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U.S. Drug Agents Focus on Burma

By Robert Kaylor United Press International

BANGKOK — Narcotics traffickers have stockpiled hundreds of pounds of pure heroin in north Burma and are trying to establish a connection to lucrative markets in the United States.

In the meantime, U.S. and Thai narcotics agents who have tightened their grip on routes for heroin and opium traffic are watching from across the border.

Informed sources here who have watched the stockpiles build up, say a wary standoff has developed in the "Golden Triangle" the border area of Thailand, Laos and Burma where the Southeast Asian narcotics trade is centered.

Intelligence reports indicate that narcotics traffickers, mostly overseas Chinese, have considered killing U.S. narcotics agents to clear the bottleneck.

"Eventually they'll start to move the stuff," said a local source, "and things will start to happen. The question is when."

Pure Heroin

Sources who monitor the narcotic traffic say producers in north Burma have on several hundred hand pounds of neatly packaged, pure grade No. 4 white heroin, which looks like soap powder.

· Manufactured in refinertes that are in some cases alfmost within sight of the Nam Ruak River forming the boundary between Burma and Thailand more than 400 miles north of Bangkok, the heroin was intended for the GI market in South Vietnam. The producers were caught unaware by the U.S. withdrawal, the sources say.

Traffickers are now looking for connections in other markets, including United States, which now feets an estimated 5 to 10 per ent of its heroin from Šoutheast Asia.

"These boys haven't even capped the U.S. market yet," haid one source here.

That they are interested was demonstrated by the arest of two Chinese who sold a suitcase full of heroin an undercover narcotics agent in New York's Chinaown this summer. The hernin was traced to Southeast

790 Tons

Narcotics authorities estihate that about 700 tons of grium are produced each ear in the jungled mounins of the Golden Trianele, mostly in Burma. While Thailand and Laos cooperate with the United States a combating narcotics

taffic, Burma does not.
The authorities believe the area where it is grown, and another 200 to 250 tons are used in Hong Kong and

Asia where there is a large addict population. That leaves 50 tons or more unaccounted for, enough to produce at least five tons of high grade heroin.

The major route for the opium has been across the borders into Thailand, then by highway to the Bangkok area and from the Thai coast by fishing trawler to Hong Kong and the rest of the world.

About a dozen U.S. narcotics agents have moved into Thailand, some of them in July. operating in the far northern Thai sector of the Golden Triangle.

The Thai police last April formed a 30-man Special Narcotics Operation to work in north Thailand. While U.S. and Thai agents cannot work in Burma, they have formed their own network. of informants and also enlisted the aid of the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency, which has been active in the area for the past 20 years. Smuggling Rings

Since the Special Narcotics Operation started work, it has seized more than five tons of opium, heroin and other drugs and broken up smuggling networks which used dummy gasoline tank trucks and opium runners in Thai army officers' uniforms to get past checkpoints.

Much of the operation's success has been through cash awards running up to \$2,000 for large drug seizures. The money is paid to

other places in Southeast the Thai investigators who make the haul, and they distribute it among their informants.

Sources here say the reluctance of traffickers to move large quantities of opium since two big seizures in July of more than 6,000 pounds is proof the system works.

Heroin is still plentiful in Bangkok and at the U.S. military bases in Thailand. as was discovered by a more efficient system of testing GI's which went into effect

A vial of pure heroin that would sell for \$500 in the United States can be bought for \$5 in Thailand.

Authorities say big-time traffic through Thailand has dried up temporarily. They cite the crackdown and temporary loss of a big market as the cause.

"What keeps a connection together is a combination of faith and trust in the guy you're dealing with," said one source here. "It takes time to build that up."

The sources added that heroin is a product that does not deteriorate sitting on the shelf, and that the men who run the Golden Triangle drug traffic can afford to wait.

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New book delves into problem

Arline accused of shipping opium

By JIM MORRELL For Pacific News Service

A doctoral candidate in Chinese History at Harvard University, Jim Morrell has previously written for scholarly journals in the Asian Studies

WASHINGTON, D.C. - "It's a damned lie. You can say THAT!" We were asking Arthur Berry Richardson of New York, about reports that his airline, Air America, was one of the biggest opium shippers in the world. 'We've discussed them at our board meeting, these scurrilous articles. 'There's no substance to them."

Last month Harper & Row published Alfred McCoy's long-awaited book, "The Politics of Meroin in Southeast Asia." The heavily documented book is based on some 240 interviews with CIA agents, Bureau of Narcotics officials. top Laotian military commandes, and opiumgrowing Meo tribesmen. And it presented striking evidence that Air America has been flying Meo-grown opium out of north- and northeast Laos ever since 1965.

When asked specifically about McCoy's interviews with the Meo opium farmers whose harvest was flown out on Air America, all Arthur Richardson would say was: "Some guy thinks he's clever. Just take my word for it. Goodby!'

Interviews with the publicity-shy directors of Air America tend to be brief but emotional affairs. For years Air America, the CIA's "private" charter airline in Southeast Asia, has indignantly denied any involvement in the Southeast Asian heroin traffic. This year, though, fewer people than ever seem inclined to take their word for it.

MOTTO IS NO IDLE BOAST

Air America's motto is "Anything, Anytime, Anywhere — Professionally" and it is no idle boast. From dusty airstrips in the Meo hill country they have been airlifting the raw opium to laboratories in Long Chieng or Victiane where it is refined into No. 4 heroin (90 to 99 per cent pure), then smuggled abroad by Corsican gangsters or Laotian diplomats for ultimate disposal in U.S. markets.

The Opium Trail leads from the poppy fields of the Southeast Asian "Fertile Triangle" (of Burma, Thailand, and Laos which now produce over 70 per cent of the world's opium supply) to Saigon, Hong Kong, or Marseilles, and then right to the waiting arms of America's estimat-

ed one million heroin users.

Rattikone and Thao Ma both told McCoy that Air America began flying opium to markets in bought up by merchant carayans, but these order" statements flowing from the White Long Chieng and Vientians in 1995. Con Okene Standard Control of the U.S. government. It neatly undercuts all the "Law and Chieng and Vientians in 1995. Con Okene Standard Control of the U.S. government. It neatly undercuts all the "Law and Chieng and Vientians in 1995. Con Okene Standard Control of the U.S. government. It neatly undercuts all the "Law and Chieng and Vientians in 1995. Con Okene Standard Control of the U.S. government. It neatly undercuts all the "Law and Chieng and Vientians in 1995. Con Okene Standard Control of the U.S. government. It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government. It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government. It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government." It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government. It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government." It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government." It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government. It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government." It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government." It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government." It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government." It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government." It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government." It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government." It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government." It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government." It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government." It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government." It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government." It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government." It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government." It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government." It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government." It neatly undercuts all the "Law and U.S. government." I In separate interviews, Laotian Gens. Ouane San Francisco. Long Chieng and VierApproved For Release 2005/06/22 of CIARDP 74B00415R000400030018-2

Rattikone was until last year owner of the largest heroin refinery in Southeast Asia. Gen. Air Force.

After several more interviews in Vientiane, Suk and Long Pot. McCoy told us he took a bus out of Luang Prabang, hitched a ride in a government truck and, when the road gave out, started hiking over the mountains. By nightfall he reached a small village, spending a sleepless night under a thin thatched roof.

"There was always the sound of a plane somewhere," he said. "Sometimes it was far away and sometimes it seemed right overhead. And every so often you would hear the sound of its mini-guns going off-600 rounds a minute at who knows what, anything that sets off its fighting the Pathet Lao. Ger Su Ynag complie

The next morning McCoy and an interpreter walked down from the mist-enveloped mount the village refused to send more. Ger Su Yan tains into the village of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American the Plain of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American the Plain of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American the Plain of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American the Plain of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American the Plain of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American the Plain of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American the Plain of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American the Plain of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American the Plain of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American the Plain of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American the Plain of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American the Plain of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American the Plain of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American the Plain of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American the Plain of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American the Plain of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American the Plain of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American the Plain of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American the Plain of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American the Plain of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American the Plain of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American the Plain of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American the Plain of Long Pot, 10 miles west described what happened next: "The American th of the Plain of Jars. There, under the shadow cans in Long Chieng said I must send all the of 6,200-foot Mt. Phou Phachau, which dominates the entire district, McCoy had reached dropping rice to us. The last rice drop was in the head of the Opium Trail.

TRADITION OF POLITICAL POWER

of 47 wooden dirt-floored houses. It is one of 12 Meo and Lao Theung villages that make up the village's young men away to fight and re Long Pot District. One of the oldest Meo villages in Northeast Laos, it has a tradition of political power and is the home of District Officer Ger Su Yang. According to Ger Su Yang, the village households produce 15 kilos (33 pounds) of opium apiece. They are guaranteed an adequate food supply by Air America rice drops.

army" (led by the Meo Chieftain Vang Pao) pay them a high price for the opium. The source of Vang Pao's money, of course, is the

Long Pot is one of the few remainig areas in Northeast Laos where opium history can still be observed: close enough to Long Chieng still to be controlled by Vang Pao but far enough to escape the fighting. The Meo tribesmen's only cash crop is opium, and the CIA's deal with Vang Pao, badly put, comes to this: you send us soldiers and we'll buy your opium.

The 47 households' harvest of 700 kilos of opium will yield 70 kilos of pure morphine base after it has been boiled, processed and pressed into bricks. Then further processed in one of the region's seven heroin labs, the Long Pot harvest will yield 70 kilos of No. 4 heroin. Worth \$500 to the villagers of Long Pot, it will bring \$225,000 on the streets of New York or

vans of Vang Pao's men. But the 1969, 1970 as 1971 opium harvests were flown out in A America UH-1H "Huey" helicopters.

RENDEZVOUS IS DESCRIBED

District Officer Ger Su Yang described t rendezvous with Air America: "Meo office with three or four stripes (captain or majo came from Long Chieng to buy our opiur They came in American helicopters, perhal two or three men at a time. The helicopt leaves them here for a few days and they wa to villages over there (swinging his arm in semi-circle in the direction of Gier Goot, Lor Makkhay and Nam Pac), then come back her and radio Long Chieng to send another helico ter for them. They take the opium back to Lor Chieng." The pilots were always American

and the Meo army traders did the buying.

The head man of Nam Ou, a Lao Theur village four miles north of Long Pot, confirme the district officer's account. In 1969 and 19 Meo officers helicoptered into Tan Son villagi Thao Ma is former commander of the Lactian hiked to Nam Ou, and purchased the opin harvest, then continued on their way to Nar

The harvest of 1971 may well have bee Long Pot's last. In return for the rice drops ar opium purchases, Vang Pao and the CIA ker demanding soldiers. USAID (United States As ency for International Development) built school in the village, and "Mr. Pop" (Edga Buell, then the CIA's chief operative in Laos had high hopes for the place, but in 1970 Van Pao demanded that all the young men in th village including 15 year-olds join his arm infrared detectors, anything that moves or and they were flown away by Air America hel breathes or gives off warmth."

But reports of heavy casualties came in an

ANSWER TO THE VILLAGERS

The village of Long Pot is a Meo community Fight or starve — uns was une court to fight and re turned their corpses to the village - profes sionally wrapped in sanitary plastic bags.

For the CIA the Meos offered a convenier instrument for keeping alive their war in Laos but for the Meos their alliance with the CIA and Air America has only brought disaster. They have been decimated and the survivors have In return, officers of the CIA's "clandestine fled the hills for the refugee camps around Long Chieng.

Long Pot's 1972 opium harvest was destroy ed when "allied" fighters napalmed the village and three nearby Lao Theung villages. And Vietnam's National Liberation Front reported that on Jan. 10, 1972, units of the Lao People's Liberation Army took Long Pot.

Because of the fighting, in fact, Laos will only account for a fraction of Southeast Asia's estimated 1,000-ton 1972 harvest, and Air America may be shipping more dead bodies

than opium this year.

Revelations like these in McCoy's bool made the CIA so nervous that they contacted the publisher and insisted on a prior review, a unprecedented move. After considerable arr twisting, Harper & Row reluctantly agreed, 1-34 found the CIA's critique of the book unimpress

sive and went ahead with publication anyway.

Since the CIA is Air America's major collaractor, the trail of responsibility leads directly the free city.