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NICARAGUA: Situation Report
Nicaraguan National Guard forces yesterday stepped up their efforts to regain control of the countryside. The Guard concentrated its operations in Leon and Esteli, and was expected to move into Chinandega if it brought those two cities under control. Sporadic fighting occurred yesterday in Rivas, Jinotepe, and Diriamba, where guerrilla units reportedly have dug in.
Security units have heavily reinforced the military complex and the Hotel Intercontinental in Managua in anticipation of a major guerrilla strike.
//Both Major "Tachito" Somoza, President Somoza's son, and another middle-level officer confirm that there is some concern about the Guard's ammunition supplies, but Major Somoza says these can be replenished by Central American suppliers.//

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National Intelligence Daily Cable for Saturday, 1	6 September 1978.	• 25X1
The NID Cable is for the purpose senior US officials.	of informing	
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//With Iran's Muslim leaders and opposition politicians temporarily subdued by martial law, the Shah is trying to regain the initiative by taking steps to convince critics that he intends to continue pushing his program of political liberalization despite recent widespread disorders.//

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FRANCE - WEST GERMANY - EC
//At their two-day semiannual meeting in Aachen, Germany, which ended yesterday, French President Giscard and West German Chancellor Schmidt showed every sign of being determined to advance the cause of EC monetary unity, even though earlier reporting had indicated significant Franco-German differences on the projected European Monetary System.//
//The two leaders pressed their experts into ser-
vice in Aachen, and Schmidt announced yesterday that, despite
some remaining technical difficulties, "we have no differences
of opinion." Details on the extent of the agreement are not yet
available and some of the "technical difficulties" may prove
serious. The degree to which they have been able to agree on

//Skepticism about the feasibility of a new Community monetary arrangement persists in many of the EC capitals. There nevertheless is a growing feeling that a political decision to go ahead might be made by the EC's December target date, although the system would not begin functioning until sometime in 1979.

fundamentals should become clearer after the EC finance minis-

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## USSR: Reaction to Kennedy Visit

ters meet on Monday.//

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reaction in Pravda to the publicity given Senator Kennedy's announcement about 18 Soviet emigration cases suggests that Moscow found it difficult to arrive at an appropriate response. Although the Soviets felt it necessary to react against what they saw as US interference in Soviet affairs, they were probably unhappy that this undercut their effort to use the Senator's visit to move the US-Soviet relationship in a more positive direction.

TASS described the talks last Saturday between the Senator and President Brezhnev as "businesslike and friendly" and avoided using the cooler term "frank," which the Senator used. TASS did, however, characterize the current state of US-Soviet affairs as "unsatisfactory."

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apparently want to turn to a new page in the US-Soviet relationship, seem to feel they must be on their guard to ensure that the rules of future bilateral dealings are defined carefully to protect Soviet interests, particularly in domestic affairs.

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25X6 CHINA: New Scientific Emphasis 25X1 //China has made plans to send thousands of its best students abroad for graduate training in the sciences and engineering during the next few years. In other significant reflections of the country's new emphasis on scientific and technological development, leading scientists are again becoming members of the Communist Party and party political cadres involved in management decisions on scientific and engineering matters are attending special classes to increase their competence in those areas.// 25X1 25X1 Several Western countries have been asked to accept many more Chinese scientific and technical students than they are willing or able to accommodate this fall. Only 500 to 1,000 are to constitute the initial group, but China hopes to place as many as 3,000 students abroad by the fall of 1979. A large proportion will be graduate students because Chinese graduate programs are undeveloped. The candidates will probably be persons with high potential for scientific and technical studies, but they are likely to be poorly prepared linguistically and academically. 25X1 //China's interests are primarily in engineering, electronics, and solid-state physics. Western management techniques and research methods are also of great interest. A small number of Chinese students are already being trained in science and engineering in Japan, Canada, West Germany, and France.//

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25X1	The entry of leading scientists into the Communist Party suggests a rise in the status of scientists to what it was before the Cultural Revolution, when perhaps 20 to 30 per- cent of the country's professional scientists were party mem- bers. Party organs, especially provincial committees and commit- tees in scientific and technical institutes and universities, are playing an important role in promoting China's science policies.
	BRIEFS
	Argentina-US
25X1	Argentina has indefinitely postponed formal ratification of the Tlateloco Treaty, which seeks to ban nuclear weapons from Latin America. There is a possibility that it will reverse its earlier decision and decide not to adhere to the accord.
25X1	//The change of mind stems in part from grow- ing hostility in Buenos Aires to US pressure on human rights.
	25X <sup>-</sup>
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	Ecuador
25X1	A plot by some senior Ecuadorean military officers
	and election officials to announce widesplead volumes two-stage ities and fraud as a prelude to voiding the country's two-stage presidential election apparently has been shelved until next week.  The postponement seems to have been prompted by broad the postponement seems to have been prompted by the postponement seems to have been prompted by the postponement seems to

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25X1 whether the conspiracy can succeed, but US Embassy officials in Quito believe that the plotters probably will try again after the public furor subsides. 25X1 Norway 25X1 Norway's Labor government, committed to restoring the country's international competitiveness, yesterday announced a wage and price freeze that is to last until the end of 1979. The government suspended collective bargaining for the same period, as well as pay raises already scheduled for 1979. 25X1 Inflation averaging 9 percent for the past two years has threatened to price Norwegian industry out of markets both at home and abroad. Unless the rise of wages and prices is moderated, the improvement in Norway's competitive position stemming from an 8-percent devaluation in February will vanish, 25X1 profit margins in nonenergy export industries will narrow further, and unemployment will rise.

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Zambia
The Zambian Government arrested opposition political figure Simon Kapwepwe and some of his followers last week, according to the US Embassy in Lusaka. Kapwepwe had announced last month that he was a candidate for the presidency. The government apparently wanted to ensure that there would be no disruptions and that President Kaunda would win an overwhelming endorsement as the only candidate at the ruling party conference last weekend.
Since Kaunda won the endorsement as expected, Kapwe-pwe's relatives expect him to be released before the end of the month. The government is concerned about Kapwepwe's considerable support within the country's largest tribal group, however, and will keep a close eye on him at least until after the election, which is likely to be held next month.
efection, which is likely to be not a
Colombia
Labor leaders helped President Turbay's government keep the lid on a potentially explosive situation in Colombia on Thursday by calling off demonstrations to commemorate the general strike of a year ago. Stringent new security measures will remain in effect, however, because officials believe terrorist and insurgent groups are planning additional assassinations—a former minister was murdered on Tuesday—or other disruptive actions.

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