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curious services rendered, be returned to the Treasury of the United States.

My second suggestion is that a thorough investigation be made within the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare to determine who authorized and who approved this nonsense. It might be interesting to my colleagues to see just how widespread this appalling waste has become. Unless we stop such unconscionable waste now we may expect it to continue and to expand. Surely there must be more appropriate methods of complying with the Presidential mandate to get America going again.

I ask that the editorial in the Washington Evening Star to which I alluded appear at this point in the Record.

There being no objection, the editorial was ordered to be printed in the Record, as follows:

[From the Washington (D.C.) Evening Star, Sept. 3, 1963]

**LIVE AND LEARN**

The mail has brought to my desk a document (814 pages) which is sponsored by the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, and which has to do with educational instruction.

One section, believe it or not, is concerned with an "Official Girlwatcher's Manual." Any males interested are told they will need as prerequisites "20/20 vision or corrected as required." Additional suggested material includes glasses or binoculars. Another section, concerned with social studies, states that there is only one continent larger than Africa and this is Asia. Then comes the question: "So, the enormous chunk of rock that is Africa is (a) the largest continent; (b) the second largest continent."

If Johnny can come up with the correct answer to this one, he is, we gather, home free. Not so the taxpayer. He will have to make up the difference between the cost of producing these massive volumes and the receipts derived by the Government Printing Office from selling them at \$2.50 a copy. Fortunately, it isn't likely that this boondoggle will head to the best seller list.

**"MARTIN DIES' STORY"**

Mr. THURMOND. Mr. President, "Why did you sin by silence when you knew the truth?" These are the words of a great American in telling the world why he wrote the book, "Martin Dies' Story." This patriot was maligned, smeared, and persecuted because he dared to expose a conspiracy that today is threatening to bury us. If we had heeded his advice the world would be much nearer to the illusory peace we seek today at the expense of our security. The danger Martin Dies warned about has been amplified a hundred times over. I recommend that every American read this dynamic exposure. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that a review of the "Martin Dies' Story" by William R. Ruggles as printed in the Dallas Morning News, be printed in the Record at this point.

There being no objection, the review was ordered to be printed in the Record, as follows:

A BOOK FOR CONSERVATIVES: "MARTIN DIES' STORY"

(Reviewed by William R. Ruggles)

"We lost World War II. It was not the brave men who offered and gave their lives who lost it for us. It was the politicians.

Politics betrayed the 1,076,245 casualties of World War II, and the 157,860 casualties of the Korean war. Now we are losing the miscalled cold war."

This striking paragraph opens "Martin Dies' Story." The man who headed the House Committee on Un-American Activities so introduces his grim account of what amounts to betrayal of the Nation by diverse factors: Political ambition; recklessness of method; misguided ignorance stimulated to falsehood and calumny; official stupidity and lax security; unwillingness to admit costly fault; a small group of dedicated Communist agents infiltrated into official position.

This is a terrifying story, a striking warning from a devoted American and Texan upon whose head and political fortunes have been opened the vials of wrath of the ignorant, the dupe, the traitor, and the well-meaning fool.

Here is the record of what the Dies committee did, what it tried to do and what it was prevented from doing. Recorded are the antecedents leading to the formation of the committee with Dies at its head in 1938 and the events of the next 8 years when it functioned through the most extraordinary storm of criticism, vituperation, and effort-blocking maneuver in our political history.

In a remarkable foreword, Dies, now 63, points out that he is writing the record not merely to inform posterity but to save it. "If our children do not learn of these incredible blunders, they are doomed to repeat them. I must speak out, lest I be asked on Judgment Day, 'Why did you sin by silence when you knew the truth?'"

Here he does speak out, and how. The Dies committee directed investigation on no single enemy target but on all. The Roosevelt administration tried to keep it off the Communists, but it went after Reds as well as the Nazis.

In logical result, it proved in the face of disbelieving official opposition the existence here of the Communist conspiracy.

Critics of the Dies committee then ignored, as they do now, the careful documentation of its facts. In the heart of this book, Martin Dies asks how many of those critics knew what they were talking about. The record is all there. The report of the hearings has been preserved in 10,887 pages in seven later volumes on the executive session.

Here is retold the tragic story of Dr. William A. Wirt. Remember the Gary, Ind., educator who, after a Washington dinner, reported that New Deal leftists planned deliberately "to overthrow the established social order." He was pilloried and harried to an early death.

On the floor of Congress, a Representative charged that during World War I Wirt had been jailed for pro-German activities, a complete untruth. New York's O'Connor, who headed the committee that assailed Wirt, 6 years later expressed his own regret for his part, making a frank public apology.

Here is the little-known fact that the committee had completed before Pearl Harbor a report that included a map of Japan's strategic plan for the conquest of the Hawaiian Islands and the Far East. The State Department prohibited publication. The report was viewed by Army and Navy but still Pearl Harbor occurred.

Here are details of the investigations of Communist infiltration of American labor unions and again the storm of invective against the investigators.

Here are the stories of Earl Browder and Sam Carp, of the exposure of front after front for the Reds. Here is the tragic story of gullible and/or vindictive Americans, of the president's wife questioning the committee's action. And of the Truman administration pressing to conviction a charge against Farnell Thomas, a later chairman of the committee, for a very questionable practice but one for which other Congressmen

who did were not prosecuted. Chapter after chapter records astounding history.

Martin Dies has written a record, small in content but huge in stature. The final chapter summarizes how far we have lost the cold war. Read it and reassess your estimate of our national security.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there further morning business? If not, morning business is closed.

Mr. MANSFIELD. Mr. President, I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The clerk will call the roll.

The Chief Clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. MANSFIELD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, it is so ordered.

**THE NUCLEAR TEST BAN TREATY**

The Senate, as in Committee of the Whole, resumed the consideration of Executive M (88th Cong., 1st sess.), the treaty banning nuclear weapon tests in the atmosphere, in outer space, and underwater.

Mr. JACKSON obtained the floor. Mr. MANSFIELD. Mr. President, will the Senator from Washington allow me to proceed for one-half minute?

Mr. JACKSON. Certainly.

Mr. MANSFIELD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to have inserted in the Record at this point that excerpt from the transcript of President Kennedy's news conference on yesterday having to do with the question of amending the treaty.

In this particular excerpt the question asked by the reporter is answered precisely and in some detail by the President. The answer, reaffirms the constitutional right that the Senate has, and has had since the founding of this Republic, to advise and consent on any amendment to any treaty, and to do so on the basis of two-thirds of the Senators present and voting.

So what the President said in his press conference emphasizes what every one of the 100 Senators here knows, and that is that if there is an amendment to any treaty, that amendment will be referred to the Senate for its advice and consent and approval on the basis of a vote of two-thirds of the Senators present and voting.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the Senator from Montana?

There being no objection, the excerpt was ordered to be printed in the Record, as follows:

**AMENDING THE TREATY**

Question. "Mr. President, some opponents of the test ban treaty have expressed the fear that once the treaty has been ratified it might then be possible later by Executive action to amend the treaty so as to further limit the freedom of action of the United States. What is your reaction to these suggestions?"

Answer. "No; I can give a categorical assurance that the treaty, as you know, cannot be amended without the agreement of the three basic signatories. The treaty cannot be changed in any way by the three basic signatories, and the others, without the con-