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NEW PROCEDURES, PRODUCTION INCREASES
OF RUMANIAN PETROLEUM ENTERPRISES, NOVEMBER 1952

BOLDESTI OIL WELL WORKERS SET EXAMPLE IN USING SOVIET METHODS -- Bucharest, Scanteia, 28 Nov 52

Oil well drillers who initiated the expansion of Soviet methods at the Sovrompetrol-Boldesti oil field are exceeding production. Red banners have been hoisted at all points of the oil field, on highways leading to wells, at boilers, and in reservoir parks. Loud-speakers announce results of the competition output constantly.

Technical discussions for the popularization and application of Soviet methods were held by the workers. Hundreds of drillers, foremen, and brigade leaders discussed the details outlined by engineers. They requested the oil well management to create the best possible technical and organizational conditions for expansion of the use of Soviet methods.

At meetings held at every working unit and oil well, workers undertook concrete obligations to apply Soviet methods at their working stations. In a short time, the example was followed by hundreds of petroleum workers and technicians of the entire Boldesti oil field.

Experimental work developed with enthusiasm in every production sector. Such experimental methods as intensive high-speed drilling, single-column tubing, technological study of wells, and acidation and chemical treatment gave exceptionally good results.

Each production sector of the oil field began applying the Soviet Kotlyar method as well as other Soviet methods. More than 100 qualification contracts were signed in the drilling and extraction sectors alone. Furthermore, 456 drillers, foremen, and brigade leaders successfully applied the Soviet Voroshin method in November 1952.

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The brigade of Dumitru Gheorghe saved 420,000 lei by applying the single-column tubing method and other Soviet methods. Stakhanovite Ilie Savu and his brigade saved 416,752 lei on tubing and chemicals. Likewise, Ion Nicorescu's brigade saved 480,000 lei on tubing and 99,437 lei on chemicals.

Drillers engaged in extraction work also obtained exceptionally good results. Seven brigades successfully applied technical studies. Six brigades successfully used the new procedure of Stakhanovite Dumitru Arjan. Through this procedure, production time was shortened 44.69 percent in October 1952, and 29 percent between 1 and 15 November 1952. Also, the drillers supplied 19.36 percent more crude petroleum between 1 and 18 November 1952.

The party committee received daily requests from workers' collectives throughout Rumania for details on the Boldesti plan. Numerous collectives such as those of Resita, Comanesti, Tintea, and Zemes have adopted it.

Bucharest, Scanteia, 18 Nov 52

The Ploesti Regiune Committee closely studied the Boldesti plan in order to introduce it in the largest possible number of enterprises.

The number of petroleum industry workers applying Soviet methods increased to 2,153, after initiative had been taken at Boldesti.

SOVROMPETROL-DRAGOMIRESTI OIL FIELD ACHIEVES GOOD RESULTS -- Bucharest, Scanteia, 20 Nov 52

The collective of the Sovrompetrol-Dragomiresti oil field fulfilled the 1952 production quota on 16 November 1952 and started to drill crude petroleum for 1953.

The cost per ton of crude petroleum was reduced 8.56 percent more than planned. The workers saved 736,000 lei up to 16 November 1952. Likewise, productivity increased 10 percent through the use of Soviet machines and equipment.

Drillers of brigades headed by Constantin Catana, Ion Chiranoiu, Ion Apostol, and others were exceptional in their achievements.

TARGOVISTE OIL FIELD EXCEEDS 1952 QUOTA -- Bucharest, Romania Libera, 18 Nov 52

Targoviste, leading oil field of Sovrompetrol, exceeded its 1952 quota 7.4 percent in 10 months. Stakhanovites and leading workers Gheorghe Iancu, Ion Popescu, Ion Mitidiuc, and Dumitru Arjan showed exceptional achievements.

WORKERS OF VALEA TAZLAULUI PROMISE TO EXCEED QUOTA -- Bucharest, Scanteia, 26 Nov 52

Dumitru Pahontu, president of Bacau Regiune People's Council, gave the opening speeches at meetings for Valea Tazlaului petroleum workers in Zemes and Moinesti. He praised the achievements of petroleum workers between 1950 and 1952. Another speaker, Stakhanovite Toader Negoita, stated that more construction work in the oil field had been carried out in these 2 years than in any previous 20 years.

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Workers and leaders of the Valea Tazlului oil field sent a telegram to Gheorghe Gheorghiu-Dej promising to deliver 90,000 tons of crude petroleum above the quota by election day, 30 November 1952.

WORKERS OF SOVROMPETROL-MOINESTI ACHIEVE GOOD RESULTS -- Bucharest, Scanteia, 19 Nov 52

Workers and technicians of Trust No 4, Sovrompetrol-Moinesti, showed good results in competition work for election day, 30 November 1952. They fulfilled the extraction quota for 1952 in 10 months and 4 days. They began shipping the first tons of crude petroleum for 1953 on 14 November 1952.

Labor productivity in the extraction of petroleum in 1952 was 5.99 percent greater than planned. Production costs were cut 5.7 percent.

Stakhanovites Haralambie Craciun, Stelian Neagu, Gheorghe Mirea, Pavel Apostolescu, Alexandru Jechila, Natalia Agache, and others were among petroleum workers of Trust No 4 who fulfilled their quotas ahead of schedule. They doubled their daily norms.

Office No 1 led the production offices and was the holder of the Red Banner for petroleum production in Rumania.

Bucharest, Romania Libera, 19 Nov 52

Petroleum workers of Office No 2, Sovrompetrol-Moinesti, exceeded their quota 37.6 percent in the first 7 days of November 1952 through application of the Boldesti plan. Three brigades led by Constantin Apostolescu, Iona Albarut, and Petre Lichi exceeded their daily quotas 124.3 percent, 112.4 percent, and 102 percent, respectively.

Petroleum workers of Office No 3, Sovrompetrol-Modarza, reported on 6 November 1952 that they had fulfilled their crude petroleum extraction quota for 1952.

Bucharest, Viata Sindicala, 13 Nov 52

Trust No 4, Sovrompetrol-Moinesti, under production Office No 3 successfully fulfilled its 1952 quota on 4 November 1952. More than 94 percent of its workers engaged in competitions and applied Soviet methods and the new technique of Stakhanovite Dumitru Arjan. Production costs were reduced 8 lei per ton of crude petroleum. The workers saved 75,798 lei, although they had pledged a saving of only 20,000 lei. The brigade of Alexandru Curelaru, for example, was able to save 30,796 lei.

Drillers and leaders in production such as Ioan Rusei, Stan Apostol, Angela Chislapac, and Stan Pasarica made special efforts in helping to reach the goal.

OUTSTANDING PETROLEUM WORKERS RECEIVE AWARDS -- Bucharest, Scanteia, 29 Nov 52

Twenty-five Stakhanovites of the petroleum industry received the Honor Diploma and 27 leaders in production received the Honor Insignia at a celebration which took place at the Ministry of Petroleum Industry on 28 November 1952. Constantin Mateescu, Minister of the Petroleum Industry, congratulated the Stakhanovites and leaders in production.

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Officials of the ministry, of the Sovrompetrol General Directorate, and of the Federation of Petroleum and Methane Gas Unions, as well as winners of state prizes and Stakhanovites Dumitru Arjun, Ioan Popa, Timoftei Prunache, and Gheorghe Enescu, participated in this celebration.

The promise to expand the use of Soviet methods and to increase petroleum production was made and accepted by the workers with enthusiasm.

PETROLEUM FIELDS REACTIVATED -- Bucharest, Romania Libera, 13 Nov 52

Technicians and workers of Ploesti Reguine oil fields enthusiastically acknowledged the initiative taken by geologists at Trust No 1, Sovrompetrol-Campina, Ploesti Regiune. These geologists volunteered to give assistance in reactivating abandoned oil wells. Numerous discussions and meetings were held to solve problems connected with this.

Eighteen wells were returned to production at Baicoi and Tintea, which belong to Trust No 1, Sovrompetrol-Campina. Brigades headed by Alexandru Dogaru, Ion Viziru, and Gheorghe Barliga performed exceptional work in this assignment. Furthermore, 14 wells were restored to operation at Trust No 2, Sovrompetrol-Moreni. The engineers and technicians collective at Gura-Ocnitei studied carefully the potentialities of the oil field and pledged to return many wells to production.

At the same time, production of old oil fields was improved considerably. For example, the crude petroleum extraction quota for the Baicoi oil field was fulfilled 100.3 percent by 25 October 1952. Likewise, the Tintea and Campina oil fields exceeded their quotas.

The same enthusiasm was shown by a geologists' collective, headed by Engineer Ion Alexandrescu of the Ochiuri petroleum field. After a thorough study of the abandoned wells and of those with low output, the collective made numerous proposals. Through their application, many wells will be returned to production in this field.

In a speech at a recent meeting held in Ploesti, Engineer C. Rapeanu of Trust No 1, Sovrompetrol-Campina, described the new technique and manner of its organization. This gave the movement an added stimulus.

WORKSHOP OF SOVROMUTILAJ-PETROLIFER 1 MAI DESIGNATED A STAKHANOVITE SECTION -- Bucharest, Romania Libera, 12 Nov 52

Workshop No II of Sovromutilaj-Petrolifer 1 Mai at Ploesti was declared early in 1952 to be the leading section of the plant, because of the exceptionally good results it had obtained. It was designated a Stakhanovite section at a special celebration. This honor was earned by the special efforts of workers in the application of the Bykov-Bortkevich metal-cutting method, the Zhandarova-Agafonova method, and other methods.

Many workers of this section attended courses at three Stakhanovite schools within the section to raise their qualifications. The number of Stakhanovites increased to 49, and that of leading workers to 280. Numerous production brigades, including two Stakhanovite brigades, worked with good results. The index of machine use was improved 2.6 percent in the third quarter 1952, and the quota was fulfilled 106.6 percent. Work productivity increased 26 percent, as compared to the same period in 1951. Rejects were reduced 0.1 percent, and production costs of finished products cut 15.55 percent.

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Workers Constantin Prusan, Ion Paraschiv, Zamfir Colteanu, Alexandru Gliga, and others began work on 1954 quotas. The majority of the section's collective was producing spare parts for the 1953 quota. Due to exceptional results in completing and exceeding quotas, the youth workshop of the same plant was designated a Stakhanovite shop.

Five youth brigades had outstanding work results as a result of attending Stakhanovite school within the plant. Stakhanovite Petre Sandulescu's brigade succeeded in reducing time for spool winding by means of an innovation. The brigades headed by Chivu Constantin and Petre Dumitru also obtained outstanding results. Their units finished their allotted quotas in October 1952, and started production for 1953.

TELEAJEN OIL WELL EQUIPMENT WORKS BEGINS 1953 PRODUCTION -- Bucharest, Viata Sindicala, 28 Nov 52

Workers of the Teleajen Oil Well Equipment Works began production for 1953 on 24 November 1952. They fulfilled the 1952 plan in 10 months and 24 days, because of intensified work and application of Soviet methods. Some 17.34 percent more workers engaged in competitions in 1952 than in 1951. The number of workers applying advanced methods was three times greater than in 1951. Productivity was 8.79 percent greater in 1952 than in 1951.

Attention was given to raising workers' qualifications. The schooling plan was exceeded 30 percent, and Stakhanovite schools were organized. Some 27 innovations out of 49 submitted had been adopted as of November 1952, saving 111,741 lei.

Measures to improve production included mechanization of work, mounting of a central cooling system at lathes, high-speed cutting, and installation of two rolling bridges.

Stakhanovite Dragos Niculescu's brigade of electrical well drillers continually exceeded its norm more than 130 percent. Alexandru Zafin's metal worker brigade completed a dog house 8 days ahead of schedule.

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