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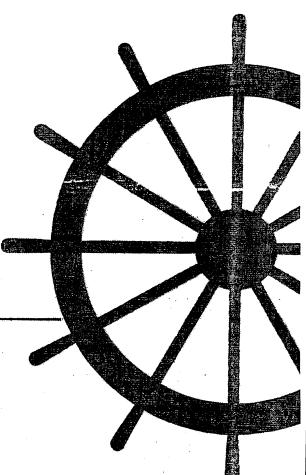
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# SHIP-BUILDING

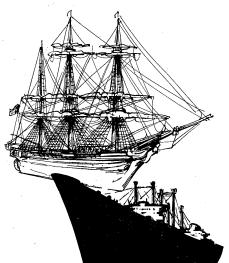


GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPURLIC



# The National Shipbuilding Industry

of the German Democratic Republic



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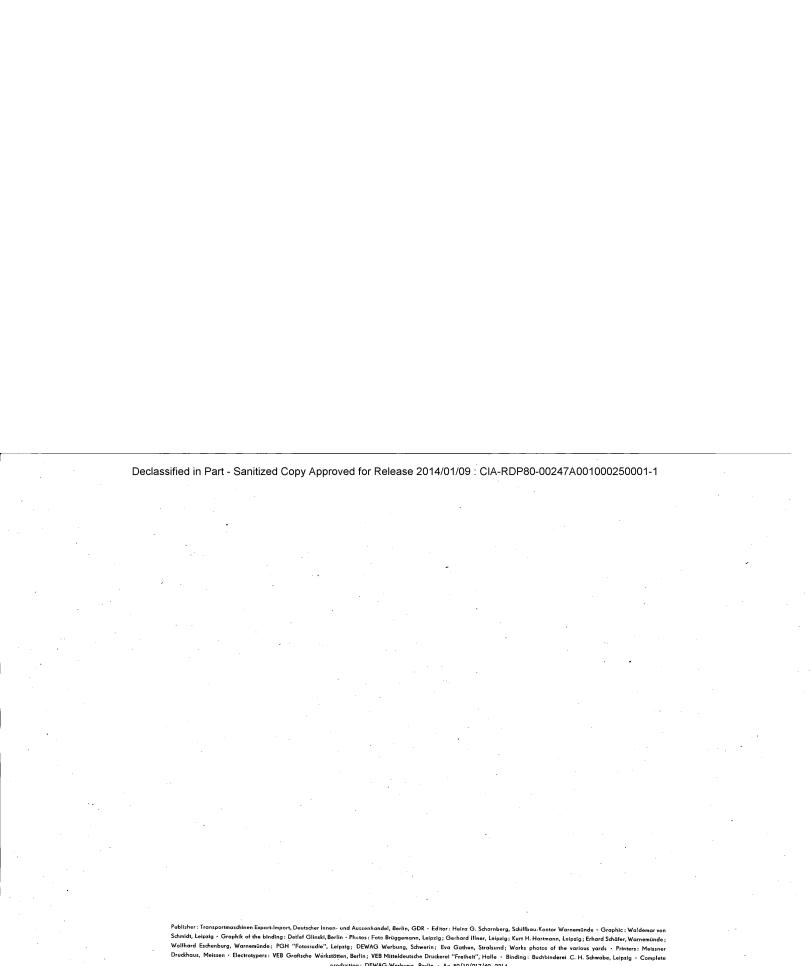
Roßlauer Schiffswerft

Ernst-Thälmann-Werft Brandenburg

Schiffswerft Oderberg

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Leipzig Trade Fair



production: DEWAG-Werbung, Berlin · Ag 50/10/017/60 2314





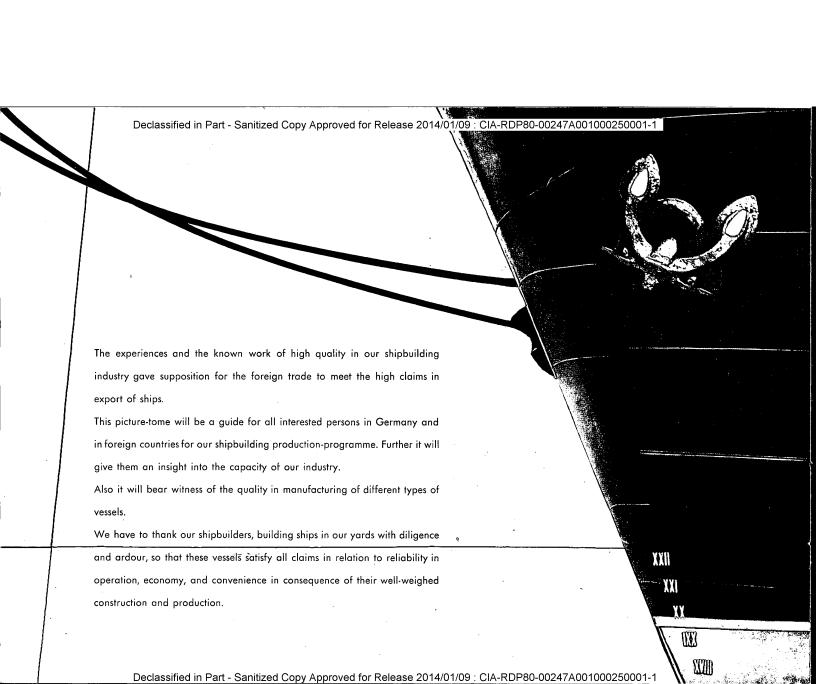
### TRANSPORTMASCHINEN EXPORT-IMPORT

DEUTSCHER INNEN- UND AUSSENHANDEL - BERLIN WB DEUTSCHE DEMOKRATISCHE REPUBLIK



ith the present picture-tome, dedicated to the extensive production of the socialistic ship-yards of the German Democratic Republic as well as to the steadily increasing export of these products, we like to call the reader's attention to the fact, that it was possible to erect a shipbuilding industry within a few years, performing an essentially contribution to the mutual exchange of

goods and to friendly connexion between all people of the world. Owing to the initiative of our workers as well as to the assistance of friendly countries we were able to attain our successes.





Warnowwerft Warnemünde

n the terrain of a former airplane-building work, destroyed in the second Great War, and round about a small boatbuilding yard in a period of six years at the estuary of the river Warnow the largest sea-yard of the German Democratic Republik, the Warnowwerft Warnemünde arised.

In course of years of development at this building plot with an enormous labour-enthusiasm were moved masses of soil and worked up bricks. Upon the great plains at the bank of de Warnow, the "Breitling", every year new halls and workshops nearly grew out of the soil.

In 1953 a modern, seven-storied shipbuilding hall with a base of 20,000 square meters was erected. Here above all the mounting of sections is carried out.

Whilst the ship- and engine-builders at the old quay worked at several repair-objects, and made modern passenger vessels up to 23,000 G. R. T. by means of conversion of big ship wrecks, raised before the coast, building brigades began to erect a cableway crane plant of 65 m height and 320 m length with four slipways of 220 m length, which now is a new sign upon the formerly plain land at the shore of the Baltic Sea.

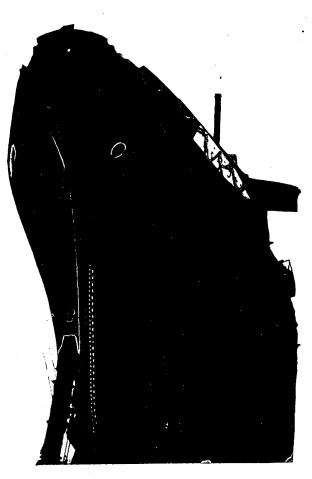
Since the existing basin for equipment by no means gave satisfaction to the present demands, moreover a 450 m long equipment quay was built, where to-day also the 10,000 tons motor-cargovessels are equipped, of which the demonstrated photos reproduce a small view.

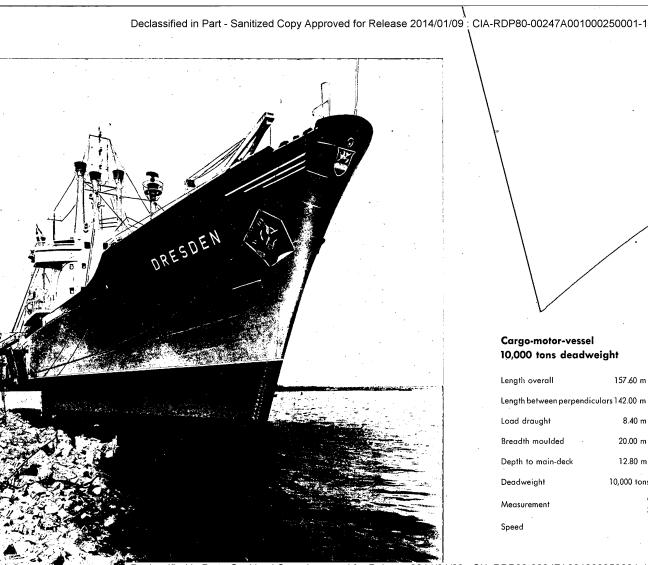
By long sighted planned economy, by the steadily proceeding mechanizing and modernizing together with the progressive apprehension of the advanced work-technology and well-weighed organization of labour arised a yard, which is building vessels, having found appreciation and commendation on the international market. After removal and conversion of raised wrecks the yard began its export-programme with the building of series of 15 inland passenger vessels, which are very popular on the rivers of the Soviet Union. At the same time had been executed an order about 11 floating crane-pontoons and final mounting of these floating cranes.

Whilst the last inland passenger vessels had been executed, already ensued laying keel of the first motor cargo vessel with 10,000 tons deadweight. Launching of the first ship of these series on the 14th January 1956 was a stately event for all yard labourers of the Warnowwerft. Up to 1961 delivery of 15 vessels of this type is provided. Most of these vessels are trading for the shipping-society of the German Democratic Republic.

Besides there are built series of 9 coal-ore carriers with 7,000 tons deadweight, which contributed as important export engagement to fasten the successful exchange of goods with the trade partners of the German Democratic Republic.

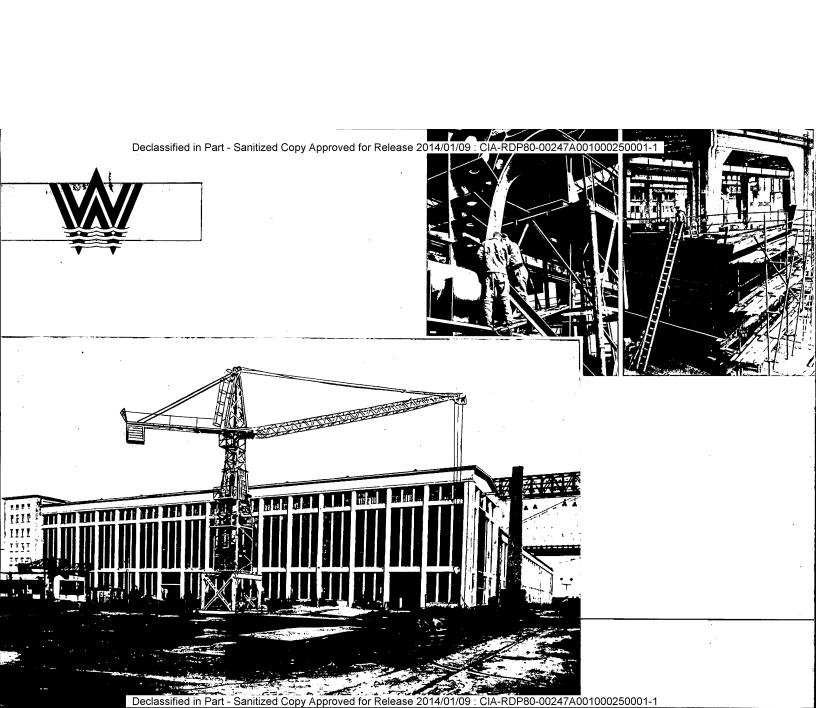
Further ship constructions with similar respectively more tonnage are in projection.





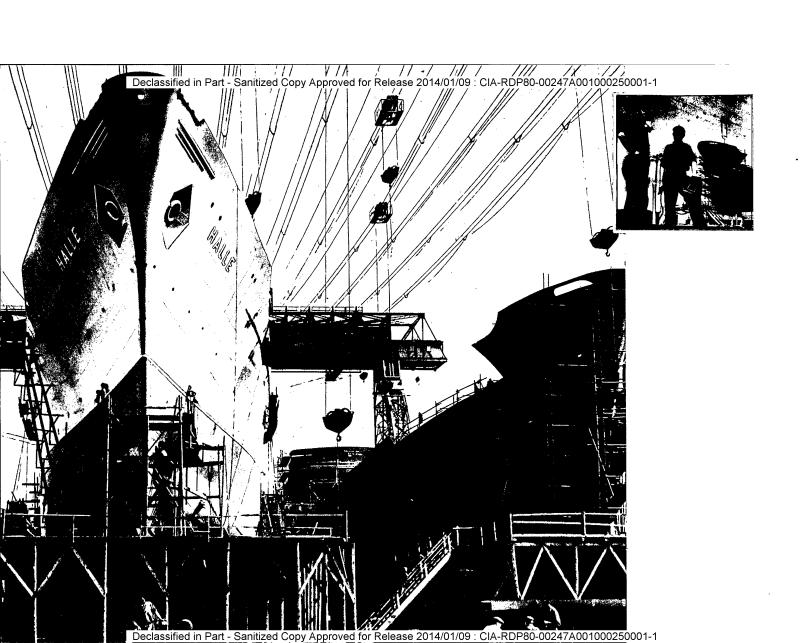
# Cargo-motor-vessel 10,000 tons deadweight

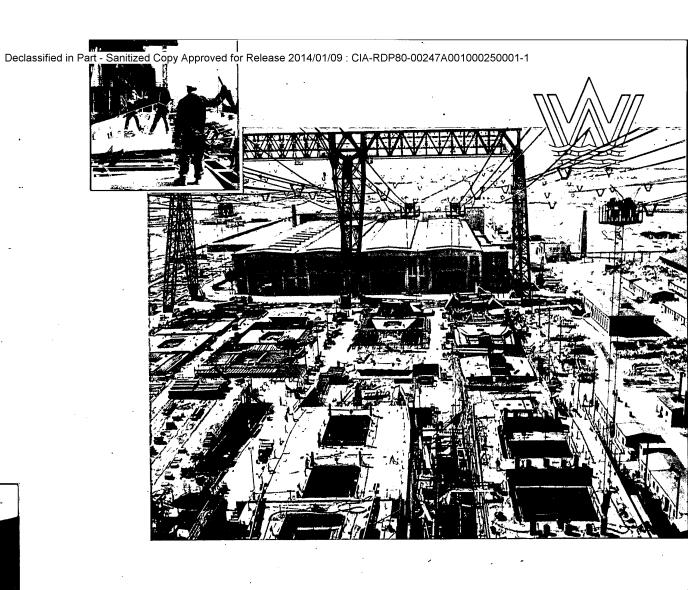
157.60 m 517 ft 1 in Length overall Length between perpendiculars 142.00 m 465 ft 10 in Load draught 8.40 m 27 ft 7 in Breadth moulded 20.00 m 65 ft 7 in 12.80 m Depth to main-deck 42 ft — 10,000 tons deadweight Deadweight 6,506 G.R.T. Measurement 3,781 N.R.T. 15 knots Speed

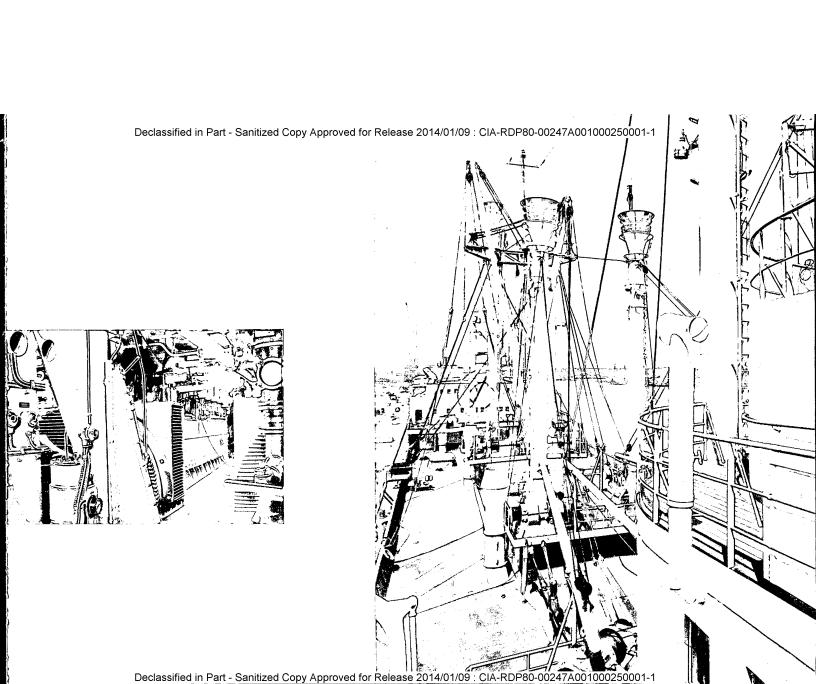


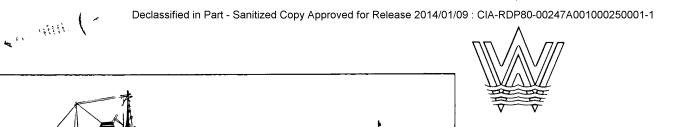


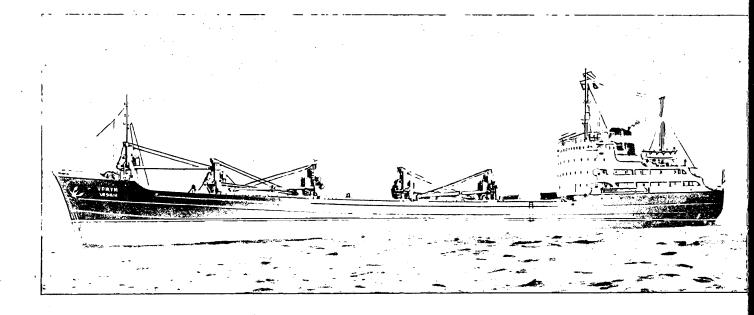


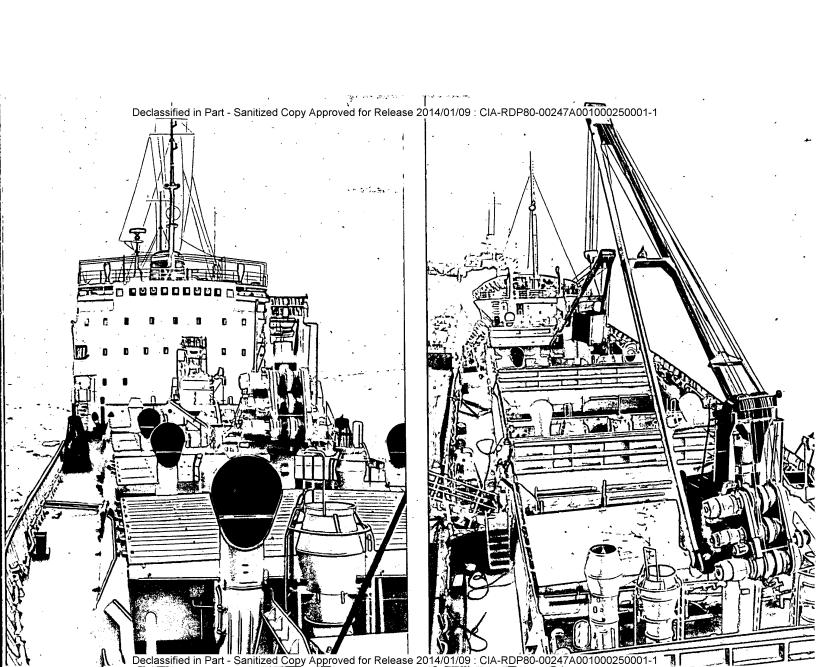




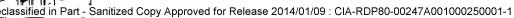


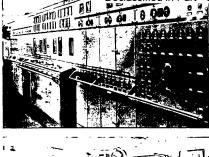






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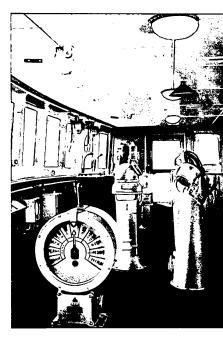


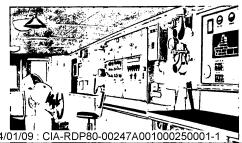




#### Coal-ore-carrier

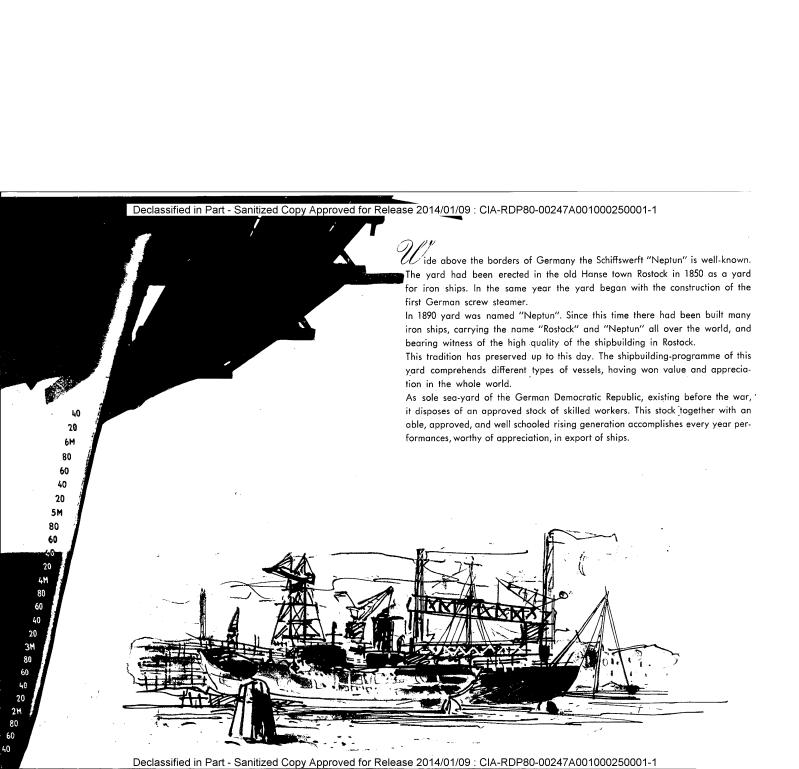
Length overall	133.70 m	438 ft 8 in		
Length between perpendiculars	126.00 m	413 ft 5 in		
Load draught	7.37 m	24 ft 2 in		
Breadth moulded	17.00 m	55 ft 9 in		
Depth to main-deck	9.50 m	31 ft 2 in		
Deadweight	7,000 tons deadweight			
Measurement	5,628 G. R.T.			
Measuremenn	2,825 N.R.T.			
Speed		14.5 knots		



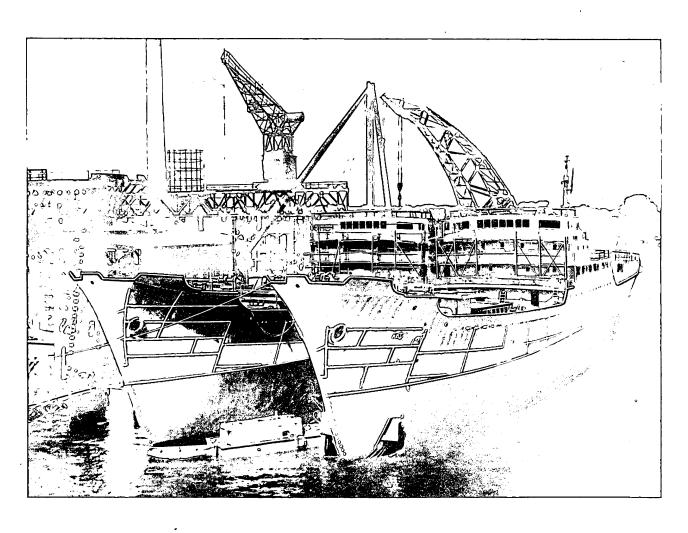




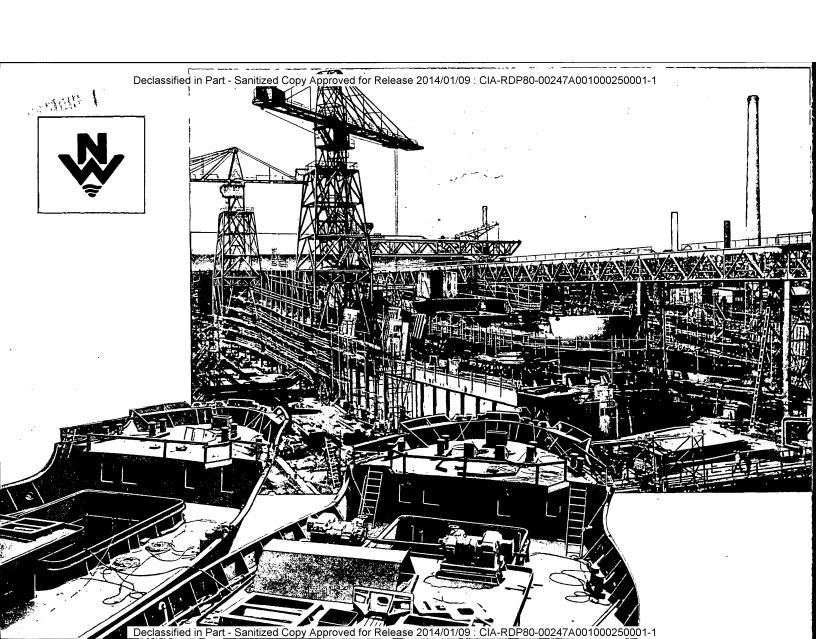
Schiffswerft "Neptun" Rostock

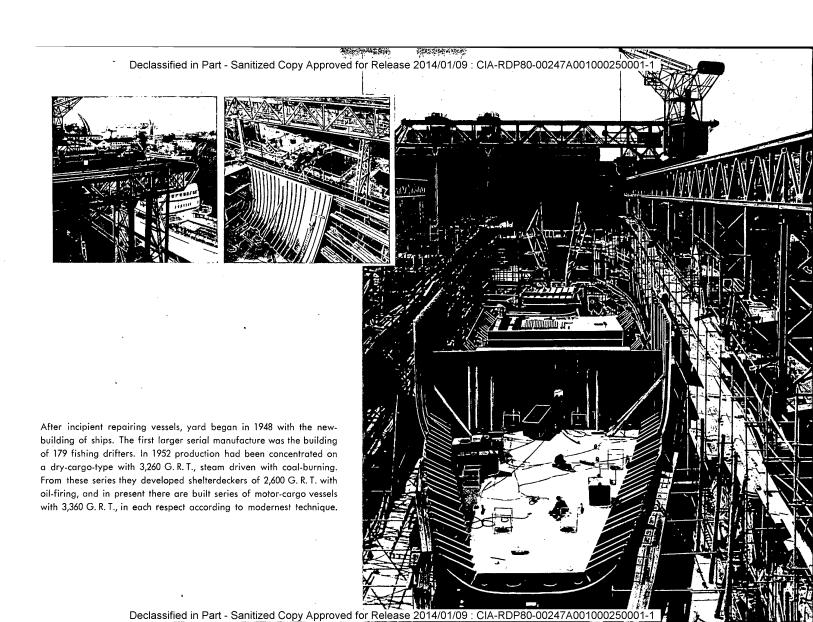


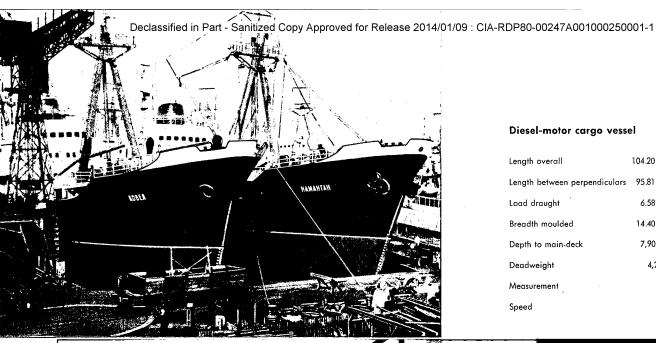
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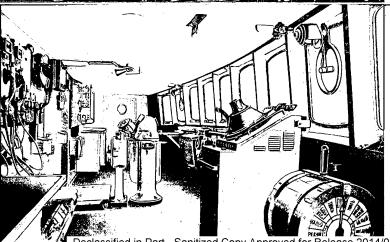


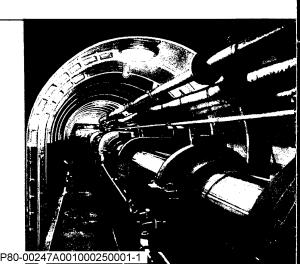




## Diesel-motor cargo vessel

Length overall	104.20 m	341 ft 11 in
Length between perpendiculars	95.81 m	314 ft 4 in
Load draught	6.58 m	21 ft 7 in
Breadth moulded	14.40 m	47 ft 3 in
Depth to main-deck	7,90 m	25 ft 11 in
Deadweight	4,296 to	ons deadweight
Measurement		3,358 G.R.T.
Speed		13.5 knots

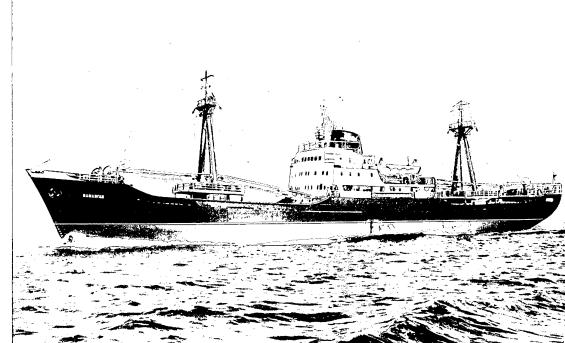


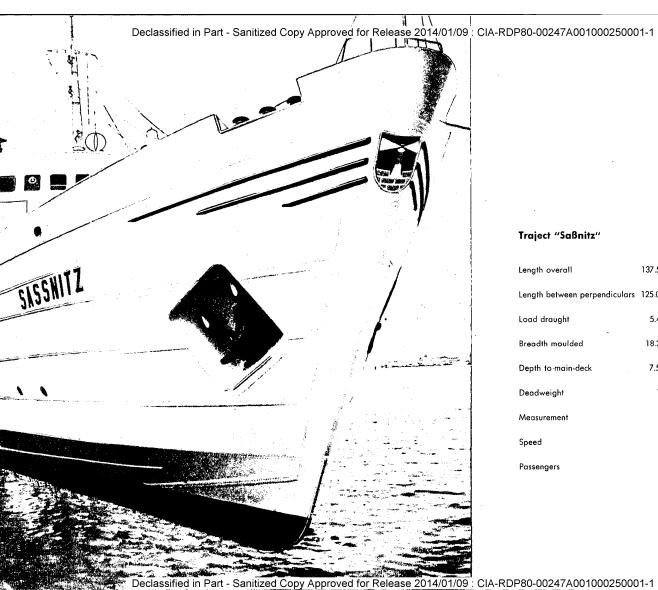




Besides the dry-cargo-vessel-programme the yard had under construction a further exportorder, the serial manufacture of lifting vessels with 75 tons lifting capacity.

With this the shipbuilding-programme is far from limited. Also harbour-and yard-tugs, fire floats, ferries, fishing-trawlers, and a great number of other bigger and smaller special vessels leaved the yard in the last years.

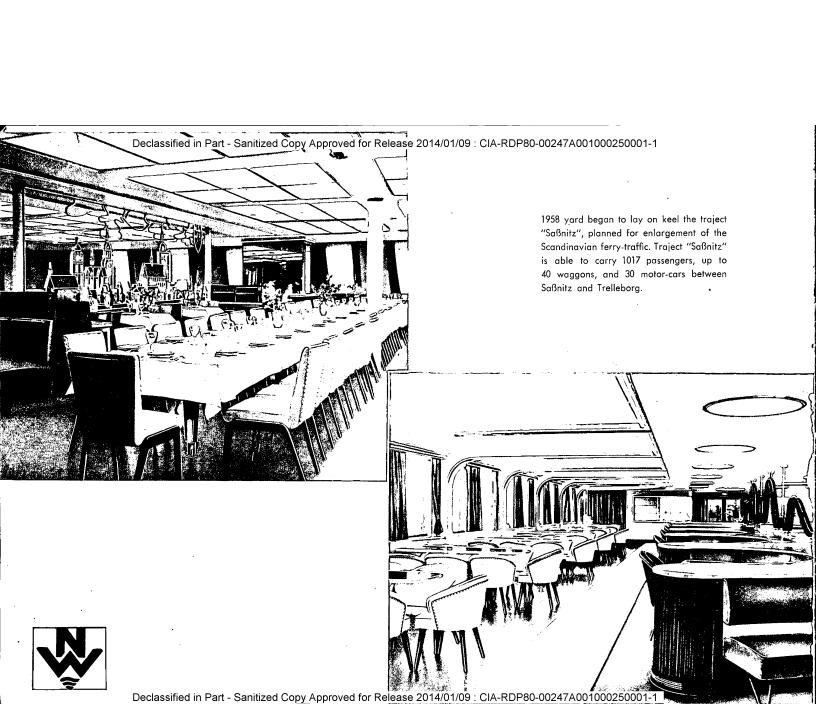


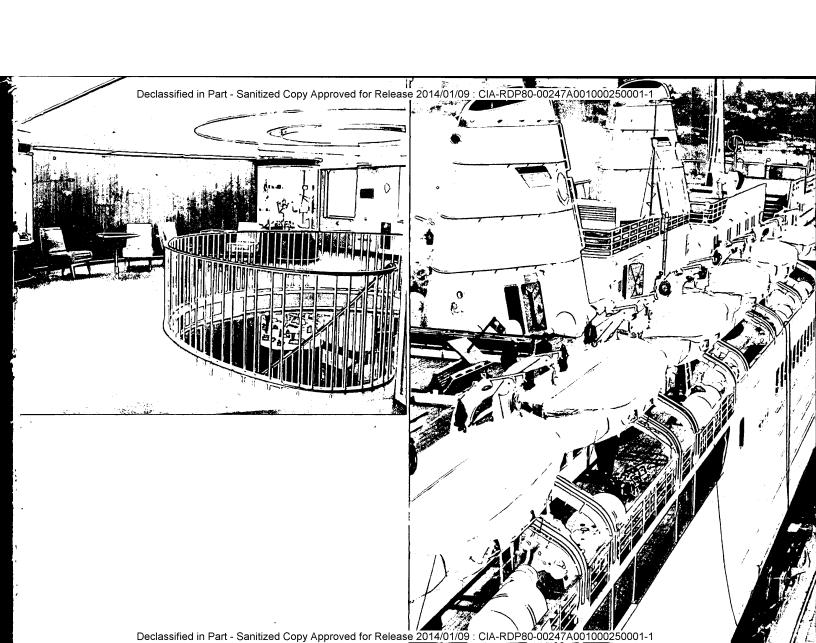


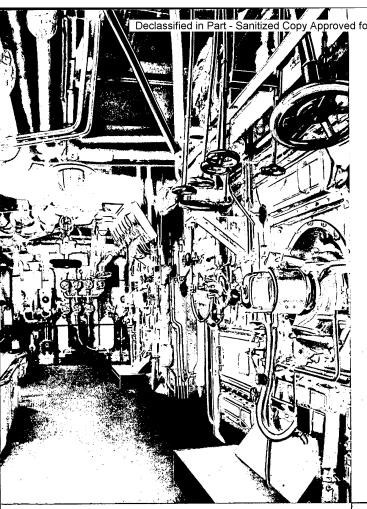
# Traject "Saßnitz"

Length overall	137.50 m	451 ft 1 in
Length between perpendiculars	125.00 m	410 ft 1 in
Load draught	5.42 m	17 ft 10 in
Breadth moulded	18.20 m	59 ft 9 in
Depth to main-deck	7.50 m	24 ft 7 in
Deadweight	1,842	tons deadweight
Measurement		6,163 G.R.T.
Speed		18.2 k <b>n</b> ots
Passengers		1017

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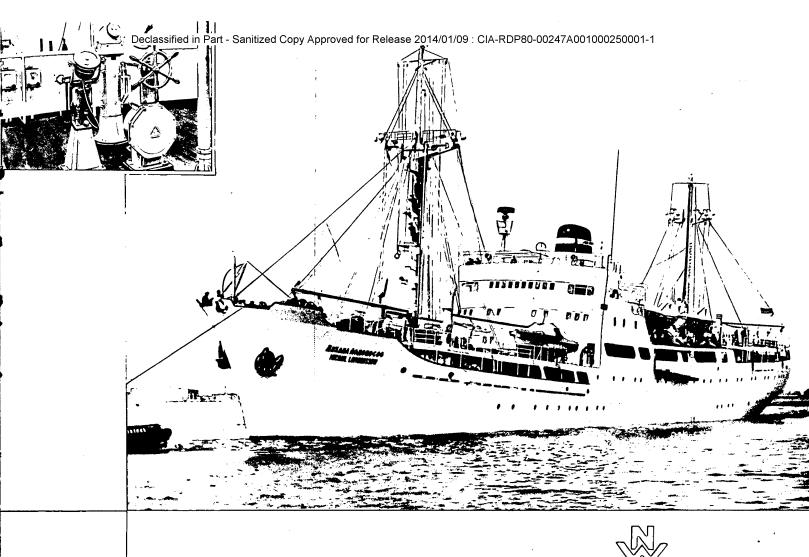




For the peaceful co-operation in the International Geophysical Year followed in 1958 the completion of the exploration vessel "Michail Lomonossow", ordered by the Soviet Union.

# **Exploration vessel**

Length overall	102.40 m	336 ft — in	Deadweight	2,452 tons deadweight
Length between perpendiculars	95.52 m	313 ft 5 in	Measurement	3,898 G.R.T.
Load draught	6.00 m	19 ft 9 in	Speed	13.0 knots
Breadth moulded	14.40 m	47 ft 3 in	Passengers 64	persons exploration staff
Double to make double	7 00	25 ft 11 in		



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Mathias-Thesen-Werft Wismar



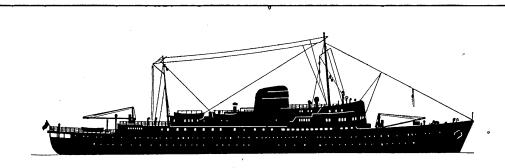
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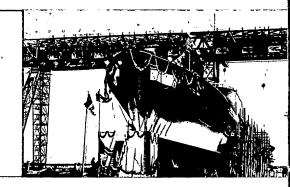
he present "Mathias-Thesen-Werft" had been founded in 1946 as "Repairing Yard Wismar". In 1946 the yard consisted of a collective of 13 yard experts, and to-day there are working more than 7000 yard labourers.

Yard had been fitted out et. al with a large shipbuilding hall with a base of 15,000 square meters, and a cableway crane plant, supplying 4 slipways.









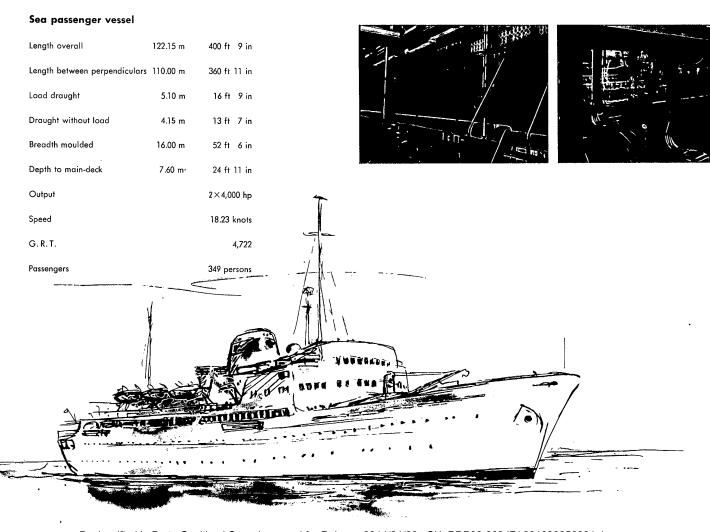
Up to 1952 the production-programme of the Mathias-Thesen-Werft comprehended repairing and conversion of big objects, especially sea-passenger vessels for the Soviet Union. In the same year began the change from the strongly marked repairing yard to a newbuilding yard.

Now the production-programme comprehended besides of the repairing-and conversion-programme the newbuilding of inland passenger vessels of 96 m length, the first vessel of this type launched on the 18th July 1953, and of sea-passenger vessels for 349 passengers.

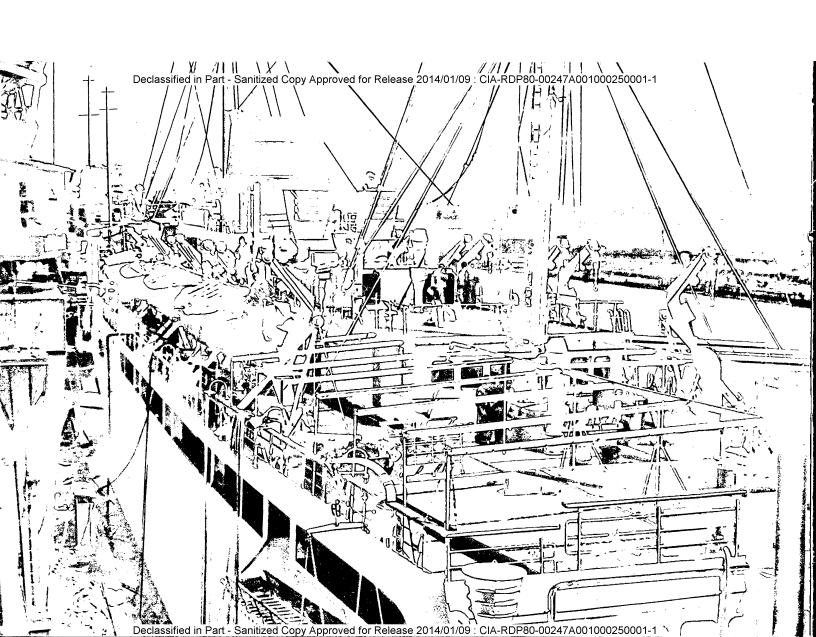
In 1959 yard began with the newbuilding of combined fishing- and factory vessels, which will evaluate our deep-sea fishing fleet. Until 1965 shall be delivered 10 vessels of this type for the Fischkombinat Rostock. These vessels are provided for fishing in arctical waters, at the coasts of Iceland and Greenland, abounding with fish. For the future furthermore the building of bigger sea-passenger vessels is provided.

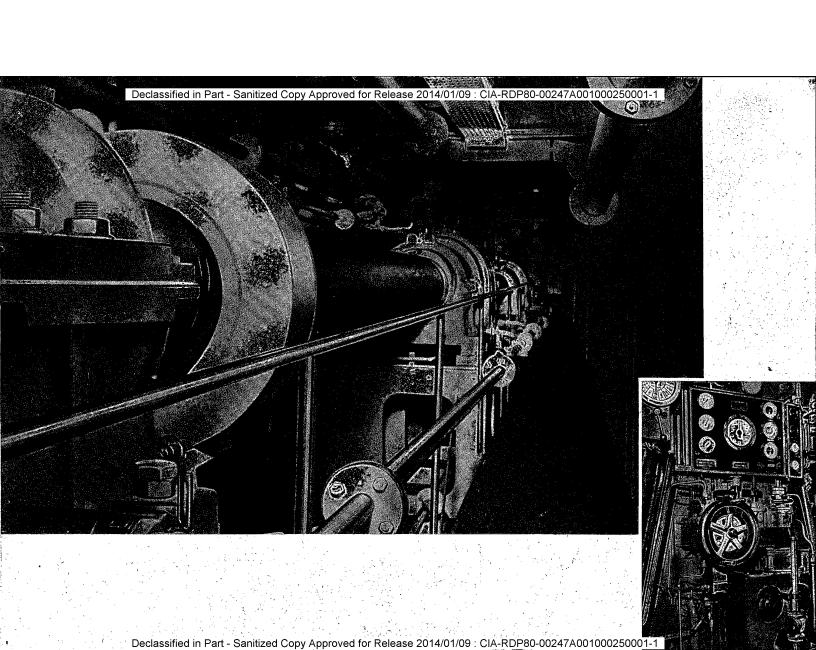


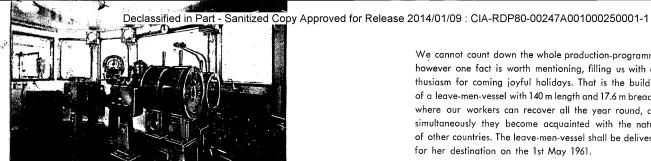
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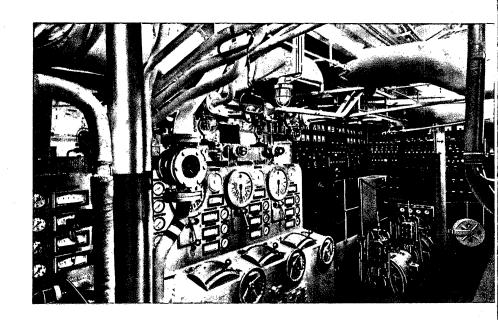


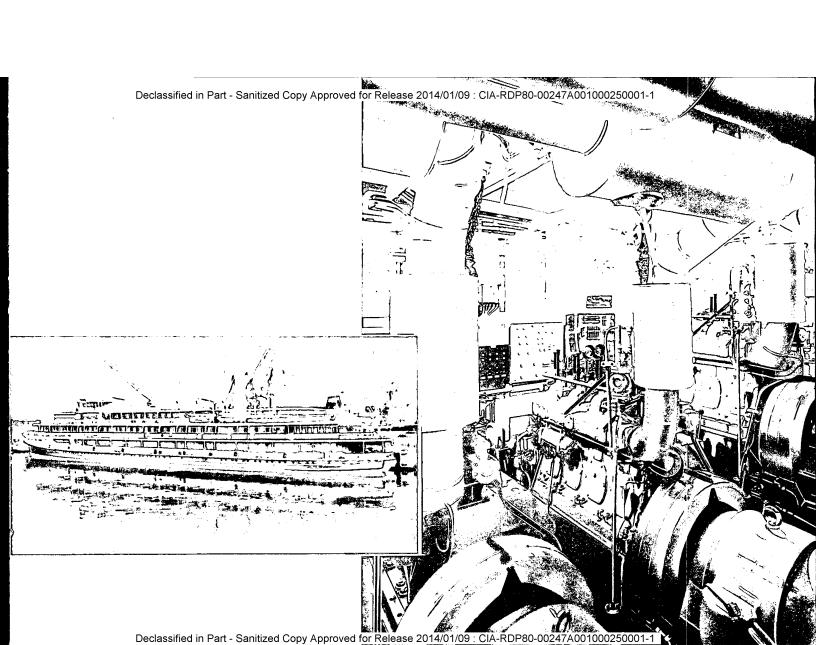


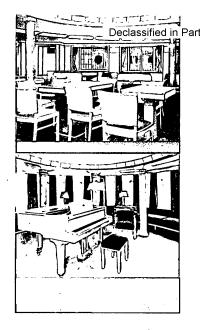
We cannot count down the whole production-programme, however one fact is worth mentioning, filling us with enthusiasm for coming joyful holidays. That is the building of a leave-men-vessel with 140 m length and 17.6 m breadth, where our workers can recover all the year round, and simultaneously they become acquainted with the nature of other countries. The leave-men-vessel shall be delivered for her destination on the 1st May 1961.

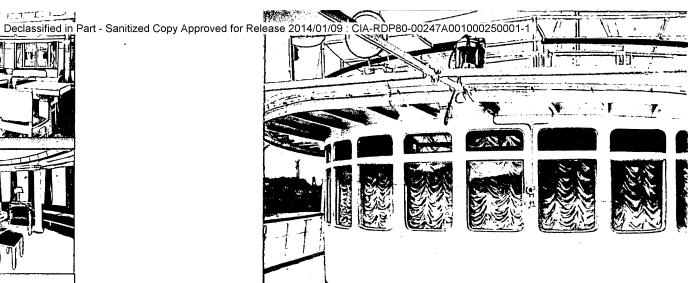
## Inland-passenger-vessel

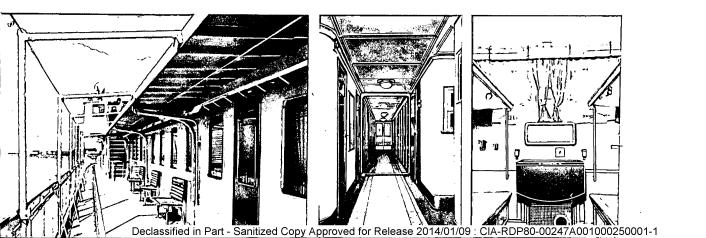
Length overall	95,80 m	314 ft 4 in	
Length between perpendiculars	90.00 m	295 ft 3 in	
Load draught	2.42 m	7 ft 11 in	
Draught without load	2.07 m	6 ft 10 in	
Breadth moulded	14.30 m	46 ft 11 in	
Depth to main-deck	4.30 m	14 ft 1 in	
Output		3×400 hp	
Speed		23.70 km/h	
G. R. T.		2,470	
Passengers 4	343 lying accommodations		
	495 sitting accommodations		











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Volkswerft Stralsund

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ear the Rügen-dike, connecting the island Rügen with the continent, one of the most remarkable yards of the German Democratic Republic is situated the Volkswerft Stralsund.

Also this yard has been developed in a comparatively short time from a small yard. Hereby the workers had to master extensive ramand earthworks

in consequence of the marshy ground.

(The great production-capacity of the yard principially is specialized in the serial completion of fishing vessels of different types. Building of these vessels follows according to rhythmical production. Owing to the efforts of all persons, concerned by this, in this yard the possibility was given to attain a manner of production, which to-day to the largest part is mechanized completely.

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On the 7th October 1949 the first self-built ship launched. Before this time, in the first years after the war, the yard executed many repairing works, and hereby the yard labourers made experiences in building ships. Since this time diverse types of vessels had launched by further modernizing and steadily perfection of construction.

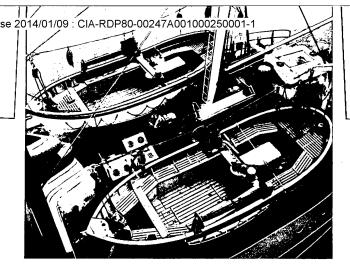
In the beginning the yard built smaller wood- and steel-cutters. Having erected the yard, the workers began with verve to build fishing-drifters. Part of these drifters was fishing in order to supply our people with fishes, and part of this type was exported. In the period from 1949 to 1957 the yard delivered about 600 units of this type.

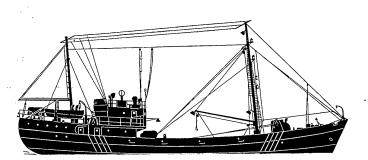
From the production-programme also must be named coastal-protecting boats, yard tugs, sea mark control boats, the survey vessel "Meteor", set in for the hydrographical service of the GDR, and series of other special vessels.

Furthermore this yard carried out the final completing of vessels, built by inland yards.

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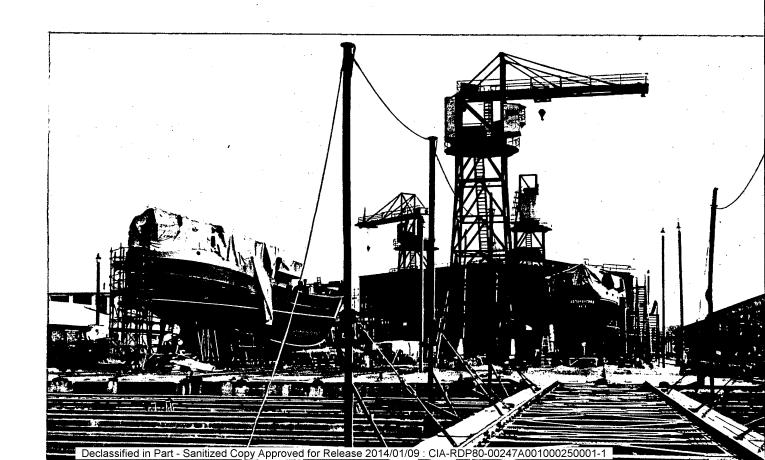


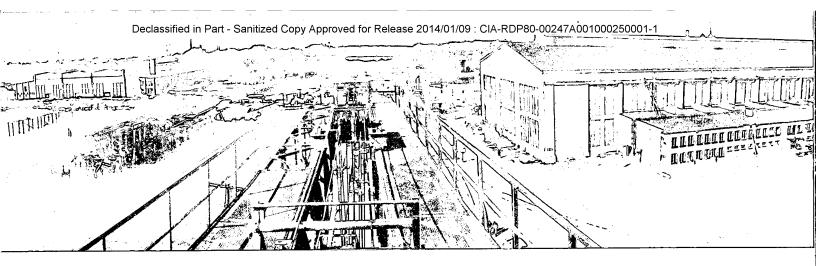


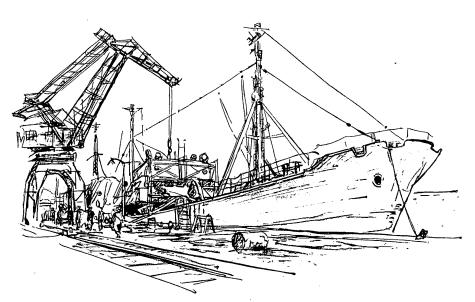


Length overall	39.15 m	128 ft	5 ir
Length between perpendiculars	34.79 m	114 f	2 ir
Load draught	2.84 m	9 ft	4 ir
Draught without load	2.38 m	7 ft	10 ir
Breadth moulded	7.30 m	23 ft	11 ir
Depth to main-deck	3.48 m	11 ft	5 ir
Speed		10.5	knots
Deadweight	160 ton	s deadv	veigh [.]
Holds	673 barrels ed	ach of 1	30 kc

Logger



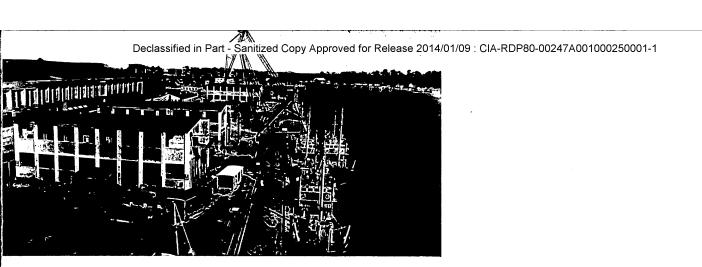




In 1958 the Volkswerft Stralsund began to build a trawler, intended for deep-sea fishing. 171 units of this type are destined for export. On the 3oth of April 1960 already the 100th trawler had been handed over to the customer.

Having completed the yard, necessary in order to master the present production-programme, yard has in view the construction of refrigerated ships and tropics. By this we can better supply our people with fish, and on the other side we can extend our export.

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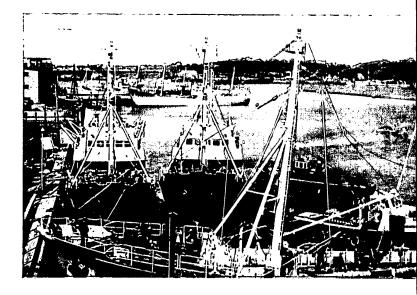


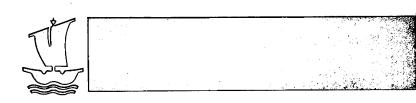
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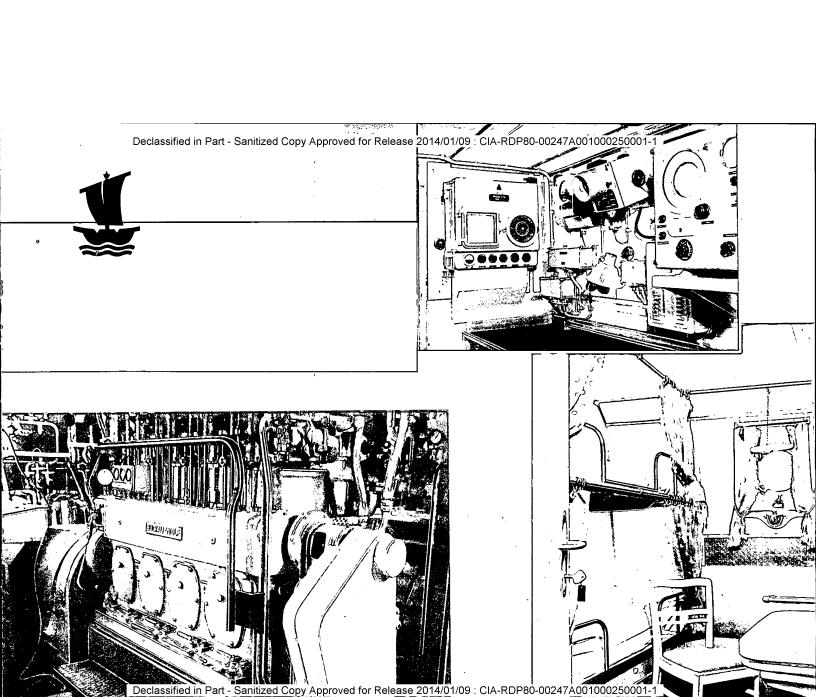
## Trawler

Length overall	50.80 m	166 ft	8 in
Length between perpendiculars	s 44.35 m	145 ft	6 in
Draught load	3.56 m	11 ft	8 in
Draught without load	2.62 m	8 ft	7 in
Breadth moulded	8.80 m	28 ft	10 in
Depth to main-deck	4.30 m	⁻ 14 ft	1 in
Speed		11	knots
Deadweight	258 tons deadweight		
Holds	1,630 barrels each of 130 kg		





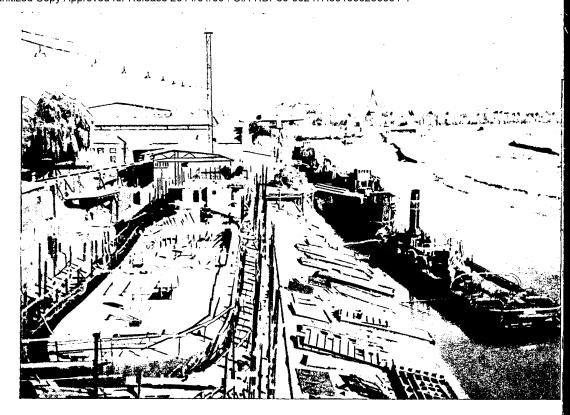
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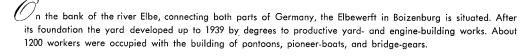




Elbewerft Boizenburg

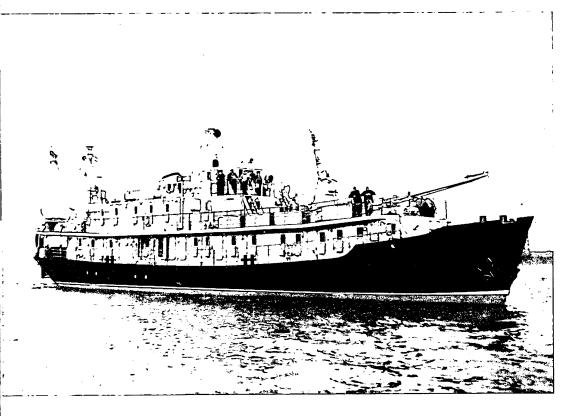








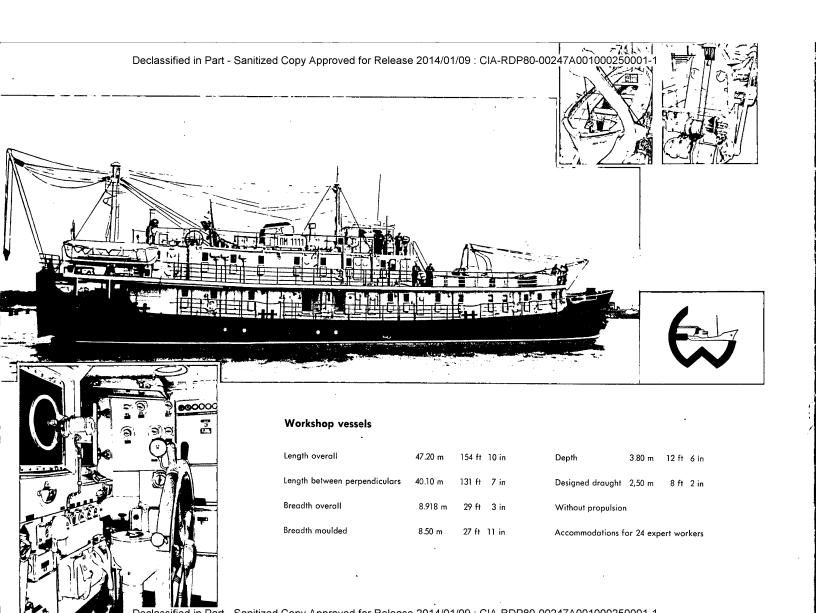
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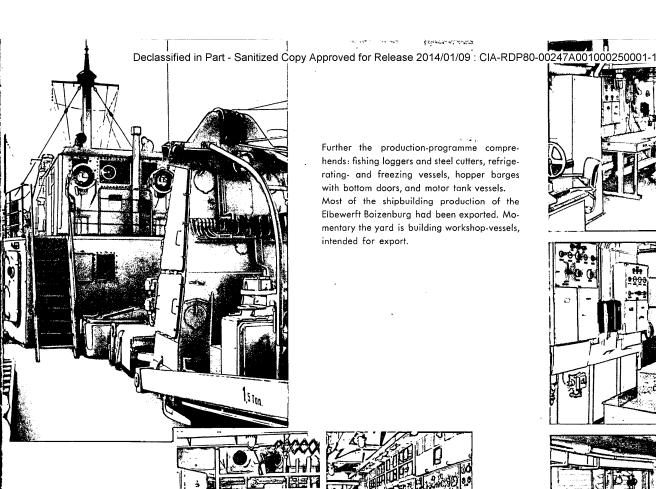


After victory over the Fascism approved shipbuilders with primitive tools and often among large difficulties in 1946 began to operate in this yard. Increasing more and more every year, a socialistic work arised, active participated with its efficient collective of yard labourers at the building of Socialism in the German Democratic Republic.

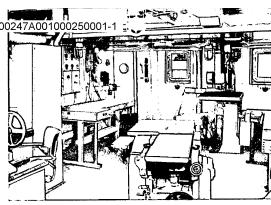
In order to compensate the hard bodily labour by means of machining, yard had been fitted out with slipway crane bridges, a crane bridge of 7 tons, a hammerhead slewing crane with connecting track, and a machine swing crane.

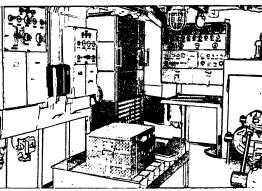
Modernest machines became to help-mates for the workers. A modern mould loft floor was erected. In course of time productivity of labour increased steadily. Significant for the development of this yard was the building of coasting motor vessels with 500 tons deadweight, having found appreciation in measure of world-shipbuilding.

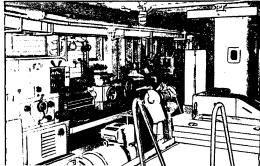




Further the production-programme comprehends: fishing loggers and steel cutters, refrigerating- and freezing vessels, hopper barges with bottom doors, and motor tank vessels. Most of the shipbuilding production of the Elbewerft Boizenburg had been exported. Momentary the yard is building workshop-vessels, intended for export.



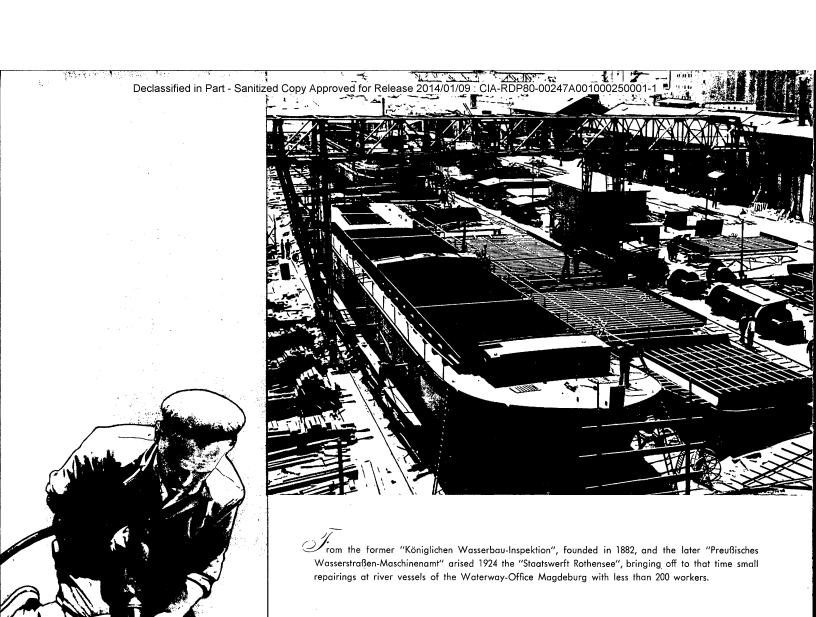


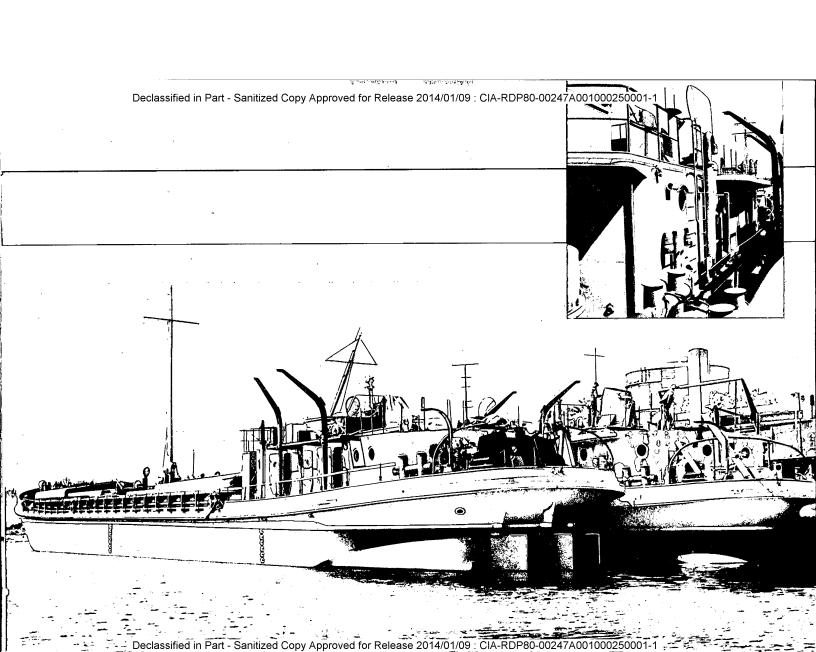


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Schiffswerft "Edgar André" Magdeburg



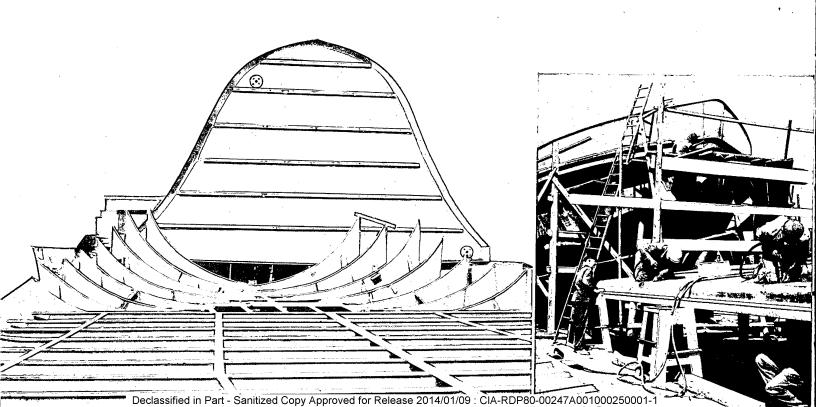


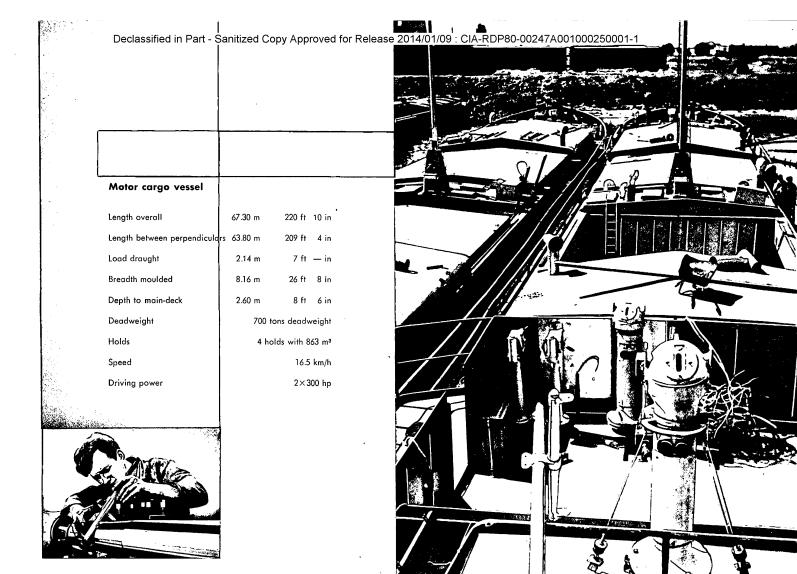
After 1945 this yard developed to a newbuilding yard, and repairs only close-by were brought off. In a relative short time this yard has been developed from smallest beginning to the present state, and this process of development probably not yet will have been closed for a long time.

The Schiffswerft "Edgar André" Magdeburg, as it is called now, follows the demand of our foreign trade to speed up the building of further trade vessels, which on the strength of enlargement of the export will contribute to exchange all goods between the countries.

Further the yard follows the demand to build passenger vessels in order to give all working people the possibility to pass their deserved holidays on the rivers and lakes of their native place.

The building-programme of this yard consists of sea-going tugs, motor cargo vessels, inland- and coasting passenger vessels, harbour tugs and inland tankers.

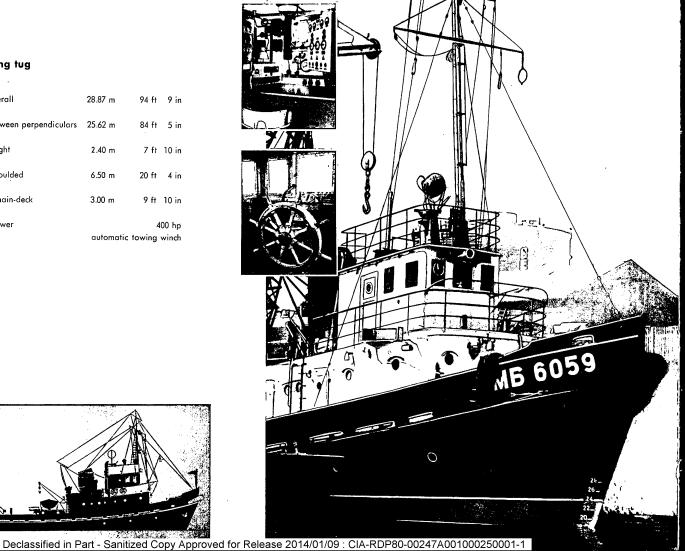




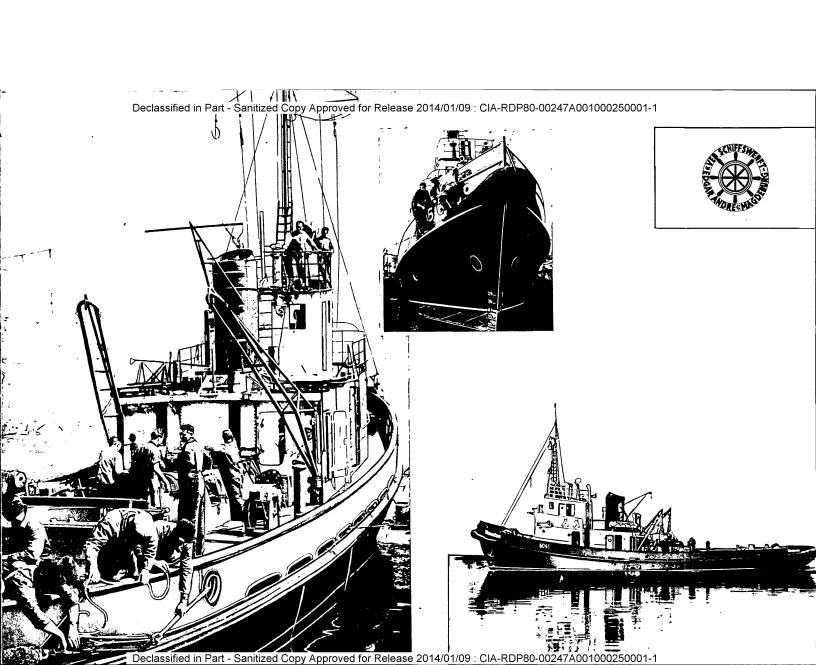
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## Sea-going tug

Length overall	28.87 m	94 ft	9 in	
Length between perpendiculars	25.62 m	84 ft	5 in	
Load draught	2.40 m	7 ft	10 in	
Breadth moulded	6.50 m	20 ft	4 in	
Depth to main-deck	3.00 m	9 ft	10 in	
Driving power 400 hp				

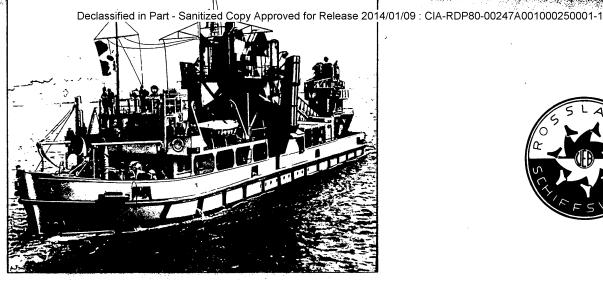








**Roßlauer Schiffswerft** 





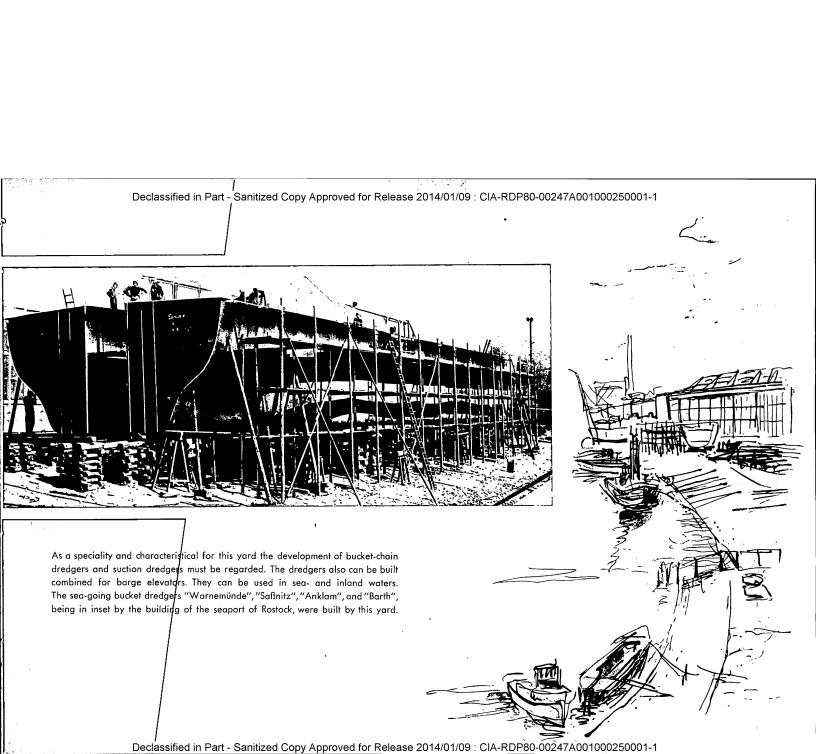


In May 1946 the socialistic yard "Roßlauer Schiffswerft" on one part of the old yard-terrain of the former "Sachsenberg A. G." was founded. To that time there were engaged about 90 workers. A powerful rise of this yard went on in the following time. The number of workers raised rapidly in the next years, and to-day more than 2,000 people are working in the yard.

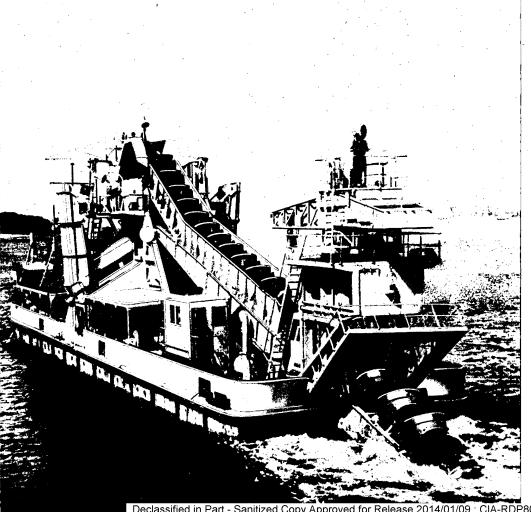
As in all our yards also in Roßlau new workshops had been erected, new machines had been bought, accomodated to the modernest methods of manufacturing. The extensive newbuildings and the improvement of the technical equipment as well as the new-organization of production made it possible to introduce new methods of shipbuilding, as there are the sectional construction of building and the application of the welding practise by the building of the hulls.

The many architectural enlargements changed the yard every year, so that the Roßlauer Schiffswerft can be considered as the productivest and largest inlandyard in the whole Germany.

Since 1946 the yard built following vessels: fishing seiners, fishing-refrigerating and tankloggers, fishing cutters, sea-going tugs, different types of cargo motor vessels and tank motor vessels, and other special vessels.







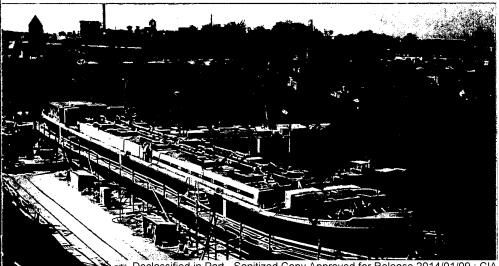
## Sea-bucket dredger 400 m³/h

Length overall	55.63 m	182 ft	6 in
Length between perpendiculars	54.62 m	179 ft	2 in
Breadth moulded	9.50 m	31 ft	2 in
Breadth overall	9.77 m	32 ft	_
Depth	4.00 m	13 ft	1 in
Designed draught	2.50 m	8 ft	2 in
Displacement	ab	out 1000	tons
Dredging capacity by light sand	ly soil	400	m³/h
Dredging depth		121	4 m
Speed		9—10 k	m/h
Crew for 3 shifts	υр	to 39 per	sons

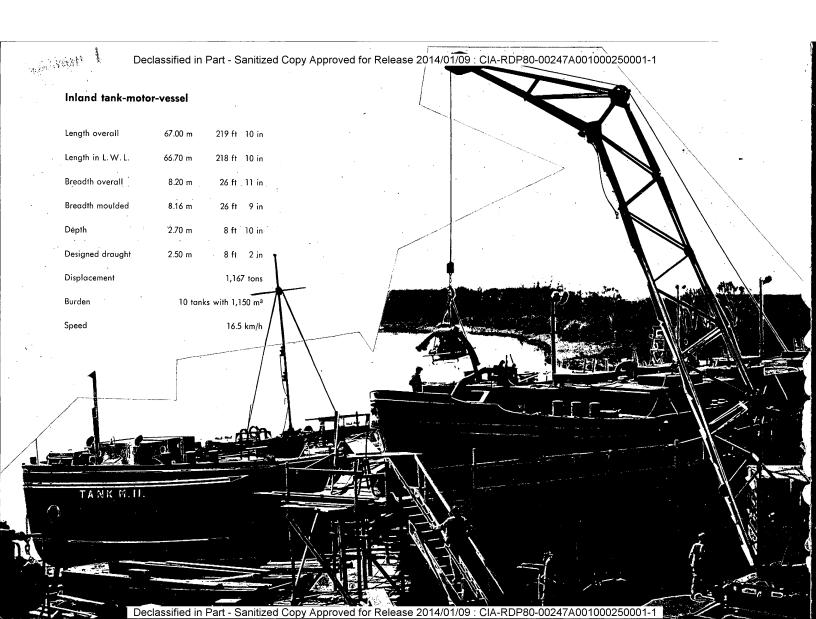
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In building dredgers the yard disposed of a long tradition, and is strived to represent this tradition of good quality and reliable work in the whole world. This is an important concern for all yard labourers. They are always strived hard for enlargement of the capacity, and to accommodate their production to the claims of inland and foreign customers, in order also to increase the export of ships.



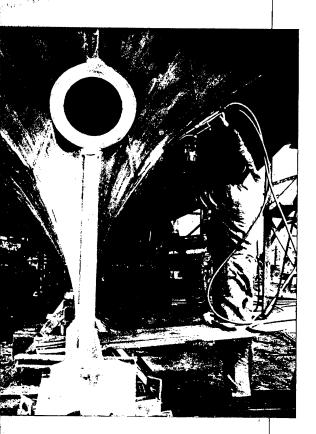
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Ernst-Thälmann-Werft Brandenburg

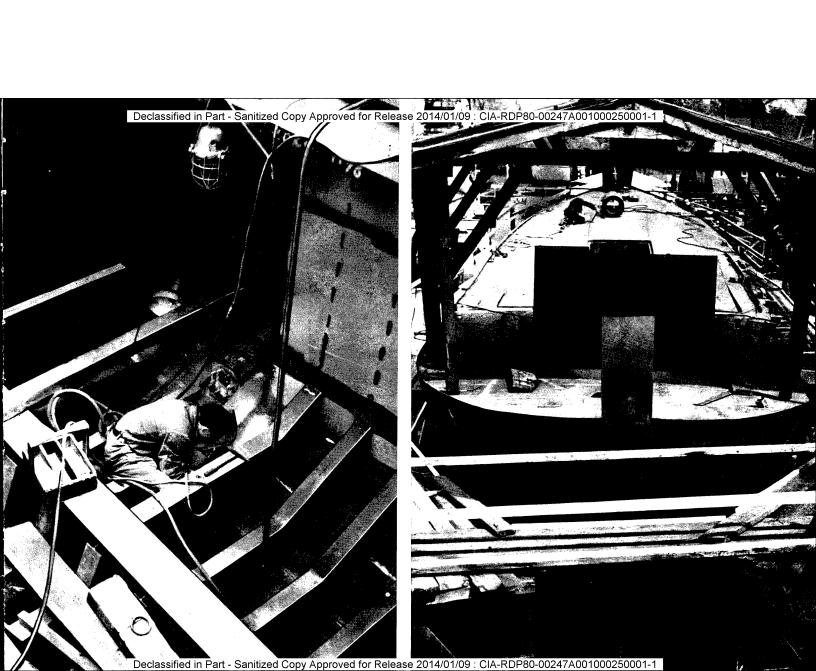


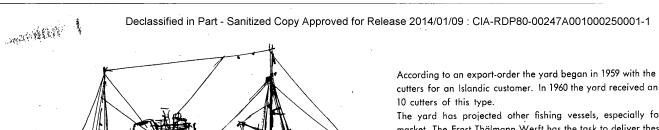
n the midst of the town Brandenburg/Havel the Ernst-Thälmann-Werft is situated, the yard on the territory of the German Democratic Republic, which first began with the building of new ships after the war.

A socialistic yard arised in course of time from an ancient private yard. The yard was given the honourable name "Ernst Thälmann". In the following years new workshops were erected, and the yard labourers raised treble in comparison with 1938. The production raised up to  $4\frac{1}{2}$  times in a period of 10 years. In course of time the change from the old rivet-construction to the modern production followed, to build ships in sections in all-welded execution.

In 1948 the yard was able to finish the first 3 deep-sea fishing vessels of the type Seiner. In 1958 the 200th ship of this type had been delivered. In these years the yard also had built fishing cutters, inland- and sea-going tugs, ice-breakers, supply-ships, tank-vessels, and survey-vessels.

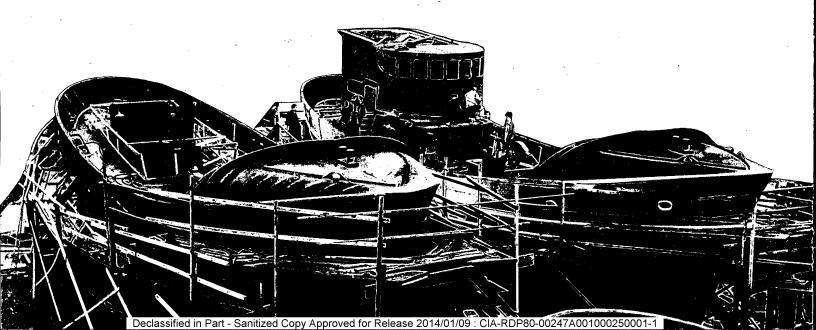
Further the building-programme comprehends technical vessels as there are bucket-chain dredgers, reclamation vessels, combined suction- and reclamation dredgers, and push boats. This demonstrates that the yard disposes of many-sided experiences.





According to an export-order the yard began in 1959 with the building of 5 fishing cutters for an Islandic customer. In 1960 the yard received an order about further

The yard has projected other fishing vessels, especially for the Scandinavian market. The Ernst-Thälmann-Werft has the task to deliver these vessels to Iceland, Denmark and Sweden in the next years, in order to increase our export into the capitalistic foreign countries.





## **Iceland** cutter

Length overall	25.00 m	82 ft — in	
Length between perpendiculars	21.60 m	70 ft 10 in	
Breadth moulded	6.00 m	19 ft 9 in	
Depth	3.00 m	9 ft 10 in	
Designed draught	2.40 m	7 ft 10 in	
Engine-output	400 hp		
Speed	about 10 knots		



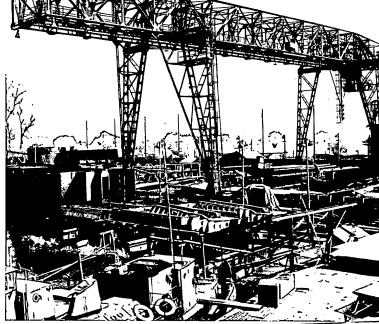
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Schiffswerft Oderberg

the Schiffswerft Oderberg was founded in 1927, and often changed its awners in consequence of economical difficulties until yard became a socialistic factory.

In the year of establishment 30 workers were occupied with repairs of barges and newbuildings of wood up to 30 m length. Eleven years later the yard had been used for repairing of transport vessels, and especially for repairing of petrol tankers, serving for war purposes.

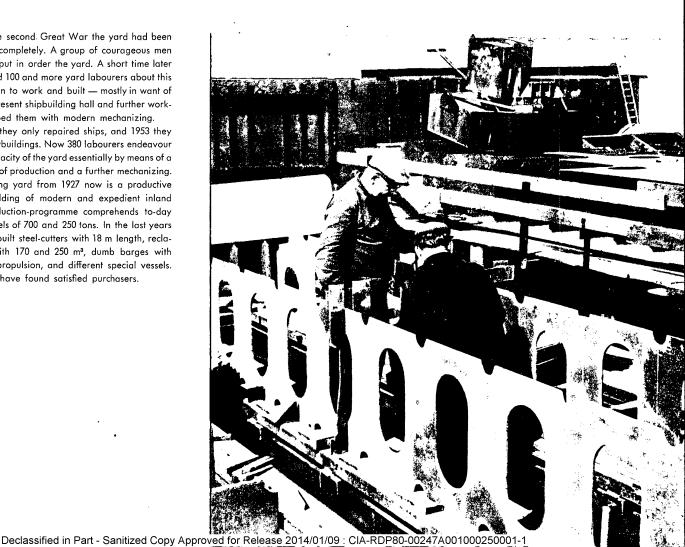




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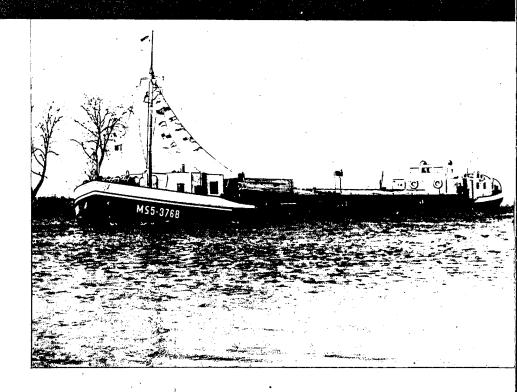
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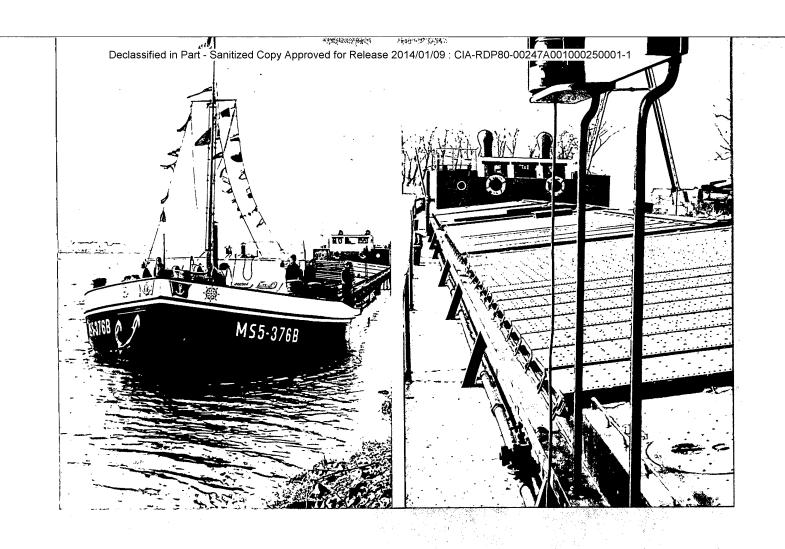
At the end of the second. Great War the yard had been destroyed nearly completely. A group of courageous men began in 1946 to put in order the yard. A short time later already assembled 100 and more yard labourers about this group. They began to work and built — mostly in want of materials — the present shipbuilding hall and further workshops and equipped them with modern mechanizing. In the beginning they only repaired ships, and 1953 they made the first newbuildings. Now 380 labourers endeavour to increase the capacity of the yard essentially by means of a new organization of production and a further mechanizing. The small repairing yard from 1927 now is a productive yard for the building of modern and expedient inland vessels. The production-programme comprehends to-day motor cargo vessels of 700 and 250 tons. In the last years the yard further built steel-cutters with 18 m length, reclamation vessels with 170 and 250 m³, dumb barges with 250 tons with Z-propulsion, and different special vessels. All these vessels have found satisfied purchasers.



## Motor cargo vessel

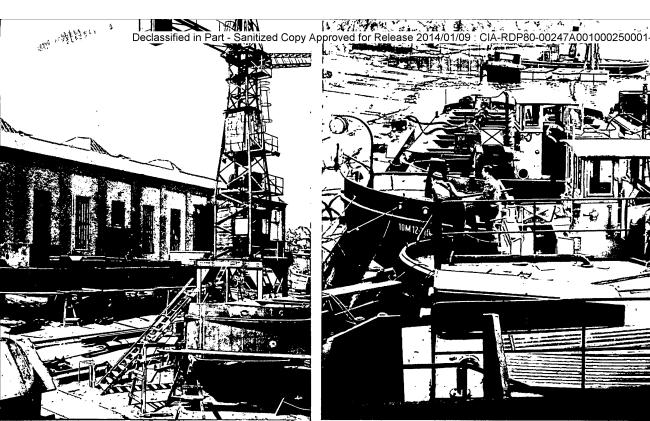
Length overall	66.65 m	218 ft 8 in
Length between perpendiculars	65.00 m	213 ft 3 in
Breadth moulded	8.16 m	26 ft 9 in
Depth	2.30 m	7 ft 7 in
Designed draught	2.00 m	6 ft 7 in
Burden	700 tons deadweight	
Speed 16 km/h		
Driving power 400 bhp		





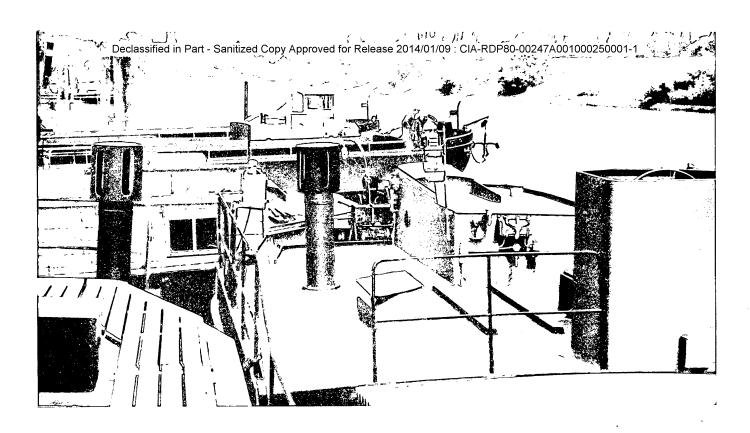


Schiffswerft Fürstenberg

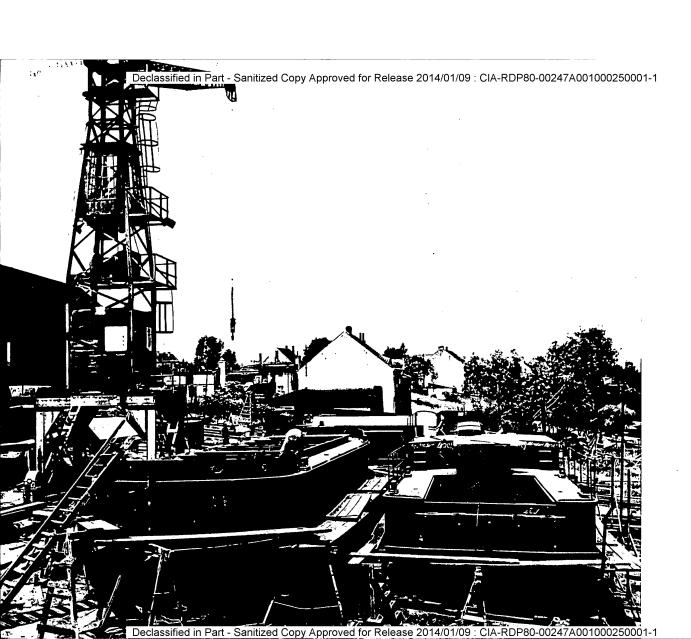




In 1946 the "Staatliche Schiffahrts-A. G. auf der Oder" was founded, to which at that time also belonged the present Schiffswerft Fürstenberg, mainly occupied with repairing works for inland vessels, proceeding on the oder. After changing the yard into a people-own yard, it got orders in newbuildings for the export. The yard places types of vessels at the disposal of our foreign trade, full appreciated by our customers. The yard already has delivered vessels to the Soviet Union, to Albania, Vietnam, Iceland, and Western Germany. Many types of vessels, leaving the yard up to this time, also were intended for our own river navigation.



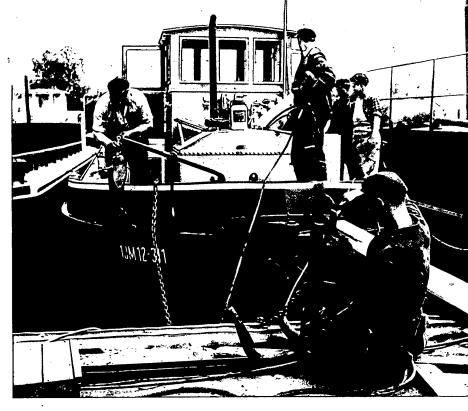
By a twelve-years old economical development the yard labourers have known that it is possible to carry out an industrial duplicate production of various types of vessel in conformity with the progressive modern organization of labour and long-sighted planned economy. Therefore they extended the production-programme of the yard considerably.



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## Pram 100 tons

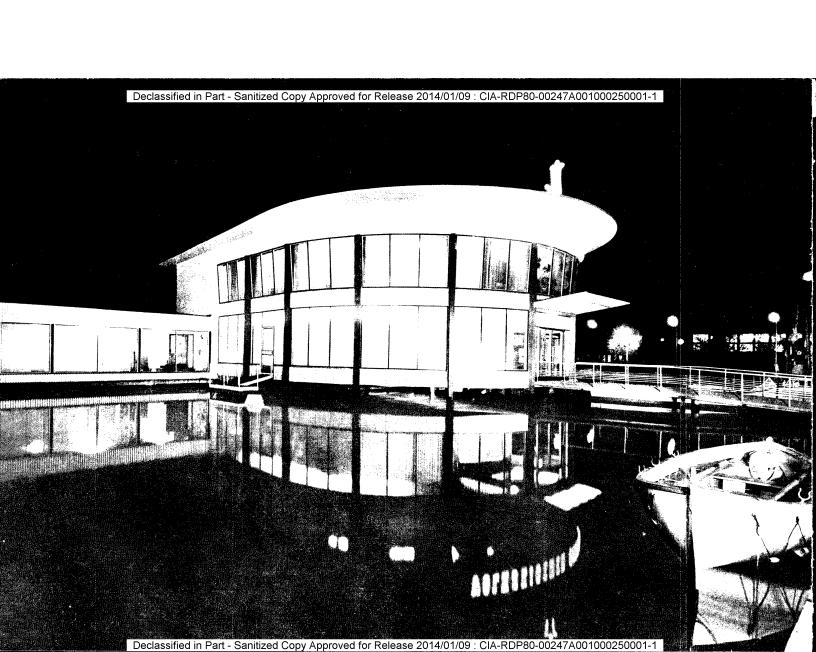
Length overall	28.108 m	92 ft	2 in
Breadth overall	4.60 m	15 ft	1 in
Depth	1.40 m	4 ft	7 in
Designed draught	1.20 m	3 ft	11 in
Deadweight	100	) tons	
Engine 28 bhp			
Speed	peed about 5 km/		



Momentary it comprehends hopper barges with bottom- and side doors, reclamation vessels, hopper barges, case- and building barges, and different types of house-boats, river tug-boats, and other special vessels. Yester-year grab prams for grab dredgers of the type UB 75 had been delivered, destined for a reedwork in Roumania.



Leipzig Trade Fair



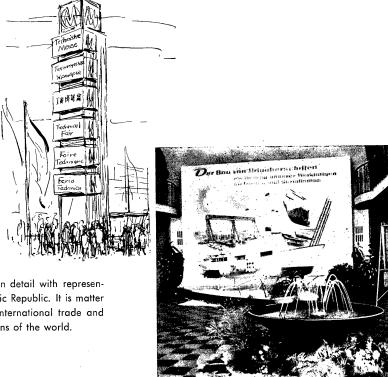
On fairs and exhibitions, participating the German Democratic Republic the foreign ex- and importers become acquainted with the economy of our Republic, the possibilities of export, and the demands for foreign goods of each kind.

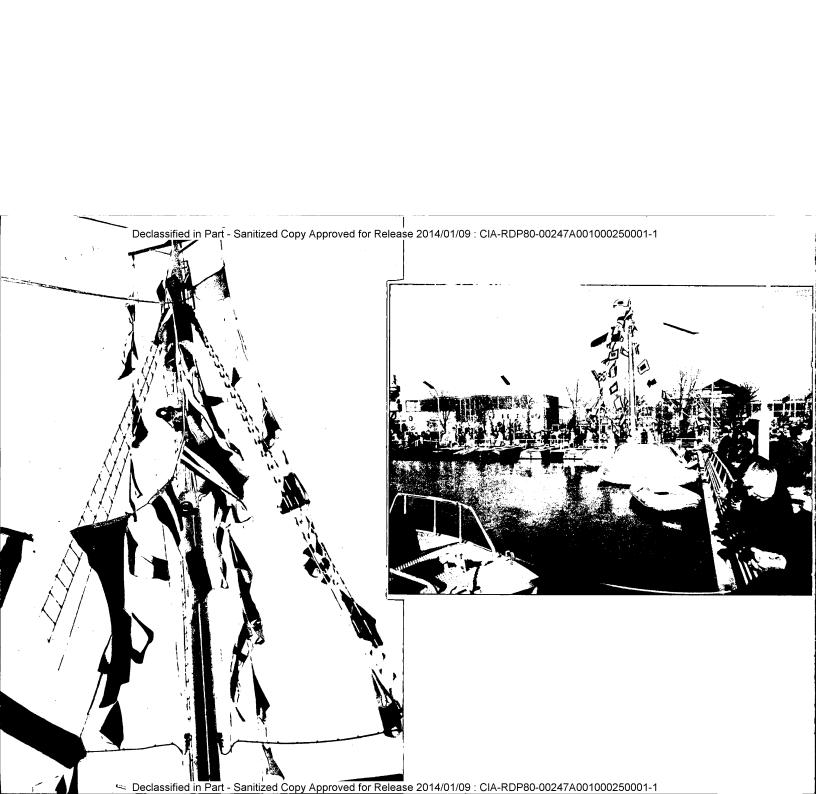
To each time fairs and exhibitions were superior organized meetings of all merchants.

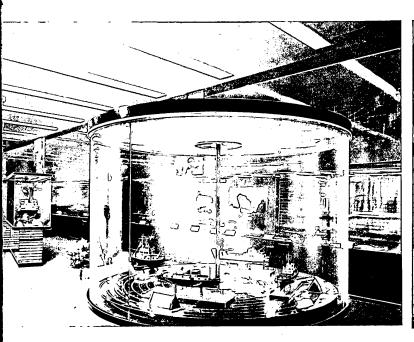
Supposition for a vivacious trade is that the partners are able to have an idea of the goods, offered and desired by the others. Further it is necessary to inform mutually about the different proceedings of foreign trade and the regulations, at times in force.

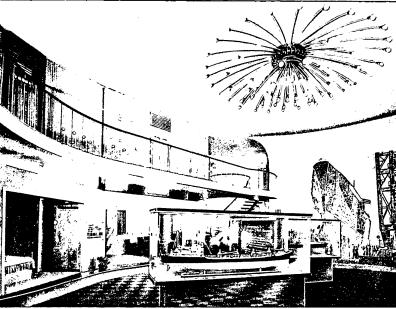
In connexion with the fairs and exhibitions it is possible for

the partners, interested in concluding of business, to negotiate in detail with representatives of industry and foreign trade of the German Democratic Republic. It is matter of fact that fairs and exhibitions considerably advance the international trade and contribute to support for peaceful connexions between all nations of the world.





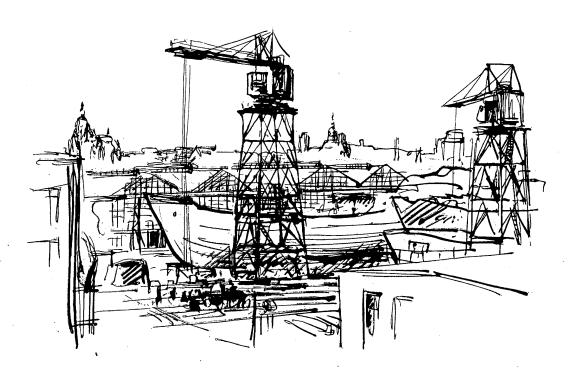




Every year the shipbuilding branch is endeavoured to offer a possibility for the interested tradesmen as well as for the multitude of visitors on inland- and foreign fairs to become acquainted with its production. The shipbuilding branch further is interested to form the trade connexions with all countries of the world, if they base on full equality.



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Apart from the ship-yards described in this publication there are in our German Democratic Republic many other medium and small national ship-yards chiefly engaged in the construction and repair of our river fleet. These yards cannot be described within the narrow limits of this publication.

This development is rapidly continued during the present Seven-years plan in the German Democratic Republic and remains adapted to the latest technical and scientific knowledges.

Ships of our young merchant fleet are now navigating all oceans, bearing witness to the high quality of the products of our ship-yards and to the peaceful development of our country.