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SECURITY CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

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Sovkhoznaya Gazeta

USSR WEATHER REPORTS 30 OCTOBER - 14 NOVEMBER 1951

1 November 1951

On 30 and 31 October, slightly cloudy, cold weather prevailed in the southern half of the European USSR. In the eastern Ukraine, North Caucasus, and lower Volga Region, the temperature dropped to 6-10 and locally to 12 degrees below zero (all degrees centigrade) during the night and did not rise higher than 1-2 degrees above zero during the day. Cold weather with strong winds continued to prevail in the eastern European USSR and in the Urals. Snow cover 2-5 and locally up to 10 centimeters deep is lying on the ground east and north of a line running through Molotov, Ural'sk, and Aktyubinsk.
During the day, temperatures were 7 degrees below zero in Sverdlovsk, 9 below zero in Ufa and Chkalov.

Comparatively warm, overcast weather with local precipitation in the form of light rain or snow continued in the northwestern, northern, and central regions of the European USSR. Daytime temperatures were 6 degrees in Petrozavodsk and Velikiye Luki, 5 in Vologda, 4 in Arkhangel'sk, 3 in Leningrad and Orel, and 2 in Moscow, Riga, Kursk, and Voronezh.

Overcast weather with snowfalls, strong winds, and local snowstorms was observed in West Siberia and northern Kazakhstan. Daytime temperatures were 5 degrees below zero in Omsk, 3 below zero in Novosibirsk, and 2 below zero in Barnaul.

It was warm and mostly dry in Krasnoyarsk Kray and in southern Irkutsk Oblast. During the day, temperatures rose to 9 degrees in Irkutsk, 4 degrees in Krasnoyarsk.

3 November 1951

On 1 and 2 November, it became warmer in the southern half of the European USSR including the central regions. Clear weather continued, with

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light frosts during the night and morning. In connection with the warmer weather, the snow cover which had formed earlier in some areas of Yaroslavl' and Kostroma oblasts disappeared. On 2 November, noon temperatures in the north-western, central, and southeastern European USSR were about 4-5 degrees above zero. Frosts were less severe in the Urals and adjoining areas. Daytime temperatures there were 1-2 degrees below zero, as compared with 7-9 degrees below zero the day before.

It was comparatively warm and dry in the southern Ukraine and North Caucasus. Daytime temperatures there were about 9-11 degrees.

Overcast weather with precipitation mostly in the form of snow continued in the northern regions. Daytime temperatures ranged from zero to one degree above zero.

Overcast weather with light snowfalls, strong winds, and local snowstorms was observed in West Siberia. Daytime temperatures were 3 degrees below zero in Novosibirsk, one below zero in Barnaul, and zero in Omsk.

Cold, cloudy weather continued in most of Kazakhstan and Central Asia. Temperatures were 1-2 degrees below zero during the night, 3-5 degrees above zero during the day. Snow fell in the mountain areas of Central Asia.

There were no weather reports in the issues for 6, 7, and 10 November.

13 November 1951

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On 11 and 12 November, cold weather was observed in most of the European USSR. During the night of 12 November, the temperature dropped to 20-26 degrees below zero in the northern central European USSR and the Middle Volga Region, to $8\text{-}1^4$ degrees below zero in the southern central European USSR and northern Ukraine. Cooler weather continued to spread slowly to the Lower Volga Region, central Ukraine, and Rostov Oblast.

On 12 Movember. daytime temperatures were 19 degrees below zero in Chkalov, 18 below in Ufa, 14 below in Gor'kiy and Kazan', 13 below in Saratov, 11 below in Kirov, Sverdlovsk, Velikiye Luki, Tambov, and Voronezh, 10 below in Vologia, Moscow, Kuybyshev, and Kursk, 9 below in Minsk, Orel. and Stalingrad, 8 below in Leningrad, 7 below in Petrozavodsk, 6 below in Voroshilovgrad, 5 below in Riga and Kiev, 4 below in Dnepropetrovsk, one below in Rostov, 5 above in Odessa, 7 above in Kishinev, 11 above in L'vov, 13 above in Simferopol and Krasnodar, and 14 above in Nal'chik.

Cold weather was observed in most of West Siberia. Light snow fell locally. Freezing weather continued in Kazakhstan, except in the southern part.

Warm weather continued in Central Asia. Daytime temperatures rose to 9-11 degrees there.

15 November 1951

On 13 and 14 November, overcast weather was observed in most of the European USSR. It became considerably warmer in the western, northwestern, and central regions. In the Ukraine, Belorussia, and Baltic countries, the warmer weather was accompanied by precipitation in the form of rain and wet snow. Quite heavy rains, measuring 15-20 millimeters, fell in the western Ukraine.

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In the far northern European USSR, it became colder and temperatures dropped to 10-15 degrees below zero. The colder weather was accompanied by snowf. is. During the First 12 hours of 14 November, snow fell locally in the central and eastern regions.

On 14 November, daytime temperatures were 10 degrees below zero in Arkhangel'sk, 8 bc. in Sverdlovsk, 7 below in Kazan', 5 below in Kuybyshev and Chkalov, 3 below in Leningrad, Vologda, Gor'kiy, and Moscow, 2 below in Orel and Tambov, one below in Kursk, zero in Kiev and Stalingrad, one above in Velikiye Luki and Voroshilovgrad, 7 above in L'vov, 8 above in Rostov-on-Don, 10 above in Makhachkala, 13 above in Odessa, 15 above in Yerevan, and 17 above in Simferopol' and Krasnodar.

Cold weather was observed in Kazakhstan and southern west Siberia. Daytime temperatures were 13 degrees below zero in Novosibirsk, 10 below in Omsk, 9 below in Barnaul, 6 below in Tobol'sk, and 5 below in Krasnoyarsk and Irkutsk.

This report is one of a series drawn from the newspaper Sovkhoznaya Gazets. These reports are customarily entitled "USSR Weather and Crop Reports." However, since the issues included in this report contained no information concerning crops as such, the title of this report has been modified accordingly. There is no reason to assume that the lack of crop information in these particular issues is the result of a change in policy; rather, it is probably due to lack of activity on the fields customary at this season of the year.

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