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# C.I.A. HEAD WARNS OF SOVIET'S AIMS

## A. W. Dulles Says New Plan Is to 'Conquer' 3 Nations by Parliamentary Gains

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**By C. P. TRUSSELL**  
 special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1—Soviet peace smiles brought a warning today from Allen W. Dulles, director of the Central Intelligence Agency.

Mr. Dulles said free people should watch and combat a new Kremlin strategy of "parliamentary conquest." The principal targets, he stated, are Italy, France, and Indonesia. He cited situations indicating important Soviet gains in these fields.

At the same time, Mr. Dulles

deplored an apparent free-world indifference to a fact that the Russians could attain controls even with minority conquests in parliamentary bodies.

"Today \* \* \* the danger of parliamentary compromises with the Communists, even in Europe," he stated, "is not to be ignored."

Mr. Dulles spoke frankly in an analysis of Soviet cold-war techniques that surprised many in Washington. The C. I. A. is perhaps the most hush-hush organization in the Government. Even Congressional investigating committees have not yet pried into its secrets where American security is involved.

However, Mr. Dulles responded to a request from the House Un-American Activities Committee to analyze current Communist tactics. Such a request had been made to more than 100 other prominent Government officials, military leaders, educators, journalists, labor officials, business executives and political scientists. Before the committee

publishes the full findings it will call in experts on communism from Europe, the Far East and Africa. The panel is headed by Representative Francis E. Walter, Democrat of Pennsylvania.

**Follow Lenin Pattern**

The findings of the C. I. A. were made public this afternoon. Mr. Dulles had concentrated upon the dangers of the Soviet's "parliamentary" approach to conquest. This approach, he said, followed a pattern laid down by Lenin in the Nineteen Twenties. Communist penetrations into free parliaments to date, he held, were far more serious than statistics would imply.

In no country, Mr. Dulles brought out, have Communists attained a majority in an parliamentary body. This fact, he contended, has created a complaisance that is highly dangerous.

"A few years ago," he reported, "I would have thought that Communist parties in Europe would have great difficulty in

ever again obtaining allies among any non-Communist parties. Today, however, the danger of parliamentary compromises with the Communists, even in Europe, is not to be ignored."

**143 in Office in Italy**

Mr. Dulles then reported on the target spots he cited.

"In Asia," he stated, "this threat is even greater because it is generally less well understood. A recent Indonesian Government permitted Communist influence to reach far into the Ministry of Defense. More than in Europe the Communist parties have managed in many countries to acquire a dangerous degree of 'respectability' and of acceptance as just another political party."

In the "target countries," Mr. Dulles stated, the Soviet penetrations had become "serious."

"In the Italian Parliament of 590 members," he stated, "there are now 143 Communist mem-

bers. To these must be added seventy-five Nenni fellow-traveling left-wing Socialists, or a total of 218 who consistently vote and act with the Communists. Together, in the last elections in 1953, their total popular vote was 9,500,000, or 35.6 per cent of the total.

"The French Chamber of Deputies presents another situation which the Kremlin may be studying. There are today about 150 Communist members in the Chamber out of a present total of about 600.

"In Indonesia, the Communist party received 6,000,000 votes, or 37 per cent of the total electorate in the elections of September 1955, and they have a representation of thirty-nine members, or fifteen per cent of the total of the Indonesian Assembly."

Despite these official minority representations, Mr. Dulles said the Communists had "moved