This Document contains information affecting the National Defense of the United States, within the meaning of Title 18, Sections 793 and 794, of the U.S. Code, as amended. Its transmission or revelation of its contents to or receipt by an unauthorised person is prohibited by law. The reproduction of this form is prohibited.					25X
COUNTRY	USSR (Arctic)		REPORT		25)
SUBJECT	1. Port of Kem 2. Sighting of Delta-s	haped Aircraft	DATE DISTR.	1 April 1955	25X1
DATE OF INFO.			REQUIREMENT		25 X 1
PLACE ACQUIRED			REFERENCES		
	This is UNEV	ALUATED Information	on		
		ALUATIONS IN THIS REPORT PRAISAL OF CONTENT IS TEI (FOR KEY SEE REVERSE)			
		(FOR RET SEE RETERDE)			25)
beneat chips heavy pier i the pl	e piers in Kem were man h the timbers. Inside and refuse from the saplanks. The harbor in the extreme north seanking looked new. The No railroad tracks led	of this there was wmill. On top of astallations were i action of the harbo we remains of an ol	s filling which c this there was a n very poor condi or looked relative d pier ran parall	onsisted of flooring of tion. The ly solid, and	25X1
beneat chips heavy pier i the pl one. 3. The pi to 3,0 boards own wi lighte the mo treads	h the timbers. Inside and refuse from the sa planks. The harbor in n the extreme north se anking looked new. Th	of this there was waill. On top of istallations were istion of the harbous remains of an old out onto the pier of the No. 1 was used there could load a The planks were 1 loaded by boom were towed to the On the pier there A railroad spur ca	s. filling which ce this there was a n very poor condi or looked relative depier ran parall to be soviet steel at the same time. Oaded aboard the is which were moor quay by tugboats was a crane mount me down to the pi	consisted of flooring of tion. The ly solid, and el to the new lighters of 2,000 They took on lighters with theied beside the which came from ted on caterpillar er. The outer-	ir
beneat chips heavy pier i the pl one. 3. The pi to 3,0 boards own wi lighte the mo treads most p	h the timbers. Inside and refuse from the sa planks. The harbor in n the extreme north se anking looked new. The No railroad tracks led er marked No. 8 on ske 00 tons each. Two lig and/or round timber. nches; the timber was rs. The timber booms uth of the Kem River. which was not used. art of the spur lay un	of this there was waill. On top of stallations were is stallations were is stallations of an old out onto the pier out onto the planks were I loaded by boom were towed to the On the pier there A railroad spur can der the planking at 10 on sketch No. 1 the Soviet lighter	s filling which ce this there was a n very poor condi or looked relative depier ran parall to be soviet steel at the same time. The same time or quay by tugboats was a crane mount me down to the pind could not be un. This pier was a case was a change time down to the pind could not be un. This pier was a change time time was a change time time time time time time time tim	consisted of flooring of tion. The ly solid, and el to the new lighters of 2,000 They took on lighters with the ed beside the which came from ted on caterpillar er. The outersed. about three feet the water was	ir

The broken line on sketch No. 1 shows the fenced-in area of the sawmill. the fence may have extended farther to the south than 25X1 shown on the sketch but in any case the sawmill area was not as large as inthere were dicated on Admiralty Chart 2061. 300 people working at the sawmill, most of whom were women. The sawmill operated on a 24-hour basis. It was forbidden to smoke in the sawmill area 25X1 except in one of the sheds. 8. The railroad line from Kem was a single track line that passed over the northernmost of the two bridges between the mainland and Rabocheostrovsk (N 65-00, E 34-48). The bridge consisted of compact filler except for a short straight span nearest the mainland side (see sketch No. 3). The railroad line and a telephone line with two wires on a row of poles crossed the bridge. There was a mud bottom in the sound between the bridge linking Rabocheostrovsk and the mainland; the sound was practically dry at low tide. The telephone line originated from the railroad station. The railroad line divided into four tracks. One track curved toward the new pier area but it did not go all the way out to it. This track was used to shift the railroad cars. A second track continued 25X1 in a straight line and then curved to the right near the quay used by the Soviet lighters. The third and fourth tracks were parallel, first in a southeasterly direction along the station platform and then in toward the 25X1

sawmill area. It was possible that the double tracks ran together again in

in use constantly. Within the sawmill area a number of small green closed

few small green passenger cars. There were no tank trucks or other special

the sawmill area

trucks were observed.

cars at the station

Along the platform at the railroad station

water there was a tall chimney braced by stays. There were a number of wooden houses in the area around the sawmill. Some of them had towers on the roofs.

<u>S-E-C-R-E-T</u> 25X1

These tracks were

some trucks and a

25X1

25X1

Approved For Release 2008/05/12: CIA-RDP80-00810A006300170007-0

S-R-C-R-R-₩

-3-

9. There were five or six trains daily in both directions on the stretch between Kem and the Kem docking area. The trains were composed of eight to ten boxcars and three or four passenger cars. The railroad station itself was a two-story wooden building. One half of it was taken up by the waiting room, in which there was a window to the ticket counter. There was a door on which a sign indicated it was a cashier's office, and a door to the control room where there was a telephone. In the other half of the building there was a restaurant where one could buy vodka, sandwiches, candy, or cigarettes.

There were several wooden houses in the station area which were living quarters for the railroad employees. In addition, there was an ancient storehouse with a loading ramp which extended toward the track that led down to the quay area. The storehouse was always empty except on the afternoon of 28 July four or five soldiers in olive-drab uniforms without insignia standing around the warehouse. On the loading platform in front of the warehouse there were some field-green rectangular objects about one meter long, fifty centimeters wide, and eighty centimeters high. They resembled units or stationary motors (sic).

25X1

25X1

20/

25**Y**1

11. The roads around the railroad station and the streets in the harbor settlement on the southern part of the island had plank surfaces which were in some places quite solid. The road from the railroad station toward the south on the west side of the sawmill area was laid out on hard and compact chip fillings. The road continued over to the mainland, where there were large holes in some places; the holes were crossed by wooden bridges (sic) which were in poor condition. A theatrical group from Leningrad which came to present a play at the Seamen's Club had to park their large busses on the mainland. The players' equipment was brought to the club in trucks.

six or eight trucks, each with a capacity of three to three and a half tons. There was also a truck with a crane mounted on the rear platform, and a type of bulldozer which was either a rectangular tractor with a caterpfllar tread or a rebuilt military vehicle with a scoop in front.

25X1

- 13. The telegraph and telephone station was located in an old wooden building (No. 20 on sketch No. 1) in the settlement on the southern part of the island. From this building the telephone lines ran on poles to a number of the local buildings. A row of telephone lines extended in a northerly direction between the road and the fence to the settlement around the railroad station; another row of poles carrying many lines extended via the roadbed to the mainland. There were red fire extinguishers hanging on most of the telephone poles.
- 14. A large and fairly dilapidated wooden building (No. 13 on sketch No. 1) was located on the sound not far from the roadbed; it housed garages and possibly a small repair shop. There were always several trucks parked outside, among them the tow truck and the bulldozer mentioned in paragraph 12. In the southern settlement on the island a large wooden building was under construction (No. 17 on sketch No. 1). It was almost completed and had a tower on the roof. Three large gates faced the street. Inside there was a one-piece floor and garage space for four or five trucks. There was a repair trench in the floor. The building resembled a firehouse. There was an old wooden building (No. 18 on sketch No. 1) where persons came with buckets and purchased water. They paid at a window before they drew water from a pump near the wall of the building.
- 15. In addition to the telephone line above the roadbed, there was also a row of poles carrying electric wires. The insulators were not large and the entire arrangement gave no indication of being high tension equipment. Most of the houses in the Kem harbor area were made of wood. Many of them were log cabins without cellars or foundations. The older buildings were often leaning over as a result of the movements caused by the frost in the ground. There were no smoking signs posted in several places in the settlements, but little attention was paid to this regulation.

S-E-C-R-E-T

25X1

	Approved For Release 2008/05/12 : CIA-RDP80-00810A006300170007-0	
	R-R-C-R-R-T	
		25 X 1
	-4-	
and 280	1415 hours on 4 August, four jet fighters were seen flying in a V-formation, a moment later three more were seen. All were flying on a course of about degrees and at an altitude of 1,000 to 1,500 meters. Each aircraft had one engine with an intake in the nose and exhaust at the end of the fuselage. body and wings of the aircraft were definitely delta-shaped.	
Lege	end to the Sketch of Kem Harbor Area:	•
1.	Relatively solid projection with new planked surface. Along the length of this pier and beside it there were the remains of an old pier. No railroad tracks led out onto the pier.	
2.	A large wooden building with a half-round roof. On the roof there was a platform and a mast; on several occasions, guards were observed on the platform.	
3.	A canteen.	
4.	Bridge, which consisted of compact filler except for a short straight span near the mainland side.	
	Storehouse, where everyday necessities were stored.	
6.	Pier. There was usually a cutter about fifty feet long at the pier. The cutter was manned by sailors. On one occasion, wooden crates were loaded aboard the cutter; on one crate the words "Corn Beef", and on another "Armour".	25X1
7.	Railroad station; a two-story building.	, ,
8.	Pier, used by Soviet lighters.	
9.	Gate to the sawmill area.	
10.	Pier, at which ship was berthed.	25 X 1
11.	Basin, which was full of chips and debris. There were no boats or piers in the basin.	
12.	Gate to the sawmill area; between the gate and No. 18 there was a handball court. On the other side of the street there was a kindergarten with a playground.	
13.	Large and fairly dilapidated building housing garages and possibly a repair shop.	
14.	Sawmill buildings.	
15.	Not indicated.	
16.	A canteen	
17.	Large wooden building under construction.	
i8.	Old wooden building, where persons purchased water.	

16.

25X1

21. Pier in the basin, where the control commission's motor launch was moored.

23. Seamen's Club; a white stone building with wooden additions.

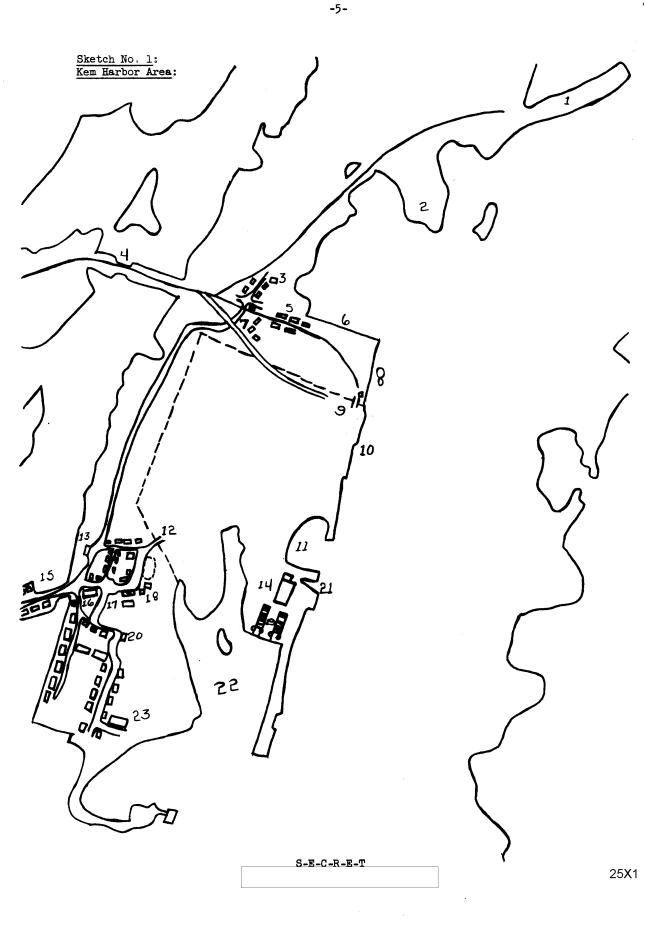
S-E-C-R-E-T

19. Two paternoster hoists.

20. Telegraph and telephone station.

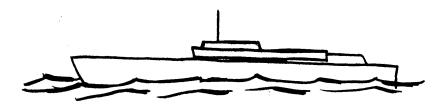
22. Large basin protected by a timber pier.

S-E-C-R-E-T 25X1

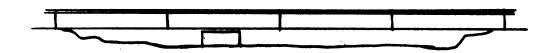


S-E-C-R-E-T
25X1

Sketch No. 2: Soviet MTB:



Sketch No. 3: Bridge between Mainland and Rabocheostrosk:



25X1

