SECRET,
Approved For Release 2005/11/21: CIA-RDP78B04744A000600030005-9

ATTACHMENT TO
NPIC/TDS/D-831-67

	MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD	
25X1	SUBJECT: Request for Overrun of from Fiscal Year-1965 Funds for Contract No.	
:		
	1. Historical Background	
25X1 25X1	The subject contract for the development of a Modulated Light Roll Film Viewer was let as a result of a concept originated late in 1963 by a former member of the Technical Development Staff,	
5X1	reasoned that the effort utilized in the	
5X1	might also be applied to film viewers in the illumination source (modulated-light) and that since the duplicates thus viewed would have been reproduced on the high performance printers no reduction in resolution would result. In such an application the utilization of the automatic dodging principle would be at the discretion of the P.I. who might turn it off or on at will. Thus, the P.I. would only use the automatic dodging on the type of imagery which might be improved by such an effect and at his own discretion.	:
5X1 -	of TDS, became a chief supporter of concept.  The concept was discussed with operational groups throughout the building and with other members of the Technical Development Staff. There were divided opinions as to its potential utility, but all the individuals who were familiar with electronic technology agreed that implementation of the concept appeared to be within the state-of-the-art.	
	Upon obtaining approval from appropriate authorities within the build- ing, including the Technical Development Board, feasibility studies were simultaneously contracted with three different organizations, namely	i f

# SECRET. Approved F Release 2005/11/21 : CIA-RDP78B047 A000600030005-9

	SUBJECT: Request for Overrun of from Fiscal Year-1965 Funds for Contract No.	25X1 25X1
25X1	Corporation. Each of these organizations was known to have competence in the field of electronic cathode ray tube applications and a reasonable acquaintance with reconnaissance exploitation processes. These studies were completed in the Spring of 1965. All of them included demonstration of operational breadboards. The study indicated a capability to reach the most significant objectives of the development which had to be compromised by technical limitations in the systems proposed by the other contractors. Extensive discussions with RCA technical representatives followed.	
25X1	Toward the end of Fiscal Year 65 a satisfactory technical and cost proposal relationship was reached with and a contract was let for the development of two prototype Modulated Light Film Viewers. The contract was a CPFF type for a cost of a total of a total of The contract was let on 30 June 1965 and the period of performance extended until 22 December 1965. Although it is unconventional and generally unwise to order two prototypes to be simultaneously developed, both PAG and IAS indicated the requirement for such a device in their operational spaces, and the feasibility studies had indicated that a practical implementation was within the state-of-the-art. In addition, the cost for the production of two items was relatively modest and appeared to be consistent with the technological effort anticipated by the engineers. Therefore, TDS and TDB agreed to the simultaneous development of two identical prototypes.	25X1 25X1 25X1
25X1 25X1 25X1 25X1	and assumed responsibility for continuing this development. Shortly	25X1
	At the same time we were making these changes in the monitorship, we were attempting to remain thoroughly coordinated with PAG and IAS in the accomplishment of this development. In this process the monitor took PAG and IAS representatives to the contractor's facility to comment on the physical design of the Modulated Light Film Viewers. The contractor took opportunity from the remarks made by these representatives to significantly alter his design approach without permission from the Contracting Officer or the technical monitor.	<b>25X</b> 1
	As a result of these changes, sent us a letter on 14 October 1965 in accordance with the "Limitation of Cost" clause of the contract, which requested additional funds to accommodate Changes in Scope indicated by the	25X1
	- 2 -	

SECRET

# SEUKEI.

	Approved New Release 2005/11/21: CIA-RDP76B04770A000600030005-9	
25X1	SUBJECT: Request for Overrun of from Fiscal Year-1965 Funds	
	for Contract No.	X1
	remarks of the PAG and IAS representatives amounting to a cost of including the fee and an anticipated overrun of the contract which would totally consume the existing funding level by 12 November 1965, more than a month before the end of the period of performance. In the face of criticism by the Contracting Officer and other Government representatives for the presumptuous assumption of these changes in requirement, admitted to an 25%	ī
	error in judgment, and a negotiated settlement was made with them with the following provisions:	
25X1	(1) would assume of the overrun costs;	
	(2) The Government would assume of the overrun cost and 25)	<b>X</b> 1
25X1	in costs associated with a change in scope which also carried an increase in fee of thus changing the contract cost to and the fee to 25)	X1
25X1	a total of	,
· :	(3) The predelivery inspection of prototype No. 1 would be delayed from 17 December 1965 until 6 January 1966, and prototype No. 2 would be ready for inspection approximately 1 month later, on or about 6 February 1966.	
	2. Predelivery Inspection Meeting at on 6 January 1966.	X1
	This meeting was held for the express purpose of obtaining a predelivery inspection and approval from government representatives of the prototype No. 1 Modulated Light Film Viewer. NPIC technical monitors had been assured that the equipment was ready for such inspection. Because there had been some misunderstandings in previous contractual relationships regarding this	
	development, which were placing inordinate responsibility on the 25%	X1
•.	assigned technical monitor, Messrs. accompanied him on this inspection trip. The trip was totally concerned with the technical performance of the Prototype No. 1 and since discussion of the administrative aspects of the contract were not anticipated, the Contracting Officer did not accompany us on this visit. The proceedings of this meeting	X1
	are fairly well recorded in minutes prepared by and notes taken by the Government representatives. These records confirm the fact that the equipment was far from ready for predelivery inspection. None of the main features of the equipment performed in a fashion approximating the Government stated	
25X1	objectives or the performance specifications proposed by The Government representatives criticized thoroughly for their poor performance showing and their administrative indiscretion for inviting a predelivery inspection	X1
	under such circumstances. At the same time representatives were cautioned not to commit additional Government funds in the process of correcting these performance deficiencies without prior approval of the Contracting Officer.	X1

# SECRET

:	SUBJECT: Request for Overrun of from Fiscal Year-1965 Funds for Contract No.	25X1 25X1
25X1	3. Meeting at on 8 February 1966 Regarding the Progress on the Image Perceptibility Program.	25X1
	This meeting was attended by from NPIC for the purpose of reviewing and evaluating progress on various tasks under another major contractual effort with them concerned with the development and evaluation of techniques for Improving Image Perceptibility. There was no intention or plan for discussing the Modulated Light Film Viewer development contract. However, after the discussion of the tasks under the Image Perceptibility contract had been completed, representatives requested	
25X1 25X1	At this time they announced to us that the Modulated Light Film Viewer development project was in an overrun status and that the completion of the contract would cost an estimated fee, totaling approximately which would amount to an overrun of The Government representatives expressed justifiable alarm at this announcement and advised that as Technical Monitors they had no authority to confirm or deny the acceptability of these costs, and further advised them to immediately contact the Contracting Officer in this regard. further advised the Government representatives that all but of these additional costs had already been expended by 1 February 1966.	25X1 25X1 25X1 25X1
25X1 25X1	The minutes of this meeting prepared by which later were cited in their defense, incorrectly generalizes the Government representative's (Mr instruction to them regarding their overrun status as follows:  "He advised to continue on its present work schedule but not to make any new commitments until direction was received from the customer."  recollection of his statements at that time is better represented by the previous description, which appears above.	25X1 25X1 ]
25X1	4. NPIC/IDS Reaction to the Overrun Announcement of 8 February 1966.	
25X1 25X1	The news of the overrun status on the Modulated Light Film Viewer contract was brought back to (the Contracting Officer) on the following day. Immediate steps were taken in an attempt to determine the most beneficial position for the Government to take in this case. It was necessary to determine the difference	25X1
25X1	in the cost of terminating the contract immediately and continuing it to its logical conclusion. This decision was complicated by the fact that TDS technical personnel were divided in their opinions concerning the feasibility of this development, and had shown poor performance to date and poor faith by virtue of their late announcement of this extensive overrun. Consequently, it would be difficult to believe that they could attain the required performance within their new cost projections.	

# SECREI,

	Approved For Release 2005/11/21 : CIA-RDP78B04770A000600030005-9	
25X1	SUBJECT: Request for Overrun of from Fiscal Year-1965 Funds	
	for Contract No.	25X1
25X1	sought without success to determine from the OL/PD	
	representatives if we could hold the contractor to the then present contract price of if we accepted the equipment in its present state.	
25X1		
25X1	the senior scientists of the TDS Exploratory Development Lab, had both become skeptical of the likelihood of significant	
	benefit from this developmentremained convinced that the concept was based on well established principles which had been widely accepted	25X1
	as improvements in the display of aerial photography. He recommended that	
0EV4	new specifications be drawn up on the basis of the recent experience with which would tie down the critical performance parameters once and for	
25X1 25X1	all and that be invited to propose the completion of the development of	
	the Modulated Light Film Viewers against these more rigidly defined specifi- cations on a Fixed Price basis.	,
	5. Meeting of 23 February 1966 at NPIC to Receive and Evaluate a	
25X1	New Cost Proposal from	•
	This meeting was prior to the formulation and presentation of new speci-	
25X1	fication requirements by It was attended by (the Contracting Officer), and several	25X1
25X1 25X1	representatives from There was extensive discussion of the technical	
	and administrative problems associated with this development contract. representatives gave the following report concerning the cost status and	25X1
	cost to complete.	
:	The cost at 20 February 1966 had risen toincluding the	25X1
25X1	that had agreed to absorb resulting in a net cost to the Government of plus approximately feea total of	25X1
25X1		
	They estimated an additional would be required to complete the task, which would have made the final total price including the	25X1 25X1
	fee.	
25X1	level of commitment to these costs and to the associated per-	
	formance guarantees for the equipment were entirely unsatisfactory to the Government. Consequently, they were instructed to go back and prepare a	
	more specific proposal in terms of both cost and performance guarantees.	
25X1	6. Letter of 1 March 1966.	
25X1	On 1 March 1966 submitted a new performance proposal which it was	051/
25X1	willing to guarantee for a ceiling price of including fee. All this was over and above the they had agreed to absorb previously.	25X1
20/(1-	(At the same time they informed the Contracting Officer that all work and charges against this contract had ceased as of 1 March 1966.) However, no	
V	CHATGES AGAINST MITS CONTINUED HOW COMBER OF IT INTOIT TOOLS, HOUSE,	

### SEUMEL

#### Approved Fee Release 2005/11/21: CIA-RDP78B04770A000600030005-9 SUBJECT: Request for Overrun of [ from Fiscal Year-1965 Funds 25X1 25X1 for Contract No. member of the Technical Development Staff believed that the performance commitments in this proposal were reassuring enough to justify the level of additional funding was requesting in spite of the fact it was a ceiling 25X1 25X1 price. Shortly thereafter, requested government technical representatives to visit their facility on the 7th of March to view improvements in the equipment performance. made this visit, and although 25X1 there was visible improvement in the primary Light Modulating System, it was still not adequate for a meaningful evaluation of this technique and it was significantly short of the performance specifications. Meeting at NPIC with Representatives on 16 March 1966 to Define the 25X1 Performance Commitments that Would be Necessary on Part Before 25X1 NPIC Could Consider Acceptance of the Overrun Request. prepared a detailed critique of the previous performance commitments submitted by and indicated to the representatives how 25X1 these commitments must be more precisely defined before the government would be willing to consider the risk of additional funds on this development contract. In addition to several representatives, 25X1 were present at this meeting in which there was extensive technical discussion of the equipment performance problems. The repre-25X1 sentatives accepted our instructions and criticisms and indicated they would take them back to their office, evaluate them in depth, and advise us of their response within the next few days. Letter of 22 March 1966. 25X1 This letter reiterated the proposal of 1 March 1966 to complete the tables in accordance with the 3rd paragraph of that letter for the ceiling also indicated that they were not interested in 25X1 submitting a more detailed proposal in accordance with our request for additional performance specifications on 16 March 1966. Turther indicated 25X1 that if we did not accept their new proposal they would deliver the equipment as is for the costs incurred to date which were approximately 25X1 They requested an answer no later than 28 March 1966. On this same date, 22 March 1966, TDS prepared a memorandum for the Chief, Procurement Division, Office of Logistics, in which we informed him of the ultimatum requiring a choice between accepting the equipment "as is" for or "completed" 25X1 25X1 We also asked OL/PD for their advice concerning the possibility 25X1 of holding the contractor to the existing contract price of 25X1 accepted the equipment "as is". Procurement Division, Office of Logistics' Letter to of 25 March 1966. 25X1

By this letter the Procurement Division indicated to that we would

accept the equipment in its present state of completion at the present maximum

25X1

## SEURET,

#### Approved For Release 2005/11/21: CIA-RDP78B04770A000600030005-9 SUBJECT: Request for Overrun of from Fiscal Year-1965 Funds for Contract No. amount stated in the contract of had concurred 25X1 with this action on the basis of assurances from that the con-25X1 tractor had virtually no recourse for claiming additional funds on this task order. Letter of 19 April 1966 to the Contracting Officer. 25X1 With this letter reviewed the course of the contract to date and 25X1 rejected the offer tendered by the Procurement Division on 25 March 1966. In turn they requested that a contract modification be issued bringing the contract cost up to [ plus the fee of making a total contract 25X1 value of { to deliver the equipment "as is". Procurement Division, Office of Logistics' Letter to of 22 July 1966. 25X1 After considerable discussion between Procurement Division and TDS representatives, the Procurement Division established their position for refusing to recognize the additional cost claimed by and advised them of 25X1 this position with this letter. The Government's position was based on the "Limitation of Cost" clause in the contract and the fact that had pre-25X1 viously indicated their awareness of the procedures stated therein by their advanced notification of anticipated overruns in October 1965. 12. Letter to Contracting Officer on 21 December 1966. 25X1 In accordance with rather typical processes related to contractual procedures, no correspondence took place in regard to this contract until this letter (5 months later) in which reiterated their position in 25X1 defense of claiming all costs to date and requested a meeting with government representatives "to amicably resolve the problems which have arisen." 13. Meeting at PD/OL on 23 January 1967. At this point, Messrs. were invited to visit the Chief, Procurement Division to discuss the latest letter (21 Dec 66). At this meeting, we were advised that he had not been familiar 25X1 previously with claim that they had been instructed by continue with their present work schedule as planned but not to make any new 25X1 25X1 commitments until direction was received from the government. We were told that this commitment on part as he understood it compromised 25X1 the Government's position and that consequently the Procurement Division recommended that we negotiate with for an equitable settlement. Mr. 25X1 held firm and indicated that he would like to maintain the 25X1 original position of holding the contractor to the contract price until he

- 7 -

was satisfied that we must yield on this point in the negotiation process.

# SECRET.

!	Approved For Release 2005/11/21 : CIA-RDP78B04770A000600030005-9	
	SUBJECT: Request for Overrun of from Fiscal Year-1965 Funds for Contract No.	25X1 25X1
		,
25X1	14. Meeting with at Procurement Division on 24 January 1967.	
25X1 25X1 25X1	This meeting was held in response to the request tendered by on 21 December 1966 for the purpose of coming to an "amicable" resolution of the problems associated with this contract. The first two hours of the meeting consisted of an extensive criticism of the government monitors and administrative procedures presented by The Procurement Division representative, then attempted to explore the possibility that was open to negotiation on the subject. indicated they would only consider full reimbursement of the costs which had previously been claimed and that if we were not willing to honor these, they were obliged to take this case to the Board of Contract Appeals. At this time they held that the did not include the had previously agreed	25X1 25X1 25X1 25X1
	to absorb. With this pronouncement, the meeting was dismissed.  15. Government Legal Preparations.	
25X1 25X1	First, the Procurement Division got in touch with the Board of Contract Appeals and asked for counsel regarding this case.  a lawyer on the Appeals Board was assigned. He obtained the contract files from the Procurement Division and interviewed regarding the history of the case. Subsequently, on 3 March 1967 he delivered a Memorandum of Opinion to the Procurement Division. We were advised by that his analysis of this opinion led him to believe that the Government had about a 30/70 position in this case. He explained that this meant if the case went before the Board of Contract Appeals he felt that the contractor would be awarded about 70% of his overrun claims, which at that time were for a total contract value of an increase of over the existing contract price. 70% of this overrun would amount to an award of approximately to the contractor. On this basis requested our concurrence to reopen negotiations with complied.	25X1 25X1 25X1 25X1 25X1 25X1
	16. Receipt of Equipment on 9 March 1967.	
	The equipment was delivered "in its present condition" to NPIC on or about 9 March 1967. The first prototype model was in essentially the same condition it was when it had last been viewed in February 1966 with the typical depreciation that occurs under storage conditions. The overall physical condition of the equipment could be rated as fair. Several minor features, such as the removable plastic diffuser and rubber snubbers on the microswitches were in poor condition. The only noticeable positive change in the equipment was the fact that the microscope feedback system had been installed and appeared to be operational. The quality of operation is as yet undefined. Performance of the equipment in the direct viewing mode appeared to be equivalent to that demonstrated by in February 1966.	25X1
	- 8 -	_0/(1

## SEUKE!

	Approved Fee Release 2005/11/21 : CIA-RDP78B047-0A000600030005-9	
	SUBJECT: Request for Overrun of from Fiscal Year-1965 Funds	25X′
	for Contract No.	25X
:	Prototype No. II was delivered in good condition but essentially incomplete in that the main cathode ray tube had not yet been installed. Delivery of	
	the equipment satisfied the "as-is" conditions of the agreement. The equip-	
	ment is currently undergoing test and evaluation by the Equipment Performance Staff.	
25X1	17. Meeting at of 11 April 1967.	
	This meeting was arranged by of OL/PD to reopen negotiations	25X′
ļ	regarding the cost settlement of this contract. Several representatives	
	were in attendance. and two contract	25X 25X
	auditors represented the Government. In their review of contract costs,	
	the Government auditors determined thathad actually been expended on the contract. In the meeting we determined that this figure in fact in-	25X1
25X1	cluded the had agreed to absorb, which left a balance of	25X <sup>2</sup>
25X1	When the agreed-upon minimum fee of was added to this, the	¬ 25X′
25X1	total contract price came to which amounted to an overrun of	
051/4	By using additional information uncovered by the auditors, was able to call into question about more of the cost claim on the basis	25X1
25X1	of unauthorized overtime charges and some costs that were incurred after the	•
	contractor had announced termination of charges (as of 1 March 1966) to the	
25X1	contract. However, felt that their claim for most of these costs would	
25X1 25X1	hold up in court. Although the price was considerably below the	
25X1	had claimed, the Government representatives could not in good conscience accept this as an equitable settlement, in light of the fact	
25X1	that had incurred practically all of these overrun costs before they for-	
20/(1	mally announced to the Government that they expected to be reimbursed for	
25X1	them. together bore in on the	
25X1	point that had to accept a significant portion of the responsibility for	
	the situation that had occurred. Although the government representatives were all well aware of the Appeals Board counsel's analysis of the extent	
	of the Government's complicity, they continued to imply to that the	25X1
	Government was not willing to defray all these costs and would be willing	23/
	to go to the Board of Contract Appeals to prevent their payment. At an	
25X1	appropriate time the representatives were asked to reconsider their position. After they had done so began to review the bidding on	
	position. After they had done sobegan to review the bidding on the blackboard, considering the data and facts as he saw them. Finally,	25X1
	after being pressured by the government representatives to cut through the	
	minutiae he offered to settle for above the existing contract	25X1
	price. This would bring the new proposed contract price to a total of	
25X1	including the fee of	
	The Government representatives asked to discuss this offer alone.	
25X1	In this session indicated that he believed this settlement was	
_0/(1		
	<b>~ 9 ~</b>	

## SECRET

### Approved For Release 2005/11/21 : CIA-RDP78B047/0A000600030005-9

25X1 25X1

25X1

SUBJECT:	Request for Overrun of from Fiscal Year-1965 Funds
	for Contract No.

considerably more favorable to the Government than would be obtained if we
went to the Board of Contract Appeals. In light of all the factors in the
case, had reached this same conclusion and
concurred on this point. It was unanimously agreed that we would recommend
acceptance of the offer. This would represent a negotiation of the
Overrun downward by signed informal
statements which confirmed the specific settlement reached by the two parties.

#### 18. Continuing Corrective Actions.

25X1

Steps have been taken to obviate a recurrence of this type of contract management error insofar as it is controllable by the Technical Development Staff. Some of the major steps are as follows:

- (a) Procedures have been set up for more wide dissemination and feed-back of technical and legal opinions regarding development concepts within the Technical Development Staff so that the status of these opinions and the basis for them are known at all times by appropriate authorities, including the Assistant for Technical Development, his staff chiefs, the branch chiefs, the technical monitors, and the project team members.
- (b) Development Staff personnel have been instructed to make more complete written records of all significant information referring to a contract for which they have responsibility. Such significant information is referred to the Staff Chief for sign-off and possible recommended action. In the case that it may imply changes in cost, this information is immediately forwarded in writing to the Assistant for Technical Development and the Contracting Officer. Copies are filed in the contract folder.
- (c) Development Staff personnel have been further cautioned to make absolutely no commitments of any kind which the contractor may interpret as a basis for increasing the scope or cost of the contract. They have also been told to warn their respective contractors that unanticipated overrun costs will not be honored. They have been advised of appropriate procedures for anticipating necessary cost overruns or changes in scope including obtaining prior approval from the Assistant for Technical Development, other appropriate approval authorities, and the Contracting Officer before their introduction into the contract.
- (d) The Technical Development Staff has devised written "boiler-plate" specifications for the contractor to use in reporting costs on a monthly basis, which are now included as a part of the contract. No other form of cost reporting will be accepted. This cost reporting form is designed to protect the Government from techniques contractors have used in the past to hide costs until they are ready to report them at their own convenience.

	SECRET pproved For Release 2005/11/21:	: CIA-RDP78B04770A000600030005-9	•
SUBJECT:	Request for Overrun of for Contract No.	from Fiscal Year-1965 Funds	25X1 25X1
"Limitati This is i assumed p	ion of Cost" clause in the stain the response to the fact to protection of this clause have veral years before this is a	als is in the process of beefing-up the tandard Government contract "boiler plate." that many Government claims based on the ve not held up in court. However, it approved for inclusion in the standard	25X1
	Deput	ty Chief, Development Staff, TDS	