherwise equip it to carry out its functions. It should replace most, if not all existing advisory groups dealing with aspects of international economic policy.

## RECOMMENDATION (11)

State Treasury OMB CEA Domestic

Council

CIEP

In order to provide a focus for objective study of longer term international economic problems and a more effective early warning Commerce system for identifying the major related policy issues on the horizon, we believe an independent study group on international economic issues should be created under the auspices of the Council of Economic Advisors.

## Approved For Release 2006/09/07: CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8 RECOMMENDATION (12)

State Treasury Commerce OMB CEA Domestic Council CIEP

The President should establish a joint subcouncil of the NSC and the Domestic Council and the Economic Policy Board (or what-Agriculture ever White House organizations should come to perform their functions). Members of this body, the Subcouncil on International Economic Policy, would be the Under Secretary of State for Economic Affairs, the Under Secretary of Treasury for Monetary Affairs, the Under Secretaries of Commerce and Agriculture and the Chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers. Other subcabinet officers and agency heads would attend Subcouncil meetings as full members with respect to questions impinging significantly on their responsibilities.

> Designation of a Chairman should be left to the President. However, we anticipate that normally the Subcouncil would be chaired by the Under Secretary of State for Economic Affairs. The Assistant to the President for Economic Policy would serve as Executive Secretary of the Subcouncil and Director of its staff. The staff would be drawn in part from the staffs of its parent bodies but would function as the Assistant to the President's own staff.

> The Subcouncil could create such committees or task forces as the President may deem necessary to assure adequate interagency attention to continuing issues of international economic policy and to special problems. The regular members of the Subcouncil normally would be represented on each such group, as would the staff of the Assistant to the President.

The CIEP should be abolished by Congress, and its staff should be used to strengthen the economic capability of the NSC and White House Domestic Council. Other interagency international economic policy bodies would be brought under the Subcouncil framework.

## RECOMMENDATION (13)

State Treasury Commerce CEA Domestic Council CIEP

Maintaining the practice of submitting to Congress an annual Report of the President on International Economic Policy. report should be prepared in conjunction with the State of the World Report recommended in Chapter 10 and should be submitted as part of that Report.

RECOMMENDATION (14)

State

The Under Secretary for Economic Affairs be retitled the Under Secretary for Economic and Scientific Affairs and that the Bureau of Economic and Business Affairs, and the Bureau of Oceans and International Environment and Scientific Affairs, together with the functional units of the Bureau of International Organization Affairs, be reordered as four new, closely related bureaus, each headed by an Assistant Secretary responsible to the Under Secretary, as follows:

- International Economic and Business Affairs (principally trade, monetary, and investment policy);
- (2) Energy, Transportation, and Communication Affairs;
- (3) Oceans, Environmental, and Scientific Affairs;
- (4) Food, Population, and Development Affairs.

## RECOMMENDATION (15)

State

Larger numbers of career Ambassadors and Deputy Chiefs of Mission should be appointed from among officers with economics training and background: senior officers at economically important consular posts should ordinarily be expected to have had economic and commercial exposure either in State or through assignment to another agency; the recruitment of professionally trained economists should be accelerated without requiring that they become part of the Foreign Service; and training programs in economics for Foreign Service Officers should be accelerated.

## RECOMMENDATION (16)

State Treasury Commerce . CIEP

Systematic personnel interchange at the middle-grade levels among the Departments and agencies with principal responsibilities Agriculture for foreign economic policy be expanded.

## RECOMMENDATION (17)

State
Treasury
Agriculture
Commerce
CIEP

As a consequence, the Commission supports flexibility in the use of multiagency participation in policy negotiations and implementation abroad. The State Department must retain overall coordinating responsibility; no international negotiations should proceed without its knowledge and approval. It should normally participate in the manning of international delegations, but need not automatically chair these, depending upon the substantive area. Overseas representation of domestic economic departments should continue in selected areas (e.g., agriculture and finance) so long as their representatives are under the control of the Ambassador.

#### RECOMMENDATION (18)

State
Treasury
Agriculture
Commerce
OMB

The present personnel interchange program between government and business should be expanded substantially. The Commission believes this program should be concentrated at the middle and junior, rather than at senior levels.

#### RECOMMENDATION (19)

State Treasury AID CIEP The Commission, therefore, recommends that the Agency for International Development (AID) remain the State Department's operating arm for the implementation of bilateral foreign assistance.

#### RECOMMENDATION (20)

State
Treasury
AID
CIEP

Accordingly, we endorse the continuation of primary Treasury Department responsibility for supervision of U.S. commitments to the international development institutions. Treasury should coordinate with the State Department concerning directives given U.S. representatives on the executive boards when political issues arise in connection with the policies and operations of these institutions.

## RECOMMENDATION (21)

State Treasury Commerce CEA CIEP

We do not, however, believe it is necessary or desirable to establish within the United States Government a new agency, or Special Representative, to control either international corporations or the flow of capital to or from this country.

### RECOMMENDATION (22)

State Defense Interior FEA ERDA CIEP

The Federal Energy Administration should provide the focus and leadership for carrying out the national energy policy. State Department will have a crucial continuing role in bringing to bear on all aspects of the policy process the critical considerations of security and diplomacy, and in coordinating and implementing the foreign policy aspects of our energy policy.

## RECOMMENDATION (23)

State Treasury Defense ACDA CIA

CIEP

The Commission proposes that the Office of Export Administration in the Commerce Department be designated a central point of contact between the private sector and the government for the licen-Commerce sing and surveillance of trade and investment with Communist countries. Policy guidance for that office should be centralized in the Board of East-West Foreign Trade authorized by the Trade Act of 1974, and consisting of Cabinet-level officials from each of the departments involved in export regulation. The Board should be backed up by a working group of officials from the same agencies.

#### RECOMMENDATION (24)

State Treasury CEA

CIEP

Representatives of the academic and business communities should be formed into technical advisory committees to assist the Commerce Board in gauging existing foreign availability of proposed U.S. exports, monitoring new technological developments and establishing procedures for evaluating the success or failure to export control process itself.

### RECOMMENDATION (25)

State Treasury CEA CIEP

We propose that, after the current [multilateral trade] negotiations are concluded, the ongoing tasks of administration, negotiation and Commerce coordination be accomplished by a transfer of the Office, under a Special Ambassador, to the Department of State.

## RECOMMENDATION (26)

State Treasury Defense OMB JCS

Broadening the current Security Assistance Program Review Committee (SAPRC) into a standing committee of the NSC to serve as the primary forum for interagency review of all issues involving arms transfers and security assistance.

#### RECOMMENDATION (27)

State Defense JCS CIA

After a WSAG-level crisis, a crisis review group should assess the government's performance and, where appropriate, review and reconsider contingency plans.

## RECOMMENDATION (28)

State
Treasury
Defense
OMB
ACDA
JCS
CIA

Establishment of a National Security Review Committee (NSRC) to conduct a broad review, under the direction of the National Security Council principals, of the U.S. worldwide national security posture at the beginning of every new Administration. The review should involve the newly appointed senior officials and draw upon the views of the relevant departments. It should be directed by the President and his National Security Assistant.

## RECOMMENDATION (29)

State
Defense
OMB
ACDA
JCS
CIA

The President establish an Advisory Board on National Defense, composed of private citizens who are well equipped by training and experience to bring to bear on defense questions the views of American society, and to facilitate the communication of defense needs to the public. The Board should be provided with a small independent staff.

#### RECOMMENDATION (30)

State Defense A single senior State official should be clearly identified as responsible, under the Secretary, for political-military and national security affairs. To accomplish this the position of Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs should be retitled Under Secretary for Political and Security Affairs, and made directly responsible for the Bureau of Politico-Military Affairs. The position of Under Secretary of State for Security Assistance should be abolished.

## Approved For Release 2006/09/07 : CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8 RECOMMENDATION (31)

State

The selection and training of Foreign Service officers should recognize the need for competent and national security analysts in both Washington and abroad.

#### RECOMMENDATION (32)

State

Barriers and administrative inhibitions to the hiring of politicalmilitary specialists or to their lateral entry into Foreign Service ranks should be sharply reduced.

## RECOMMENDATION (33)

State

The political-military capability of the regional bureaus in State should be upgraded.

#### RECOMMENDATION (34)

State Defense ACDA ACDA's external research program should be expanded, focusing on longer term problems and possibilities for arms control.

#### RECOMMENDATION (35)

State Defense ACDA The Director of ACDA should become a member of the proposed National Security Review Committee (NSRC).

#### RECOMMENDATION (36)

State Defense ACDA The Director of ACDA should become a member of the proposed NSC Arms Transfer and Security Assistance Committee, and should enlarge ACDA's capability to assess the arms control implications of U.S. security assistance policy and arms sales.

#### RECOMMENDATION -(37)

State Defense ACDA ACDA should provide public information on arms control and disarmament matters, much as State is charged with explaining U.S. foreign policy.

#### RECOMMENDATION (38)

State Defense ACDA In order to facilitate the strengthened role of ACDA, we propose that the Director of ACDA be established as principal adviser to the NSC on arms control and disarmament matters.

#### RECOMMENDATION (39)

Defense OMB Domestic Council

A new analysis capability should be created to support the Associate Director [of OMB] for National Security and International Programs, and to provide sustained attention to broad defense policy and program issues in OMB and in the proposed NSRC.

Approved For Release 2006/09/07 : CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8 RECOMMENDA (40)

State
Defense
OMB
Domestic
Council

The OMB should take the lead in organizing a continuing interagency program of overall resource-allocation analyses, specifically including the trade-offs of defense against civil programs.

#### RECOMMENDATION (41)

Defense OMB Domestic Council A more determined effort should be made by OMB and the White House to inject Presidentially-approved fiscal guidance into the defense programming cycle at budget preview time (mid-June to mid-July), and to come to grips with the major defense program issues relating to this guidance at that time. OMB participation with OSD in the Joint Budget Review should be extended to the Program Review in May-August.

## RECOMMENDATION (42)

Defense OMB Domestic Council The President's fiscal policy guidance to DOD should be provided in both total obligational authority and outlay terms.

#### RECOMMENDATION (43)

State
Defense
OMB
Domestic
Council

There should be continuing contact and support throughout the year between staff of the NSC, the State Department and OMB in defining issues, conducting special studies, and seeing that the results of such studies are reflected in the defense budget process.

Approved For Release 2006/09/07: CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8
RECOMMENDATION (44)

## /[of Defense]

State Defense OMB The Assistant Secretary for International Security Affairs should play an increased role in shaping the defense program and budget to fit our foreign policy. This requires that ISA develop greater technical and analytical capability, and that it take the lead in research and analyses to better relate force levels to foreign policy implications of major resource decision.

#### RECOMMENDATION (45)

## /[of Defense]

Defense JCS

The Secretary's ability to exercise his statutory responsibilities in direction and control of crisis operations should be improved. Specific measures to bring this about include: provisions to insure the responsiveness of the National Military Command Center to the operational reporting needs of the Secretary (the Chairman and service chiefs would be informed simultaneously); increased autonomy for the Chairman in operational matters vis-a-vis the services (the role of service chiefs in operations should be explicitly defined as advisory to the Chairman and Secretary, service operational staffs should be sharply cut back and, if necessary, the joint operations staff, J-3, should be increased); the Chairman in consultation with the Secretary should select officers for key Joint Staff positions in operational matters, including the top officers in J-3 and the NMCC.

#### RECOMMENDATION (46)

State
Treasury
Defense
Justice
CIA

The DCI should have an office in close proximity to the White House and be accorded regular and direct contact with the President.

## Approved For Release 2006/09/07: CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8 RECOMMENDATION (47)

State Treasury Defense Justice CIA The CIA should be retitled the Foreign Intelligence Agency (FIA), and its Director the Director of Foreign Intelligence (DFI).

## RECOMMENDATION (48)

State
Treasury
Defense
Justice
CIA

In order to best utilize the PFIAB:

- -- each incoming President should review and make such changes in PFIAB's membership as may be required to give him high personal confidence in that body's values and judgement; that
- -- he make himself directly available to the Chairman of PFIAB upon the latter's request; and that
- -- the PFIAB staff should be increased in size, and drawn in part from sources outside the intelligence community.

#### RECOMMENDATION (49)

State Treasury Defense Justice CIA Covert action cannot be abandoned, but it should be employed only when clearly essential to vital U.S. purposes and then only after a careful process of high level review.

#### RECOMMENDATION (50)

State Treasury Defense Justice CIA As the sensitivity and risks of covert action require appropriate review and consultation:

- -- covert action should only be authorized after collective consideration of its benefits and risks by all available 40 Committee members, and that,
- -- besides granting initial approvals, the 40 Committee should regularly review the continuing appropriateness of activities still being pursued.

## RECOMMENDATION (51)

State
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Justice
CIA

PL-93-559 be amended to require reporting of covert actions to the proposed Joint Committee on National Security, and to omit any requirement for the personal certification of the President as to their necessity.

#### RECOMMENDATION (52)

State
Treasury
Defense
Justice
CIA

The NSCIC should be actively used as the principal forum for the resolution, short of the President, of the differing perspectives of intelligence consumers and producers, and should meet frequently for that purpose.

## RECOMMENDATION (53)

State Treasury Defense Justice Commerce CEA CIA

While the intelligence agencies should retain and exercise their improved competence in the analysis of international economic issues, the Departments of State, Treasury, Commerce, and Agriculture, and the Council of Economic Advisors must maintain similar capabilities Agriculture focused on the analysis of issues involving their own responsibilities. We believe that, in all four of the Departments, those capabilities should be significantly strengthened.

#### RECOMMENDATION (54)

State Treasury Defense Justice CIA

A small staff of the highest quality, drawn from within and without the intelligence community and responsible for the drafting and review of NIEs, should be established. This staff, reporting directly to the DFI, should be charged with reporting clearly any important differences in the views of concerned agencies, and the reasons for such differences.

#### RECOMMENDATION (55)

State Treasury Defense Justice OMB CIA

- a. Under the direction of the DFI, the IC staff should expand "Perspectives for Intelligence" into an annually revised multiyear plan for the allocation of responsibilities across the intelligence community. The plan should be reviewed in USIB and approved by the NSCIC.
- b. On the basis of the multiyear plan, the IC staff should prepare an annual Consolidated Foreign Intelligence Budget. After review by IRAC and OMB, this document should guide the budget submission of each of the agencies and departments of the intelligence community to OMB. It should also provide a basis for the consideration, by the proposed Joint Committee of the Congress on National Security, of the funds to be annually authorized the intelligence community.

## Approved For Release 2006/09/07: CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8 RECOMMENDATION (56)

State
Treasury
Defense
Justice
OMB
CIA

The executive branch foreign affairs agencies should seek adequate funding for the specific purpose of developing more comprehensive public affairs programs.

## RECOMMENDATION (57)

State Defense OMB USIA

The International Education Act of 1966, or an equivalent act to develop and support programs of advanced and undergraduate international studies, should be funded. Its objectives might be broadened to include programs designed to provide (a) extensive research in foreign policy fields and (b) better substantive training for journalists.

## RECOMMENDATION (58)

Shale Weignse USIA Forums for interchange of views and opinion between government, particularly the State Department, and the public be expanded.

## RECOMMENDATION (59)

State AID Because of the importance of the functions of the Office of Humanitarian Affairs (D/HA), its director should have the title of Special Assistant to the Secretary of State.

RECOMMENDATION (60)

State-

The Department of State should create an Advisory Committee on Human Rights to advise the Department on U.S. policy with respect to international human rights issues. This committee should include selected representatives of nongovernmental organizations, scholars, Members of Congress, churchmen, and others active in the Human Rights field.

#### RECOMMENDATION (61)

State Defense Decisions involving the use of force should be made with prior recognition of their ethical implications and standing in law.

## RECOMMENDATION (62)

State

The Department of State should make instruction in ethical and human rights considerations an integral part of the basic training of Foreign Service Officers and of the various area studies programs.

#### RECOMMENDATION (63)

State

The U.S. Representative to the Human Rights Commission should be a full time official of ambassadorial rank and assigned broad responsibility for human rights considerations inherent in all U.S. participation at the United Nations. If necessary, the Ambassador should be provided with additional staff for this purpose.

## 

State

Chiefs of missions in sensitive human rights areas should assign personnel to monitor and report on Human Rights issues.

## RECOMMENDATION (65)

State

The Executive Development Staff of the Foreign Affairs Executive Service (proposed in the Personnel Chapter of this Report) should be given responsibility for identifying qualified individuals throughout the government, and for recommendation to the President as potential ambassadorial nominees. Similarly, when circumstances call for appointment of individuals outside the government, whether from business, labor, or the academic world, they should be appointed; the guiding principle must be to match job needs with the best qualified individual available.

## RECOMMENDATION (66)

State Defense CIA It should become accepted and standard operating procedure that communications to and from all Embassy personnel of all agencies be available to the Ambassador, either in advance or after dispatch, at his discretion.

## RECOMMENDATION (67)

State Defense AID Control of diplomatic cryptographic facilities be fully in the hands of the Department of State.

## Approved For Release 2006/09/07: CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8 RECOMMENDATION (68)

State Defense CIA

The Under Secretary of State for Management should be assigned direct authority for communications, including Foreign Service Commerce reporting, and should establish a staff to carry out this responsibility. This staff should take the lead -- with the collaboration of the Bureau of Intelligence and Research (INR), the Regional Bureaus, the Foreign Affairs Institute (FAI), and the Executive Secretariat -- in making the Embassy communications system and particularly Foreign Service reporting more effective in scope, content and form. In so doing it will need to make systematic studies of needs of the many disparate users - starting with the President and Secretary -of Foreign Service reporting, and communications generally, and to devise ways for fulfilling those needs.

## RECOMMENDATION (69)

State - ∴(ense CLA

INR should work actively with such a Foreign Service Reporting Staff, to relate Foreign Service reporting effectively to the needs of the intelligence community, and should be staffed adequately to fulfill this role.

## RECOMMENDATION (70)

State

The Foreign Affairs Institute, in coordination with the Foreign Service Reporting Staff, should significantly improve its course offerings and in-service university enrollments to train officers to fulfill the assessment role in Foreign Service Reporting.

#### RECOMMENDATION (71)

State Commerce

At many posts abroad, political and economic sections in the Embassies should be merged. Integrated, comprehensive reporting and assessment which considers economic and political issues in their close relationship are what we believe will be most needed; a combined section would enhance the likelihood of it being produced. It would also help to encourage FSO's serving abroad to pay more attention to the economic aspects of our bilateral relations.

#### RECOMMENDATION (72)

State Treasury Defense

The Ambassador should have a full opportunity to comment on any change in the staff complements of each agency at his post, and his word should carry great weight even if it is not the deter-Agriculture mining factor.

Commerce

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CIA

USIA

RECOMMENDATION (73)

State Treasury Defense

The Department of State should provide managerial and administrative services for the entire mission.

Agriculture Commerce

Labor

AID

CLA

UŞIA

State OMB RECOMMENDATION (74)

Ambassadors should frequently consult in the Department of State and elsewhere in Washington, perhaps several times a year in addition to leave, depending on specific needs. On a somewhat less frequent basis, DCMs and section heads should come to Washington for consultation, and, conversely, Country Directors. Deputy Assistant Secretaries, and Assistant Secretaries of geographic bureaus should spend a substantial portion of their time in the field. Department's budget requests, and Congressional response to them, should reflect this need.

Approved For Release 2006/09/07 : CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8 RECOMMENDAT N (75)

State OMB Regional conferences of key personnel from Washington and the various missions should be held more frequently than the current chiefs of mission conferences.

#### RECOMMENDATION (76)

State
Treasury
Defense
Agriculture
Commerce
AID
CIA

The Office of the Inspector General of Foreign Affairs, be mandated to inspect the overseas activities of all U.S. agencies associated with Embassies and Consulates, in addition to those of the Department of State.

#### RECOMMENDATION (77)

ate

Each incoming administration should create a nonpartisan commission, including representatives of the Congress, charged with reassessing on a broad front U.S. participation in multilateral agencies and programs, and recommending changes in our policies and programs as necessary.

#### RECOMMENDATION (78)

State

The Bureau of International Organization Affairs (IO) should be reconstituted as a smaller Bureau for United Nation Affairs, serving primarily as a Washington point of reference for U.S. missions in New York and Geneva, and responsible for international organization budgetary contributions and international conference support. IO's policymaking functions should be allocated to functional bureaus for the relevant issue areas, and through them, to the functional Under Secretaries. Responsibility for arranging international Conferences might go to the Under Secretary for management.

RECOMMENDATION (79)

State

The multilateral policy function for such issues of global interdependence should be allocated to the Under Secretary for Economic and Scientific Affairs. The policy function for political or military multilateral issues, such as peacekeeping, should be assigned to the new Under Secretary for Political and Security Affairs.

RECOMMENDATION (80)

State

In most policy areas the Department of State should select the heads of delegations for multilateral negotiations, seeking the best qualified individuals in or out of government.

#### RECOMMENDATION (81)

State CSC Staffing for permanent missions should be accomplished through both the Foreign Service and Civil Service systems. Assignment, training, and promotion practices should be devised which (a) develop a measure of expertise in multilateral diplomacy without creating a separate core of specialists, and (b) permit wide flexibility to utilize substantive specialists from many agencies.

## RECOMMENDATION (82)

State

The head of the U.S. delegation to the U.N. should be a prominent personage with a close relationship to the President, and should hold Cabinet rank.

RECOMMENDATION (83)

State

The appointment of Members of Congress to international delegations whenever feasible, as a particularly useful way of keeping Congress involved and informed about multilateral foreign policy issues.

## RECOMMENDATION (84)

State USIA Programs which project and explain U.S. foreign policy, now split between the State Department and USIA, should be combined in a new State Department Office of Policy information.

## RECOMMENDATION (85)

State OMB USIA All general (non-policy) information and cultural activities which are now carried out by the Department of State or the U.S. Information Agency, other than those of the VOA, should be combined in a new semi-autonomous (or associated) Information and Cultural Affairs Agency (ICA). The ICA Director would report to the Secretary of State, or alternatively, if the President wishes, the Director could report directly to the President while receiving day-to-day policy guidance from the Secretary of State.

## RECOMMENDATION (86)

State OMB USIA The Voice of America should be set up as an independent federal agency under a Board of Governors, with a mandate to broadcast accurate, objective, and comprehensive news as well as to represent American society in its totality, and with the State Department responsible for that portion of its programming which presents or explains U.S. foreign policy.

Approved For Release 2006/09/07: CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8 RECOMMENDAT (87)

State

The practice of developing and making public a periodic Presidential "State of the World Report!" be reintroduced.

## RECOMMENDATION (88)

State Defense CIA

A "Global Systems Critical List of Problems and Opportunities" be authorized by act of Congress to be prepared by an organization such as the National Academy of Sciences.

## RECOMMENDATION (89)

State
Defense
OMB
CEA
CIA

The President should create a Council of International Planning (CIP), modeled in structure on the Council of Economic Advisers (CEA), to serve him directly and in a manner of his choosing in the planning of foreign policy.

## RECOMMENDATION (90)

State

A single, highly competent officer, personally selected by the Secretary, should be given full time responsibility for the work on the "State of the World Report."

RECOMMENDATION (91)

State

Regular members of the Policy Planning Staff would normally be expected to involve themselves at one time or another in each of the planning functions -- anticipation, challenge, reevaluation, and the formulation of strategic concepts.

RECOMMENDATION (92)

State

The Director of the Policy Planning Staff should have one deputy to lead the work of the staff in fulfilling the role of anticipation and initiatives, and another deputy responsible principally for the challenge and reevaluation functions.

RECOMMENDATION (93)

State

An Advisory Committee be created by the State Department, consisting of outside scholars and experts who can assist the Planning Staff keep abreast of new developments of substantive and methodological kinds. An officer of the Policy Planning Staff should be charged with matching the Staff's needs with outside researchers best qualified to meet them, and with being its link to the Advisory Committee and the external research community.

RECOMMENDATION (94)

State
OMB
Domestic
Council

The President should direct a key foreign policy advisor (logically the Deputy Secretary of State) to become more deeply involved in the review of significant budget and related activities of foreign affairs agencies and domestic agencies which have international implications; thus to ensure that these programs effectively express the President's foreign policy objectives.

RECOMMENDATION (95)

State OMB Particularly close relations between OMB and NSC should be developed: the OMB director and his staff should participate more in the foreign policymaking process, and NSC personnel must be involved in the budget process.

#### RECOMMENDATION (96)

State OMB A limited interchange of personnel of State, NSC, and OMB should be instituted to improve these interfaces. In addition procedures for assessing the cross-agency budgetary impact of new international commitments should be reviewed and modified as appropriated.

#### RECOMMENDATION (97)

State OMB The State Department, through the Deputy Secretary, should continue to lead in extending Foriegn affairs programming techniques on a selective, step-by-step basis, supported by NSC and OMB. Responsibility of the Assistant Secretaries of State for the coordination of government programs in regions and countries should be reaffirmed.

#### RECOMMENDATION (98)

State OMB Annual policy and program reviews of specific country and regional programs should be instituted with recommendations by the Assistant Secretaries on agency programs to be cycled into the budget process.

# Approved For Release 2006/09/07: CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8 RECOMMENDATION (99)

State OMB Staff capabilities in regional bureaus for program analysis and coordination should be appropriately strengthened.

### RECOMMENDATION (100)

State

The foreign policy machinery (NSC and State) should continue to direct from time to time country and regional studies by ad hoc teams with designated leadership where the above cited interagency programming reviews might not produce the "fresh" policy options and resource analysis required in the President's perspective.

#### RECOMMENDATION (101)

State OMB Ambassadors, particularly in large countries, should promote country programming techniques to meet their managerial needs. These efforts should be directly integrated with State-led regional and country reviews and with the agency-based budget processes.

#### RECOMMENDATION (102)

The two foreign relations committees should be given opportunity to review and comment on the views and estimates of the Appropriations Committees (submitted by March 15 to the House and Senate Budget Committees) so that the latter committees could consider the foreign policy implications of the recommendations on appropriation items (for example, on agricultural production or defense posture).

Approved For Release 2006/09/07: CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8 RECOMMENDATION (103)

The two foreign relations committees should have representation on the Budget Committees of both Houses to improve consideration of issues which relate to domestic and international considerations.

## RECOMMENDATION (104)

Congress should move to simplify the process either by (a) limiting the authorization bills to general levels of expenditure and by placing more detailed revisions in more permanent legislation not repeated each year (e.g., AID and MAP), or (b) adopting multi-year authorizations which could focus review more effectively on the direction and longer-term effectiveness of programs.

## RECOMMENDATION (105)

/ [State]

State

The Department should develop an annual manpower plan in which each bureau chief should specify the kinds and mix of functional and bilateral competence required for a 3-year period and the way in which this talent will be acquired or developed.

## RECOMMENDATION (106)

State

Within the annual plan, to be approved by the Secretary, bureau chiefs (function and geographic) should proceed to acquire the personnel required, making effective use of all personnel authorities without case-by-case approval of personnel authorities.

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RECOMMENDATION (107)

State CSC A viable professional system within the Civil Service authority should be developed for adequate career appointments to attract and retain qualified personnel.

RECOMMENDATION (108)

State CSC The Department should request the necessary GS supergrades to provide meaningful career ladders in the Civil Service category.

RECOMMENDATION (109)

State

Functional bureau directors should participate in the informal FSO assignments process and career planning to the same extent that geographic bureaus do.

RECOMMENDATION (110)

State

The Foreign Service should be recruited, trained, and sized to its historic mission—that of representing U.S. interests in foreign countries. This requires people willing to and psychologically attuned to serve in alien and difficult situations and who have strong basic competence in area studies and language.

## Approved For Release 2006/09/07: CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8 RECOMMENDATION (111)

State

A major change in emphasis, however, should be directed toward improvement in rigorous short and longer term assessment of U.S. interests and analytic reporting.

#### RECOMMENDATION (112)

State

The officers should be broadened by experience and training for the new assessment emphasis, particularly in the area of economics.

#### RECOMMENDATION (113)

State

Responsibility for Department-wide personnel management functions should be centered in the Deputy Under Secretary for Management, who should be made Under Secretary.

#### RECOMMENDATION (114)

State

A modern, professional personnel function should be established at the Department level, with a Director reporting to the Under Secretary for Management. His task would be to see that viable careers are developed within all personnel categories and that all systems work to the full benefit of the Department.

RECOMMENDATION (115)

State

The Director General of the Foreign Service should report to the Director of Personnel and should focus upon the administration of the high mobility officer component (FSOs) within prescribed Departmental policy.

RECOMMENDATION (116)

State

The Board of the Foreign Service should be reviewed and reoriented to a new cross-agency mission as discussed above. The Under Secretary for Management should lead the review and be designated Chairman of the reconstituted Board.

RECOMMENDATION (117)

State

The Under Secretary for Management should be responsible for developing, for the Secretary's approval, an annual Department manpower plan as a vehicle for determining the needs for and deployment of people and skills over 3-5 years.

RECOMMENDATION (118)

State

The Policy Planning Staff should play a key role in developing for the Secretary's approval basic guidance as to the policy directions, shifts in deployment emphasis at overseas posts, and critical competences to be acquired.

## Approved For Release 2006/09/07 : CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8 RECOMMENDATI (119)

State

The Under Secretary for Management should establish an Executive Development Program administered by a professional staff reporting directly to him (outside but related to regular Personnel functions).

## RECOMMENDATION (120)

State CSC Promotions to designated executive jobs (largely FSO-2 and GS-16 and above) should be subject to special procedures of a Foreign Affairs Executive Service (FAES).

#### RECOMMENDATION (121)

State CSC Candidates would be "selected in" to executive jobs in the FAES by the Secretary on the basis of recommendations from line managers and the executive development staff.

## RECOMMENDATION (122)

State CSC The purpose of the Executive Development program would be to find the best talent from all categories within the Department based on the Secretary's defined needs. It should be part of a community-wide approach.

RECOMMENDATION (123)

State CSC A substantial improvement be made in job description and classification practices for all positions in the field and in Washington. This is a prerequisite for responsible personnel management.

RECOMMENDATION (124)

State Rank-in-the-man should run only through 03. All promotions to 01 and 02 should be related to specific jobs.

RECOMMENDATION (125)

State Greater emphasis should be placed on performance and accountability in the job through annual work statement.

RECOMMENDATION (126)

State The Service should adopt some form of "climate analysis" or reverse appraisal to get a better understanding of officer views of the performance of supervisors.

RECOMMENDATION (127)

State The cone system should be continued (although the program direction cone would be rendered superfluous by the executive development recommendations). Its basic purpose is to protect the consular and administrative activities as viable career specialties and to continue to upgrade the economic competence of the Service.

Its continued effectiveness should be reviewed from time to time.

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# Approved For Release 2006/09/07 : CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8 RECOMMENDATION (128)

State

All political officers should have the 26-week FSI course in economics or its equivalent. The techniques, as well as substance, are essential to good policy analysis.

#### RECOMMENDATION (129)

State

Over time, the distinction between political and economic cones should be dropped. Economics today provides a major context to all international relations.

#### RECOMMENDATION (130)

State

Intercone assignments should be increased where the purpose is to broaden experience, rather than to accommodate an excess of political officers. The exchange should be a two-way street where Consular and Administrative officers receive political assignments.

#### RECOMMENDATION (131)

State

Officers should be given incentives to pursue deeper substantive issues of foreign policy. They should be rewarded for initiative (self study) and excellence in their chosen fields through promotions, assignments in their chosen fields, awards, and mid-career workstudy programs.

Approved For Release 2006/09/07 : CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8 RECOMMENDA N (132)

State

The Board of Examiners should be abolished and the Department establish a professional recruitment capability within its personnel management function.

## RECOMMENDATION (133)

State

The examination procedures, written and oral, should be revised to place more emphasis on testing aptitudes, creativity, and analytic capabilities than specific knowledge. New techniques being employed in industry can be adopted for this purpose.

## RECOMMENDATION (134)

State

The time from examination to entrance into the service should be sharply shortened to fit more nearly the needs of high-quality applicants.

#### RECOMMENDATION (135)

State

The Department should systematically interview officials of colleges and universities to determine whether the Foreign Service is obtaining the best qualified students from among those who might be interested in a foreign affairs career.

RECOMMENDATION (136)

State

More weight should be given to recruiting people at the graduate level or who have demonstrated desired competence in specialties, especially those with economic training and experience.

#### RECOMMENDATION (137)

State OMB The Department should review entering salaries and take steps to ensure that the Foreign Service is reasonably competitive with other areas of Gevernment and industry for the kind of talent it seeks.

# RECOMMENDATION (138)

State

For the first two tours of duty, or through the 06 level, Departmental entrants should be on probationary status. Following careful screening and the junior threshold review, the individual would be given tenured officer status.

## RECOMMENDATION (139)

State

The individual should be able to opt at this point for a predominatly Washington or mobility career and for his area of specialization.

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State CSC

Lateral transfers should be actively recruited--particularly of people with demonstrated economic or appropriate technical expertise.

## RECOMMENDATION (141)

State

A new system be installed of semiautomatic promotions in the middle grades from FS 0-5 through FS 0-3. The junior threshold examination (FS 0-6 to FS 0-5) should be continued.

#### RECOMMENDATION (142)

State

Provision should be made for more rapid promotion based on exceptional performance on the job, and for "passing over promotion" for those with less satisfactory performance in a given period, but who might not be eligible for selection out in the current environment.

#### RECOMMENDATION (143)

State

Selection out for time in class and low performance should be continued but adapted to the semi-automatic promotion approach.

#### RECOMMENDATION (144)

State OMB

The Department should seek authority for 20-year retirement to help reduce the pressures toward overstaffing in higher grades and to permit officers who are not selected into the Executive Service to pursue second careers.

## RECOMMENDATION (145)

State

The Under Secretary for Management should exercise greater oversight over the assignment process.

# Approved For Release 2006/09/07: CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8 RECOMMENDATION (146)

State A form of job posting should be adopted under which all officers are notified of assignments coming vacant and have an opportunity to make their preferences known and to participate in career planning.

#### RECOMMENDATION (147)

State All FSO jobs should be rigorously reexamined to determine which can be reclassified downward and made available to more junior officers. This should apply to ambassadorial and DCM positions.

#### RECOMMENDATION (148)

State Routine jobs at the bottom of the Service should be reviewed be sure they require university trained "generalists." Those jobs which do not should be filled from other sources of talent as appropriate.

#### RECOMMENDATION (149)

State The 200 or so stepping-stone jobs which provide managerial experience should be clearly identified and husbanded for development of those with indicated management potential.

RECOMMENDATION (150)

State OMB CSC More assignments should be made outside the State Department in jobs with managerial and programmatic content. State should take initiative to reinvigorate and expand the exchange programs underway.

RECOMMENDATION (151)

State

All DCM's at larger posts (Class I and II) should have had a prior tour of duty with significant management experience in or out of State.

RECOMMENDATION (152)

State OMB CSC "Leave-without-pay" service outside the Executive Branch in activities which broaden managerial or functional experience should be encouraged, and the service outside should count for purposes of promotion and retirement. Such services could include industry (e.g., petroleum, banking), foundations, universities, congressional staffs, or state and local governments.

RECOMMENDATION (153)

State OMB The detail of FSO's to state and local governments should be effectively implemented under the Pearson Act. (This will require changes in the law and appropriations limitations.)

# Approved For Release 2006/09/07 : CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8 RECOMMENDA: (154)

State OMB For high performance/potential officers, a new program should be mounted for deepening functional competence through one-year periods of work-study at mid-career levels (12-15 years in the service), to be designed by the officers involved, with guidance and approval by the Department.

#### RECOMMENDATION (155)

State OMB AID CSC

- a. The executive branch and Congress should undertake a comprehensive assessment of the role and scope of the economic development program. An effective personnel program cannot be operated in the present conditions of uncertainty. It is a propitious time to reexamine AID's longer-term mission.
- b. If the program is to be continued, AID or its successor agency should develop a "compatible" but separate personnel system designed to attract and retain high-quality development professionals.

#### RECOMMENDATION (156)

State USIA CSC USIA's personnel system, under the new agency we have proposed, should continue as a separate system with "compatible" regulations. FSIO's should not be merged as a cone of the FSO Corps. The new agency should develop the unique kind of staff required to coordinate and manage the increasingly important exchanges and contracts through private channels.

#### RECOMMENDATION (157)

State, OMB CSC The President should direct key domestic agencies (through the Secretary of State, OMB, and the Civil Service Commission) to take steps to strengthen their personnel systems in order to participate more effectively in the development and execution of foreign policy.

#### RECOMMENDATION (158)

State OMB CSC General rules and standards should be issued to guide development of a family of compatible, agency-run systems.

#### RECOMMENDATION (159)

State The President designate certain executive jobs and the men who Defense hold them as part of a Foreign Affairs Executive Service. The OMB designated jobs would be filled only after a systematic executive CSC search across the various agencies feeder systems.

#### RECOMMENDATION (160)

State The President should instruct the Head of each Agency involved Defense to improve Executive Development Programs within his agency, OMB based on policy guidelines to ensure that each "feeder" system CSC makes an optimum contribution to the government-wide approach.

# Approved For Release 2006/09/07 : CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8 RECOMMENDATION (161)

State a. Prime responsibility for support of the President in implementing
Defense the Foreign Affairs Executive Service would be placed in the Secretary
OMB of State, under a Presidential charter. It would be accomplished
CSC largely through expansion of the Executive Development Staff
reporting to the Under Secretary for Management.

b. This staff should also organize an annual executive manpower review to monitor progress of agency programs and key individuals with executive potential.

#### RECOMMENDATION (162)

State The FSI program should be expanded to handle the principal Defense language and foreign affairs training for all agencies. Its name CIA should be changed to Foreign Affairs Institute (FAI) to recognize the broader mission.

#### RECOMMENDATION (163)

State The funding of FAI should be made entirely reimbursable with OMB State and other participants paying their share of the costs in the form of tuition. A revolving fund should be established to permit financial planning on a long-term basis.

#### RECOMMENDATION (164)

State Steps should be taken to provide better FAI facilities in the OMB Washington area. Appropriations should be sought for this purpose.

# RECOMMENDATION (165)

State

State should develop a process for providing an annual statement of training requirements and for evaluation of performance in meeting those requirements.

## RECOMMENDATION (166)

State OMB

AID

USIA

- a. Revoke E.O. 11636 as it now stands.
- b. Continue to exempt Foreign Service Officers as Presidential appointees from the main provisions of E.O. 11491.
- c. Extend a similar exemption to FSIO's and FSR's of the three agencies -- i.e., all rank-in-the-man professionals.
- d. Provide for representation of the above officers through AFSA, or other organizations, as professional associations.
- e. Provide all other employees of State, AID, and USIA representation and bargaining rights under E.O. 11491.

#### RECOMMENDATION (167)

State

- a. Establish a single focal point in State for mobilizing the neccessary management resources to conduct effective EMR [Employee-Management Relations]: the proposed Under Secretary for Management, supported by an experienced professional staff with continuity.
- b. Enforce the use of this Office as the management channel in dealing with employee organizations.
  - c. Clarify the EMR policies.

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RECOMMENDATION (168)

State Labor OMB A1D USIA CSC

- a. The Board of the Foreign Service should be taken out of the employee-management relations business. In its place, general oversight should be given to a new seven-man Foreign Affairs Council composed of representatives of State (two members including the chairman), AID, USIA, Labor, CSC and OMB who have expertise in the EMR field. The council would be advisory to the Secretary as to the operation of the EMR system and as to policy required to make the system work.
- b. The Disputes Panel should continue to settle all cases brought, subject only to review by the heads of Foreign Affairs agencies.
- c. There should be provision for fixed-period contracts, thus eliminating the current "rolling" negotiations.
  - d. Interagency consultation requirements should be strengthened.
- e. Discretionary benefits should be removed from the bargaining either by amending the Order or by assigning the determination to OMB, CSC, or some agency outside State.

Approved For Release 2006/09/07 : CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8 RECOMMENDA (169)

The Congress should adopt, by concurrent resolution, a statement that a national commitment—meaning a promise to assist a foreign country, government or people by the use of the armed forces or financial resources of the United States, either immediately or upon the happening of certain events—results only from affirmative action taken by the Legislative and Executive Branches of the United States Government by means of a treaty, statute, or concurrent resolution of both Houses of Congress specifically providing for such commitment.

# RECOMMENDATION (170)

The national emergencies should be terminated by law and that all statutes delegating authority in time of national emergency should be repealed or revised to conform to the provisions of the proposed Nation Emergencies Act.

# RECOMMENDATION (171)

Any future declarations of national emergency should specify the statutory powers required to meet such an emergency; that all national emergencies should be terminable at any time by concurrent resolution or by Presidential proclamation; and that in the absence of extension by Congress, provision should be made for termination.

# Approved For Release 2006/09/07 : CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8 RECOMMENDATION (172)

Congress should establish procedures to limit the occasions for dispute between the two branches, and to provide for the swiftest resolution of conflicts should they arise. These procedures should regularize the process whereby either House or a committee of either House may seek information. They should also establish the steps whereby, if that information is denied and the House or committee in question should deem the claim of privilege unjustified, the matter can be referred to the federal courts for expeditious resolution.

#### RECOMMENDATION (173)

We propose that the Congress consider legislation establishing a comprehensive system for classification based on the following guidelines:

- a. The mandatory classification, in one of several degrees of classification, of specified types of information relating principally to the national defense and the sources and methods of intelligence.
- b. The mandatory exemption from classification of other specified types of information, relating principally to U.S. actions in violation of U.S. law.
- c. The discretion, lodged in appropriate officials, to classify or exempt from classification all other information on the basis of specified criteria which balance the need for secrecy against the potential value of disclosure.
- d. A comprehensive system of automatic downgrading and declassification.
- e. The application of specified sanctions to persons violating the terms of the system, including criminal penalties for the unauthorized release of properly classified information, and significant administrative sanctions applicable to over-classification.
- f. The availability of legal process to resolve any questions arising from classification decisions.

#### RECOMMENDATION (174)

In both the review of candidates and in the consideration of nominees, the Senate should continue to require of persons under consideration familiarity either with the country to which the nominee is to be accredited, or experience in the formulation or practice of U.S. foreign policy, or some other substantial and relevant set of qualifications.

#### RECOMMENDATION (175)

The Commission recommends greater use of report-back requirements for both executive testimony and written reports from executive officials to the Congress, and more frequest incorporation of statutory time limits in proposed legislation, particularly on new programs and policies.

#### RECOMMENDATION (176)

In the House we propose that the Committee on International Relations be accorded "special oversight functions" over reciprocal tariff agreements, in addition to its other responsibilities for trade policy issues.

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RECOMMENDATION (177)

The House Committee on International Relations should exercise concurrent legislative oversight over international financial organizations, together with the House Committee on Banking and Currency.

#### RECOMMENDATION (178)

From the point of view of improving Congress' ability to consider foreign policy matters efficiently and effectively, therefore, a review by the Senate of its own committee system now seems appropriate. The Commission strongly recommends such a review.

## RECOMMENDATION (179)

The Commision recommends fuller utilization of subcommittees to strengthen the basis of committee action, and to provide greater interchange with working-level executive officials at the Assistant and Under Secretary levels. It also recommends increased use of joint hearings by subcommittees to meet part of the need, expressed clearly in Congressional responses to the survey, conducted by this Commission, for better coordination of the actions of the Congress in the foreign policy field.

#### RECOMMENDATION (180)

In the Commission's view, a Joint Committee on National Security should be established. It should perform for the Congress the kinds of policy review and coordination now performed in the executive branch by the National Security Council, and provide a central point of linkage to the President and to the officials at that Council. In addition it should take responsibility for Congressional oversight of the Intelligence Community.

# Approved For Release 2006/09/07 : CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8 RECOMMENDATION (181)

The Commission recommends that the Joint Committee be vested with the following specific jurisdictions and authorities:

- a. Receipt, analysis and referral (along with any recommendations it may consider appropriate) of reports from the President under the War Powers Act.
- b. Receipt and review of analytic products of the intelligence community.
- c. Oversight (in conjunction with the executive branch) of the system of information classification discussed above.
- d. Establishment and maintenance of facilities and procedures for storage and handling of classified information and materials supplied to the Congress.
- 'e. Establishment of a code of conduct to govern the handling by Committee members of classified or sensitive information.

# RECOMMENDATION (182)

We propose that the Joint Committee:

- a. Consider the creation of a statutory system of information classification, and (if intelligence oversight is assigned to it).
- b. Be granted authority for annual authorization of funds for the intelligence community.

# Approved For Release 2006/09/07 : CIA-RDP80B01495R000900070010-8 RECOMMENDAT\_N (183)

A central Congressional repository for written reports to Congress from executive branch agencies, efficient procedures for making such reports available to all interested Members, and convenient means for maintaining security of classified reports, should be developed, as proposed above, by the Joint Committee on National Security.

#### RECOMMENDATION (184)

The Commission recommends that Congress designate the Joint Committee on Congressional Operations as responsible for representing the interests of the Congress as a whole and authorized to provide the Congressional Research Service with policy guidance, assistance in security resources, and some measure of insulation against the lower priority concern which deflect it from sustained work on major issues, thus insuring that some part of the CRS staff is able to focus steadily on issues to which Congress as a whole accords high priority.

#### RECOMMENDATION (185)

The Commission recommends that the House Commission on Information and Facilities, created as part of the Committee Reform Amendments of 1974, look with special care at the research support available to Congress when legislating in foreign policy. We also suggest that the Information Commission seek better management of Congressional use of research by designating the Joint Committee on Congressional Operations to oversee research organizations; and that it seek to facilitate wider use by the Congress of the policy research capabilities of universities and non-profit research centers.

#### RECOMMENDATION (186)

The Commission recommends the publication of a summary of the Foreign and International Relations Committees research interests and priorities.

#### RECOMMENDATION (187)

In the judgment of the Commission, more extended travel by Members, the preparation of special reports based on staff travel abroad (particularly Foreign and International Relations Committees investigative staff), and increased travel by teams of Members rather than individuals are highly desirable.

#### RECOMMENDATION (188)

Foreign travel reporting requirements should be extended to the entire Congress, and an improved system of circulating, monitoring, and evaluating these reports developed.

#### RECOMMENDATION (189)

Through carefully organized hearings Congress can provide the critical review of U.S. purposes, and of their relation to shorter-term policy, necessary to test their soundness and coherence, and to generate the public understanding and support without which, in the end, they cannot succeed.

RECOMMENDATION (190)

Recent trends toward opening the deliberations of Congress on major foreign policy issues should be encouraged. Committee hearings should routinely be open for television. At the discretion of the House and Senate, under their respective rules, consideration should also be given to making floor debates on major foreign policy issues available to public and commercial television on a case-by-case basis.

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