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RADIO FREE EUROPE' REPORT GIVEN HERE

Programs beamed by Radio Free Europe to people in the Soviet satellite states are helping them withstand the many day-to-day pressures of Communism, Clark Hungerford, president and board chairman of the St. Louis-San Francisco Railway, said vesterday.

Hungerford is regional chairman for west central states in the 1962 fund drive for Radio Free Europe. He appeared yesterday with James P. Hickok president of the First National Bank in St. Louis and Missour chairman of the RFE fund drive at a funcheon meeting of the Chamber of Commerce of Metropol (an St; Louis at the Statler Hilten Hotel.

Hickok and Hungerford were among a group of 60 Americans who earlier this month took a 10-day inspection trip of Radio fire Puropa broadcast facilities in Portugal and West Germany The RFE is a private organization which presents the free world viewpoint in broadcasts behind the Iron Curtain.

More than 90 per cent of the programs broadcast from transmitters in Munich and Lisbon are getting through to listeners, Hungerford said. He said programs are beamed on numerous wave-lengths because of Russian jamming stations.

He said the Communist hierarchy revealed its concern over effectiveness of Radio Free Europe programs through numerous uncomplimentary mentions of the touring group on Radio Moscow and Radio Budapest, "They referred to us as '60 representatives of American millionaries' and 'the 60 workers of the reactionary and ill-famed Radio Free Europe," he said.

Hungerford and Hickok, who took a side trip to West Berlin, said they were impressed with the high morals and determination of the people there. They said the Soviet sector of East Berlin was a "dull, drab ghost town" in comparison with the Western sector.

Hickok said West Berlinera felt that Allied aquiescence in the building of the concrete wall separating East and West Berlin was a great catastrophe for the free world, but that the present crisis would not erupt into war. Berliners, mindful of recent Western setbacks in Cuba. Laos and South Vietnam, are fearful of further Allied appearances in Berlin to avoid war, he added.

Opinion ballots on the Berlin crisis circulated among luncheon guests indicated that the West's basic stake in the crisis is to show the Russians that we will not be pushed any further. An overwhelming number of the 185 who cast ballots approved of negotiations with the Russians only after they had met certain prior commitments, such as removing the wall separating the divided city or guaranteeing Western access to the city.

The poll showed also that most

of the guests thought German cunification was no longer posible and that the United States should use nuclear weapons if secessary to keep Berlin.

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