Approved For Release 2001/03/04 13/QIA-RDP80-01601I STATINTL

Mio Washington Merry-Go-Round

LBJ Recalls Kosygin Backdown in 67

By Jack Anderson

-In his memoirs, Lyndon Johnson describes in harrowing detail how he maneuvered the Sixth Fleet in response to a hot-line threat of Soviet military action against Israel in 1967 and how he faced down Premier Alexei Kosygin over the Middle East during their subsequent meeting at Glass. boro, N.J.

Here are the highlights from our bootleg copy of the

Johnson memoirs:

At the height of the Arab-Is-raeli six-day war, the Presi-dent received a grim, hot-line message from Kosygin threatening "necessary actions, in-cluding military" unless Israel halted its operations unconditionally within a few hours.

There was other provocative language in the message. Declares Mr. Johnson: "In an exchange between heads of government, these were serious words: 'very crucial moment,' 'catastrophe,' 'Independent decisions,' 'military actions.'

"The room was deathly still as we carefully studied this grave communication. I turned to (Defense Secretary) McNa-Fleet now?' I asked him."

The fleet had orders to stay at least 100 miles from the Sylines . . .
rian coast, The President told "At that point, he came McNamara "to issue orders at close to issuing a threat. Unat least 100 miles from the Sy-

Situation Room later recorded hands . . . their memories of that morning. (Ambassador to Russia)
Llewellyn Thompson recalled it as a 'time of great concern and utmost gravity.' (CIA Disland Malaga remains a strong and recommendation of the strong and recommendation of the strong and the Russians in Hanoi?

"Someone suggested that How the strong of t rector) Richard Helms remembered that 'the atmosphere was tense' and that conversation was conducted in the low- big war. If they fight, I hope to respond, we were 'paper tiest voices I had ever heard in they fight with fists and not gers'; if we hit back, Soviet a meeting of that kind.'

"We all knew the Russians would get the message as soon | both our countries could keep as their monitors observed the change in the fleet's pattern. That message, which no translator would need to interpret to the Kremlin leadership, was that the United States was prepared to resist Soviet intrusion in the Middle East."

The crisis faded and, not and Kosygin held a friendly, wakened me so early in the the night. I can't ask our face-to-face meeting in Glassboro, N.J.

"At only one point in our close to becoming really heated," recalls LBJ. "He said we had talked about territorial indirectly, in an earlier crisis, tion of the moment: integrity before the Middle He was in Hanoi on Feb. 6, East war, but we had ended mara, Where is the Sixth by protecting aggression. He

once to change the course and cust to issuing a timeat. Ohr electric tension in the air. Divided the course and cust the restriction to 50 miles. The declared, there would be a serious as he considered the the most doubtful man in the war—'a very great war.' He possible consequences of this room."

gave the orders over the said the Arabs would fight decision. Each man around . Rell-Mcolure Gyndlests

phone. No one else said a with arms if they had them that table knew how crucial word. Some of the men in the and, if not, with bare such action could be. How

> derstand one another. I hope Chi Minh had mousetrapped there will be no war. If there the Soviet leader by attacking is a war, I hope it will not be a us during his visit. If, we failed with guns.

> out of any Middle East explosion because if we do get into while Kosygin was still in it, it will be a most serious Hanoi. LBJ explained at a se-

matter' . . .

The crisis faded and, not ing the recent six-day war. Ko the result? They are killing long afterward, Mr. Johnson sygin apologized for having our men while they sleep in morning through the hot line.' American soldiers out there But, he added, together we to continue to fight with one had 'accomplished more on hand tied behind their backs." first session did Kosygin seem that one day than others could accomplish in three years.' "

Kosygin was also involved, bombing stopped. His recollec-1965, when Communist guerril- men assembled around the las struck a U.S. barracks at long cabinet table and asked

electric tension in the air. Ev. do,' said another . . . I had

would Hanoi react? Would the "If they fight with weapons, Chinese Communists use it as

ith guns.' prestige might be further in"I told him that I hoped volved."

The President went ahead with the first bombing attack cret briefing for congressional "Kosygin noted that we now leaders: "We have kept our had the hot line and could gun over the mantel and our use that whenever necessary shells in the cupboard for a as we had to good effect dur-long time now. And what was to continue to fight with one

More than three years later, Mr. Johnson ordered the futile

"I looked, one by one, at the

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