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SOURCE Newspapers as indicated.

SOVIET AGRICULTURE MEETS QUOTAS,
PLANS 1951 EXPOSITION, UNDERTAKES NEW PROJECTS

KOLKHOZES, SOVKHOZES MEET, EXCEED 1950 GRAIN DELIVERY PLANS -- Baku, Bakinskiy Rabochiy, 9 Sep 50

Voroshilovgrad Oblast has met the 1950 grain delivery plan 109.8 percent.

Dnepropetrovsk Oblast delivered 500,000 more pud of wheat in 1950 than in 1949.

Volyn Oblast delivered 400,000 more pud of grain in 1950 than in 1949.

Chernigov Oblast delivered 648,000 more put of grain in 1950 than in 1949 and 5,030,000 more pud of grain than in 1940.

Brest Oblast has met its 1950 grain delivery plan.

The Jewish Autonomous Oblast, Khabarovsk Kray, has met its 1950 grain delivery plan.

Moskovskaya Pravda, 9 Sep 50

Khar'kov Oblast has met its 1950 grain (excluding corn) delivery plan. The wheat and rye delivery plan was met 118.1 percent. Delivery of wheat was 4,097,000 pud in excess of plan.

Kishinev, Sovetskaya Moldaviya, 9 Sep 50

Chernigov Oblast gave the state 2,419,000 more pud of wheat and rye in 1950 than in 1949.

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Vechernyaya Moskva, 9 Sep 50

Gorno-Badakhshan Autonomous Oblast met its grain delivery plan as a whole and delivered wheat in excess of plan.

Moskovskaya Pravda, 10 Sep 50

The Armenian SSR gave the state 320,000 more pud of grain in 1950 than in 1949
 Sumy Oblast delivered 3,400,000 more pud of wheat to the state in 1950 than in 1949.

Kulyab Oblast has met its 1950 grain (excluding rice) delivery plan.

Tbilisi, Zarya Vostoka, 10 Sep 50

In 1950, the Ukrainian SSR delivered 74,141,000 more pud of wheat to the state than in 1949.

AZERBAJDZHAN MEETS COTTON DELIVERY PLAN -- Tashkent, Pravda Vostoka, 31 Oct 50

The kolхозes and sovkhoses of Azerbaydzhan SSR met the cotton delivery plan 55 days earlier this year than last, giving the state 102,900 more tons of cotton than on the same date in 1949 and 50 percent more than for the entire year of 1940. The yield per hectare was 7.3 centners greater than in 1940.

PUTS OUT MORE CANNED GOODS -- Baku, Bakinskiy Rabochiy, 10 Sep 50

Output of canned goods is increasing in Azerbaydzhan SSR. The plants of Azkonservtrest (Azerbaydzhan Canning Trust) will produce more than 29 million cans of canned goods in 1950 -- considerably more than last year.

Khachmas Canning Factory, largest in the republic, puts out large quantities of canned tomato juice and sauce, vegetables, fish, meat, and other foods. This year, the factory will produce about 900,000 cans of cucumbers and in August more than a million cans of tomato juice. The factory will soon begin to process fruit juices.

The Kuba Canning Factory puts out stewed and pickled fruits and apricot, strawberry, apple, and melon jams and preserves. The factory produces more than 300,000 cans of preserves annually.

The Orduhad Canning Factory produces a varied line of canned fruits and preserves.

The products of Azkonservtrest are sent to the Far North, Moscow, Leningrad, and other cities.

NEW VARIETIES OF WHEAT SOWN -- Stalinabad, Kommunist Tadzhikistana, 9 Sep 50

Kiev -- Test sowings of more than 120 varieties of grains and grasses at the state testing centers in Kiev Oblast have shown that the largest wheat harvest was obtained from sowing "Lyutestsens-17" winter wheat, which yielded 67-70 centners per hectare. "Eritrospermum-15" wheat yielded 45-50 centners per hectare when sown experimentally. Many kolkhozses of the oblast obtained yields of 30-35 and more centners per hectare when these wheat varieties were sown on entire kolkhoz sowing areas.

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The kolkhozes of the oblast are sowing these varieties this fall on more than 70 percent of their winter wheat sowing areas.

Alma-Ata, Kazakhstanskaya Pravda, 10 Sep 50

A new variety of winter wheat named "Alabasskaya," developed on the fields of the Karaganda Experimental Station, has been widely sown on the kolkhozes of Karaganda Oblast.

Yields obtained this year were good. After providing themselves with seed, the kolkhozes sent 8,500 centners of the grain to Akmolinsk, Kokchetav, North Kazakhstan, and Novosibirsk oblasts and Krasnodar Krai for sowing there.

Sowing of "Alabasskaya" wheat is now in progress and already twice as much has been sown as at this time last year.

AGRICULTURAL EXPOSITION TO BE HELD IN 1951 -- Odessa, Bol'shevistskoye Znamya, 28 Jul 50

An all-Union agricultural exposition will open in Moscow in 1951. It will show the achievements of socialist agrobiological sciences, the progress of leading republics, krays, oblasts, rayons, MTS, and kolkhozes, and the fast rate of agricultural growth during the postwar period. All sovkhoses, kolkhozes, MTS, and individual workers who have successfully completed their 1949 and 1950 plans may participate in the exposition. Participants will be awarded gold and silver medals. Leading kolkhozes, sovkhoses, and MTS will exhibit specimens from the 1950 harvest. Many kolkhozes have already prepared their exhibits while others, because of lack of knowledge about their role in this work, are not making satisfactory progress.

The exposition area is being expanded. Ten new pavilions will be built. The most important part of the exhibition will be the area allotted to illustrating work done on the Stalin Five-Year Plan, the Three-Year Plan for developing livestock production, irrigation, and mechanization and electrification of kolkhoz and sovkhos operations. For this, fields with crop rotation, Michurian gardens, and model livestock farms will be set up.

KOLKHOZ CONSOLIDATION CONTINUES -- Nal'chik Kabardinskaya Pravda, 1 Sep 50

Consolidation of Ukrainian agricultural artels is continuing. About 3,700 larger artels have been created from 9,182 smaller ones. Many of those consolidated this spring have successfully completed their harvesting work and fulfilled the state plan.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS TO REPLACE CANDLES IN NORTHERN VILLAGE -- Moscow, Komsomol'skaya Pravda, 9 Sep 50

Khabarovsk -- In the Far North, construction of a kolkhoz hydroelectric plant was begun on the reindeer-raising kolkhoz imen Kirov in Koryak National Okrug, Kamchatka Oblast. With all kolkhoz workers taking part, a 250-meter-long dam was quickly built over the small Sedanka River. Final assembly work is now in progress. Electric lights will soon illuminate the homes of the reindeer-raising villagers of Sedanka-Kochevaya.

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IMPORTED FUR-BEARING ANIMAL MULTIPLIES -- Moscow, Pravda, 9 Sep 50

The nutria or swamp beaver, a valuable fur-bearing animal, is a native of Argentina. Soviet studies of the animal's habits and of methods for propagating it in the Soviet Union led to its introduction in the Armenian SSR in 1940. It quickly became acclimatized in the Ararat Valley. At present, the main task of the Armenian nutria industry is that of supplying breeding stock to nutria-raising farms in other parts of the country.

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