

Qaddafi, Muammar al-

LIBYA

April 3, 1985

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THE NEW YORK TIMES, W

U.S. Warns Libyan Leader on Terror Group

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, April 2 — The Reagan Administration criticized Col. Muammar el-Qaddafi of Libya today for his formation of a "Pan Arab command" to carry out acts of violence against the United States, other Western nations and moderate Arab regimes.

Following up on a similar warning to Iran made privately in recent weeks, the Administration publicly warned Colonel Qaddafi today that he would be held "fully responsible" for Libyan terrorism against the United States.

Colonel Qaddafi, who has repeatedly supported revolutionary movements, said on Sunday that "there is no alternative to confronting the enemy with violence."

Speaking in Tripoli at the conclusion of the first meeting of the Pan-Arab Command for Leading the Arab Revolutionary Forces, he praised the suicide attacks on American and other installations in the region.

"We want every one of us to say: I have decided to die just to split America," he said. "If we could bring this nation to the point where it possesses this determination it will definitely win."

He said violence should be brought to bear against the United States and such countries as Egypt and the Sudan, which have been his chief adversaries.

Reflecting Washington's heightened security concerns, the Administration moved quickly to indicate that it took Colonel Qaddafi seriously.

"The world cannot tolerate the lawlessness and terrorism which Qaddafi so openly advocates," Bernard Kalb,

the State Department spokesman, said. "He should know this and be aware that Libya will be held accountable for its actions."

"Our own views on terrorism and Colonel Qaddafi are well known," Mr. Kalb continued. "We will hold Qaddafi fully responsible for Libyan terrorism against Americans and other U.S. interests, whether carried out abroad or in the United States. Likewise, we will continue our consultations and cooperation to assist governments threatened by Libyan aggression."

How the new force announced by Colonel Qaddafi will operate is unclear. Its mission is to be a kind of supra-Arab force, not beholden to any one state, but organized and outfitted by the Libyans, and it would be so zealous as to be willing to carry out suicide attacks if necessary.

The Reagan Administration has condemned Libya for its acts of terrorism and in effect has severed most ties with it. But the Administration says it has been frustrated by the failure of other countries to isolate Libya.

On several occasions the Administration has moved aircraft carrier task forces into waters near Libya and in 1981 two Libyan planes were shot down by an American F-14.

Robert C. McFarlane, the White House national security adviser, said last week that the importance of having

allied backing was "probably nowhere better exposed than in the case of Libya."

He said that the various sanctions taken by President Reagan in 1981 such as cutting of oil imports from Libya, refusing to sell Libya items that could benefit its economy and trying to dissuade Americans from living there had had some effect, "but I wouldn't pretend that it's had an effect of stopping Libya's behavior and support for terrorism."

He said that "until we can stop the training by Libya of other terrorists, the graduates of whose camps are spread from the Philippines to Ireland, Libya remains a menace and a risk to us, as well as our friends."

President Gaafar al-Nimeiry of the Sudan, who is in Washington on an unofficial visit, said today in an interview with United Press International that he had thwarted a plot by Moslem fundamentalists, armed by Iran, to overthrow his regime last week.

He said that the Moslem Brotherhood, which had led him to introduce Islamic law to the Sudan 18 months ago, had turned out to be too extreme, and that he had arrested 160 of its members. As a result, he said, the group organized the demonstrations against him. He said that they had received explosives and weapons from Iran.

Gaddafi, Muammar

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Qaddafi Makes Sudden Visit To Khartoum

Reuter

KHARTOUM, Sudan, May 18 — Libyan leader Muammar Qaddafi paid a brief and unexpected visit here today, becoming the first foreign head of state to visit Sudan since the recent military coup.

Qaddafi's visit was certain to heighten concern in Cairo, once Nimeri's closest ally in the region but now worried over the new regime's rapprochement with Libya and Ethiopia.

The radical Libyan colonel congratulated the Sudanese people for overthrowing their government and said the "reactionary regime" of Cairo would meet the same fate.

After his quick stop here, announced only two hours before his arrival, Qaddafi went to Saudi Arabia for talks with King Fahd.

Arriving for airport talks with Sudan's new leaders, he praised the April 6 military coup that ousted President Jaafar Nimeri and called for the overthrow of Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak.

Gen. Abdel Rahman Sawar-Dhahab, the leader of the Sudanese coup who now heads a transitional military council, greeted him at the airport.

The Libyan news agency JANA, monitored in Beirut, said Qaddafi held talks later today with the Saudi monarch, who met him at the airport in Jeddah.

JANA gave no details of the talks but the discussions were likely to have covered latest developments in the Iranian-Iraqi war and current peace initiatives.

QADDAFI MENACES REAGAN ON SUDAN

Tells Western Reporters That President's 'Nose Will Be Cut' if He Interferes

By HENRY KAMM
Special to The New York Times

TRIPOLI, Libya, April 10 — Col. Muammar el-Qaddafi, said today that President Reagan's "nose will be cut" if the United States interferes in the Sudan.

"Reagan has nothing to do with Sudan," the Libyan leader said in English to an American reporter as he left a news conference at his military headquarters here. "Sudan is ours, not an American matter. Reagan must take care of his country, and he has big problems there. He don't interfere here, or his nose will be cut."

Despite mounting evidence that the new Sudanese Government of Gen. Siwar el-Dahab has no Libyan links, Colonel Qaddafi continued what diplomats consider to be an attempt to seize credit for having brought about the downfall of President Gaafar al-Nimeiry. He was ousted in a bloodless coup on Saturday as he was returning home from a visit to Washington.

The colonel described the Sudanese people as brothers backed by Libya. "We love them and support them," he said.

Briefing for Western Reporters
In his news conference, which was attended by about 30 Western reporters invited to this usually closed country, Colonel Qaddafi struck verbal blows in many other directions.

His targets, besides the United States, included Zionists, Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher of Britain, President Habib Bourguiba of Tunisia and the lattitudinal marking of the globe.

The Libyan leader defended programs that have been broadcast to Tunisia and Morocco in recent weeks inciting people there to kill their Jewish minorities. The broadcasts are believed by Western official sources to originate from a seaborne "pirate" station organized by Libya. Colonel Qaddafi said the broadcasts came from southern Lebanon and did not discuss who organized them.

He compared Israeli actions in Lebanon to Hitler's massacres. Accusing Israeli troops of killing civilians, he said: "This calls for an answer in the same fashion. How can you allow the killing of Arab families while rejecting such actions against Jews?"

In apparent reference to President Bourguiba, the colonel said, "Anybody who protests against such a radio station is ignorant."

Diplomats reported that Mr. Bourguiba last week summoned the Libyan Foreign Minister, Ali Abdel Salam Turayki, who was visiting Tunis, and criticized Libya severely for the broadcasts and expelled him from his office without allowing him to reply. Today, when Colonel Qaddafi was asked when he would visit Tunisia, he replied, "After the liberation."

Doubts British Morality
He said he was "disgusted" by British inaction on normalizing relations, interrupted since a British police constable was killed last year by shots fired from the Libyan mission in London.

"I doubt the credibility of Mrs. Thatcher and am skeptical about British morality in general," he said without specifying why.

Asked whether Libyan troops might advance south of the 16th parallel in Chad, where Libyan troops support a rebel movement, the colonel replied: "We don't think there is such a thing as a 16th parallel. Who drew this line? Who has the right to draw it?"

Under an agreement not respected by Libya, the 16th parallel serves as the dividing line between Government and rebel forces. While French troops have withdrawn from Chad, American and French surveillance shows a continued Libyan presence.

"Libya has no forces in Chad," Colonel Qaddafi said. "If foreign forces interfere, we will have to be involved and will totally disregard any parallel."

Despite strains with France, the colonel described the relations as good and President Francois Mitterrand as his friend.
The Libyan leader offered no reason for the exceptional news conference and answered most questions by indirection. His principal interest appeared to be to denounce American condemnation of a strongly anti-American declaration issued here last month, after the formation of a poorly defined group called the National Command of the Revolutionary Forces of the Arab World.

Ambiguous on Terrorism
In comment on last month's declaration, Bernard Kalb, the State Department spokesman, said on April 2 that the United States would react against terrorist attacks against American interests. This caused Colonel Qaddafi to request a special session of the United Nations Security Council.

Questioned about supposed threats of terrorism in the United States, the colonel first refused to reply. To repeated questions, he offered apparently ambiguous answers suggesting that the new command would act only in the Arab world but would also retaliate anywhere if it was attacked.

He declined to list members of the group. Diplomats reported that such nations as Algeria, Syria and South Yemen had declined to take part, and that its members were only small dissident groups dominated by Libya.

At the end of the news conference, Colonel Qaddafi signed copies in various languages of his "Green Book," containing his political, economic and moral theories, and presented them to reporters. Then he left the hall, followed by a group of adherents chorus-ing slogans and rhythmically jabbing their right fists into the air.

Reagan's hostility towards Arab nation condemned

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□ THE Leader of the Revolution met earlier this week a number of journalists, news, TV and radio reporters from the Arab homeland, Europe, America and Asia. The Leader answered journalists' questions on the duties of the National Command of the Arab Revolutionary Forces and its role in the present and coming periods and the hostile U.S. government reaction to the formation of this command.

The Leader also answered a number of other questions concerning a number of Arab and world issues.

The Leader of the Revolution confirmed the objective of the Nationalist Command of Arab Revolutionary Forces is to liberate the Arab homeland and unite the Arab Nation.

The Leader said the objectives of the command are legitimate defence and its function inside the occupied and torn apart Arab Homeland is aimed at achieving liberation and unity.

The Leader expressed regret over the response of super power America, following the formation of the Command which he described as hostile and a crude intervention in the internal affairs of a nation wanting to solve its liberation and union problems.

He said: "In the name of the Nationalist Command of the Revolutionary Forces in the entire Arab homeland I totally reject the statement released by the U.S. State Department whose only meaning is evidence to the world that the U.S. is a colonialist racist state hostile to the liberation of peoples and nations which want to solve their problems and unite their land.

"The American statement comes as a contradiction on the part of the present American government of principles for which George Washington rebelled and Abraham Lincoln fought. The other meaning is that the American government had from the beginning delinately its stand hostile to the aspirations and hopes of the Arab Na-

tion and therefore has made itself a target for the Nationalist Command and its revolutionary forces.

"I advise the American government to change its hostile stand towards the Arab nation and to remain committed to friendship towards this nation once it is liberated and united at the hands of the nationalist command of revolutionary forces.

"Joint interest for the Arab and the American nations could be realised on the basis of principles of respect, help and non-intervention in the internal affairs as well as respect of the nation's choices.

"If America believes that its interests will only be realised if the Arab nation is torn apart, colonialised and backward, U.S. interests under these circumstances are illegitimate. They are colonialist interests aimed at destroying the Arab Nation and will be resisted by the Nationalist Command of Revolutionary Forces through all means.

"These are the choices of the Arab Nation which are expressed by the Revolutionary Forces that embodied the will of this nation. No one in the world has the right to object the Arabs' choices inside our land from the Atlantic to the Gulf. We will fight with force and use all means capable of liberating and uniting the Arab Nation. Thus we exercise the right of legitimate self-defence. This is a purely internal action. No one has the right to object to it or intervene.

"The objectives of the Nationalist Command is not to shift

acts of violence or war outside the Arab homeland. It does not have attack or aggressive aims. However, if anyone interferes in the missions and the path of struggle which will be adopted by the Nationalist Command inside the Arab homeland, war will be moved to the heart of his home as he himself has allowed himself to intervene in the heart of our home.

"The Nationalist Command is the backbone and ally of revolutionary forces in Latin and Central America, in the Pacific, in South Africa and on the side of all movements fighting for freedom, peace and justice in the world. We adhere to international law and treaties which govern war and hope that no one will intervene in our internal affairs inside the Arab homeland from the Atlantic to the Gulf so that we are not forced to shift the battle outside the borders of the Arab homeland into the homes of those who try to intervene in it."

As regards the situation in the Sudan following the triumph of the Popular Revolution and the overthrow of Nimeiri, the Leader explained: "What happened in Sudan was the overthrow of a fascist military regime in order to establish a people's authority instead. The popular revolution has made the army take over authority in the Sudan. General Swarddahab has thus taken over.

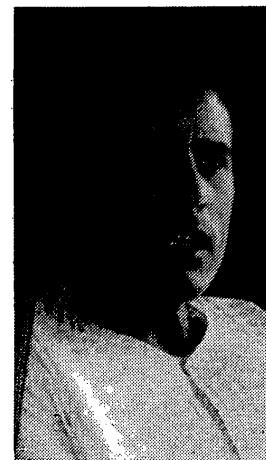
"Concerning the Egyptian regime's attempts to contain the Popular Revolution in Sudan, the Leader confirmed that Hosni Mubarak continues along the

same erroneous path which was adopted by defunct Sadat and Farouq, the path of superiority over Sudanese people, considering them servants and slaves of Egyptians as if Khartoum was the capital of a province which belongs to Cairo. Such methods have angered the Sudanese.

"Suffice it that the statements made by Hosni Mubarak were responded to by the Sudanese people themselves when angry demonstrations took to the streets of Khartoum and other Sudanese cities chanting "Traitor, Traitor Hosni Mubarak" and "Down, down with America". Sudanese masses have insulted him as they have insulted Nimeiri and America.

The Leader went on to explain: "This talk is not against the Egyptian people or against unity between Sudan and Egypt. I am the first to support unity between Egypt and Sudan and we up to now support Egypt. However, when the Egyptian regime commits treason, it is illogical for Sudan to follow it even if there is a traditional relationship between the two countries. When Egypt commits treason, goes to the enemy and enters Camp David, the Sudanese people do not have to follow suit and enter the camp of subversion."

"The lesson to be learnt from the overthrow of stooge Nimeiri is a good one. I do not believe anyone in the Sudan or outside it could still believe in America and in alliances with it. It has become clear that peoples are stronger than its will. The will of our peoples is stronger than that



of America which failed to prevent the Iranian people from expelling the Shah. America could do nothing for the Shah. America did not prevent the Ethiopian people from overthrowing Haile Selassie nor did it do anything to rescue him. It did not do anything for Idris Sannoussi who had opened a base for America in Libya and turned it into one of its colonies. There was Battista in Cuba, Somoza in Nicaragua, Lol Nol in Cambodia and Nimeiri in the Sudan.

"All these are lesson to be learnt from relations with America. It has become clear that those who link themselves with it bring about their own downfall. They are toppled in disgrace Nimeiri, by falling into the arms of America and handing Sudan to it, has brought about his rapid downfall. Hosni Mubarak will meet the same faith with Nimeiri and the rest of agents in the Arab homeland who rely on America."

Qadhafi, Muammar

BPI Spokes

Special Report

MOAMMAD QADHAFI TELLS STUDENTS:

Happiness only realised in free people

•DURING his meeting on Sunday with male and female students from secondary schools and teachers institutes in Nalout, Yeffren and Jadou the leader praised the high morale, rejoicing and positive response to life and to international, nationalist and patriotic events expressed by the masses in the regions which he has visited, he said: this means that there is happiness and happiness could only be realized if there is a free people, likewise freedom could only be realized if material and intellectual shackles are destroyed.

He emphasized that revolution is continuing and will produce more forces fighting for freedom and for the destruction of all shackles and the realisation of full equality, adding, the new generation of males and females must be an angry generation because they have come at a time of anger, at a time abounding in social, political and economic events hostile to life on this land.

The leader then pointed to the successive Arab exodus witnessed in the Arab land throughout thousands of years, a land owned by our ancestors successively throughout thousands of years. Since those times and until today there has been a continuous and intense dispute to control this land and to enslave its people for the service of the foreigner. The conflict has been continuing since the Romans came to this Arab land and tried to turn it into one of Rome's property. The Greeks and the Byzantine followed them. Then came the modern colonialism represented by the Italians, the French, the British and finally the imperialist capitalism led by the United States of America.

This conflict is not over yet and aggression and disputes will continue as long as we are not masters over our land. We should not be surprised to see a return of the Romans and the Byzantines in a new form to realize their final target, to annihilate the Arab nation and to control this strategic region extending from the Atlantic to the Gulf.

The leader added, they will not use the usual weapons alone but will use various political, economic, cultural and psychological ones. Traitors will multiply again like those who were among the weapons used by Italian colonialism to occupy Li-

byan Arab territory to realize their aggressive colonial objectives.

The leaders then moved on to speak on about Islam, stressing that Islam is ethics and education. We will never accept any Islam apart from that of the quran which has no parties, secretarianism or humbug. The leader pointed out Romans and Greeks came from Greece and the Roman empire and described as Barbarians the people of this mountain and of mountains in Morocco and Algeria.

They were thus trying, to justify aggression against them like America is doing today by allegedly describing Libya and the Palestinians as terrorists, in order to convince the world that teaching a lesson to them is a duty striking them is a request and occupying Libya is a duty of

that it is the fourth coast of Italy, once again they started spreading the idea of Arabs and berbers and recruiting agents to help them implement this fable.

European colonizers, beginning from the Romans, aid Greeks to the Italians, French and Americans are trying to entrench the concept of divisions among the children of the one Arab nation, by implanting colonialist cultures and concepts, it is necessary to fight these concepts and the angry generation must fight this historical disgrace inflicted on them by the Europeans.

The leader addressed the masses of students saying you are not barbarians. The barbarians are the Romans, the French, the Italians, the Greeks and the Americans, all invaders, he also emphasized the great glory en-

"Romans labelled our ancestors barbarians to destroy them"

a civilized state.

He added the Romans named our ancestors as savage Barbarians so as to be able to destroy them. After escaping Romans' tyranny in the plains and seeking refuge in the mountains, our ancestors started launching command raids on the plains thus impelling the invaders to describe them as Barbarians in order to justify retaliation against the commando raids.

Our ancestors fled from the Romans and began implementing the policy of "burnt land" by raiding farms from which they had been evicted, burning cattle and homes which had belonged to them. In the eyes of the Romans, this was a barbaric action deserving retribution and repression exactly as America believes today.

The leader went on to explain that the Romans who had invaded this land before the birth of Christ and described as barbarians our ancestors who had led against them the sacred struggle had once again returned to Libya after two thousand years, i.e. in 1911 in the name of Italians, those came back to Libya with the intention of regaining what they named as Rome's property claiming Libya is part of the property of Rome,

joyed by the Arabs for thousands of years, stressing that the Arabs were the ones responsible for building Maarab Dam and were mentioned in the Quran. These invaders want to deprive them from such a glory.

The leader said colonial claims that you have not come from the Arab peninsula but have come from Europe which was covered with ice. North Africa was enjoying the rain season while the Arab peninsula was witnessing drought.

This story of Barbarian (berber) is a leak, a historical error. There was no mankind in Europe before these exodus to have come to North Africa. Mankind left from Africa to Europe, and from Asia to Europe and then to America and from Africa to America. You have lived for thousands of years and have originated from wellknown exodus. The biggest insult is that we become barbarians.

We are barbarians as far as the Romans, the Italians and the Greeks are concerned, those who have colonized North Africa and those whom we had resisted like we are resisting the Americans and the Israelis, who call us terrorists, yes, for them we are terrorists. We are not terrorists, however, but have a civilization

and culture to Europe.

We are the builders of old civilizations and were responsible for the bronze age in North Africa when Europe was experiencing the stone age. We had taught them agriculture and gave them olives, oranges and palm trees.

The leader went on to say: any one in the era of Jahiriya, the era of the masses control and challenge face to face with America, still saying this is a berber, and this is an Arab is an agent of America, backward and ignorant not knowing anything from history and about his origin. You, the new generation, must not listen to any reactionary talk speaking about this being a berber and that being an Arab. You are in the era of star wars and space, the era of electronics the nuclear era, one in which you should not listen to anyone's talk about this issue, not even to your parents or ancestors.

Any one telling you this is a berber and this is an Arab is your enemy and is an agent of America who wants someone to repeat such a talk, to repeat to divide to rule", who wants someone to defend the claims of the Romans, the Italians, the French and Americans and repeat them like a parrot.

The leader addressed students saying: you are the angry generation, you constitute a historical turning point in the life of North Africa and that of Arab nation. You will unite the Arab Maghreb and Arab nation and will liberate Palestine.

If you crushed this fable which has lived nearly two thousand years you would have really proved that you are the grandchildren of those great Arabs who have built Maarab dam and built 'Aram Dat Al Imad', those who had crossed the journey of thousands of years, to reach North Africa and to transfer the civilization of the bronze age and agricul-

ture to Europe.

This generation must remove the shame which has historically followed us. It must burn all books where they had called us barbarians, like they should burn all books and newspapers where they call us terrorists. The Palestine liberation organization is called by them a terrorist organization.

Palestinians are called terrorists. The Palestinian who fights 'New Jersey' is called terrorist. Qadhafi is called terrorist and Libya is a terrorist state. The state of freedom is called the state of terrorism because we fight for the liberation and unity of our homeland. We do not want to invade America or Europe. We want to live on our land, with our heads held high and our voice raised high, and we want to decide our destiny in our land.

The leader went on to say: we want to see a conflict between a revolutionary and reactionary generation. The first call now is to defeat the culture and plans of colonialism. The first call is: O ye who believe ye have charge of your own souls. The first thing we must begin with is ourselves. The call for relying on old languages in dealings in everyday modern life is a reactionary one implanted by colonialism. The present era is one of progress and technology, not one for going backward, to what was found in archeological findings.

The leader then warned against reactionary calls which pave the way to foreign cultural invasions, to foreign languages replacing the Arab language. He also stressed the need for concentrating fully on institutes of technology, practical sciences, research centres, production workshops, not relying only on theoretical sciences. He said it is certain there was a conspiracy devised by the defunct era in this respect. The future is in the

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Wash Post

THE WASH

'Sudan Is Ours,' Boasts Libyan Leader Qaddafi

United Press International

TRIPOLI, Libya, April 10—Libyan leader Col. Muammar Qaddafi declared today that "Sudan is ours" and warned President Reagan not to interfere there or "his nose will be cut."

Speaking to foreign reporters invited to Tripoli for a news conference, Qaddafi warned Reagan to keep out of Sudan, where a coup last Saturday led by armed forces commander Abdul Rahman Sawar-Dhab topped the government of President Jaafar Nimeri while he was returning from a U.S. visit. Libya was the first nation to recognize Sudan's new military government.

"Reagan has nothing to do with Sudan," Qaddafi said. "Sudan is ours. Reagan must take care of his country and his big problems there. He don't interfere here or his nose will be cut."

The United States has shown support for the new government, and the Sudan News Agency said

today that Sudan had received a U.S. offer of \$40 million to finance oil imports and relieve acute fuel shortages throughout the country.

In a clear reference to the United States, Qaddafi also warned that if outside powers interfered in internal Arab affairs, "We will have to carry the battle to the very heartland of those who are interfering." He refused to elaborate on his threat.

Today's news conference appeared to be a reaction to U.S. criticism of the creation last month of a "National Command of the Revolutionary Arab Forces," opposed to U.S. influence in the Arab world. Western diplomats have described the command as "stillborn" and said it grouped dissident Palestinian, Iraqi, Lebanese and Somali groups, often on the fringe of Arab politics.

"America has taken a hostile attitude toward the Arab nations and made itself a target of the National Command," Qaddafi said.



MUAMMAR QADDAFI
... "Sudan is ours"

Qaddafi also denied Tunisian charges that he is sponsoring an illegal offshore radio station that is broadcasting calls to northern Africa to kill Zionists. But he defended the broadcasts, saying they "come from southern Lebanon where Israel massacres civilians without explanation. They should get an answer back in the same fashion."

Libya

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Poor people fail to compete in the election campaign and it is always the rich — and only the rich — who come out victorious.

— GREEN BOOK

JAMAHIRIYA

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER

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Qadhafi *Qadhafi* *Qadhafi*

'To be Arab, or not at all'

— Leader says in an interview

□ The Tunisian magazine, Al Hakika, held an interview with the Leader of the Revolution. It spoke of the existing relations between the Arab people in Libya and Tunisia and a number of Arab and international issues.

The leader of the Revolution replied to a question by the correspondent of the magazine concerning measures endorsed by the Basic People's Congresses on the transfer of hard currency. He said "the economic crisis being witnessed by the world forced every country to take its measures to prevent hard currency leaving it. France prohibited the transfer of its currency abroad. Many countries abrogated their subsidies and expelled workers such as Nigeria. Everybody is trying to stop hard currency going abroad to counter this crisis. Libya is one of the countries affected by the recession and thought it only right to overcome the recession. The most important thing is that any Arab who may wish to live permanently in Libya with his family he is welcome to do so. But the one who comes to take away monies and transfer them abroad to support a regime such as the Egyptian regime which recognises the Israelis, this is a support to a treacherous regime."

The Leader of the revolution asked: Why should Arabs go to America and get American citizenship? Why don't they come to Libya and get the Arab citizenship and reside in Libya. We welcome one million Tunisians if they declared their wish for and Arab citizenship. For Jamahiriya is the country of Arabs. But, when a person comes here merely to make money and transfer it abroad he is like a foreigner. Regrettably, the current ruling regimes made each Arab country turning against the other increasing patrols and

military reinforcements between them.

The Leader of the Revolution pointed out that such situation construed an act of aggression. He said "After this an Arab citizen would come saying: I am an Arab but treated like a foreigner? How can an Arab ally himself with your enemy, the enemy of the Palestinian people and with America which is the enemy of Libya then he comes and asks as to why he should be treated as an Arab citizen. We either should be Arabs in all circumstances or not at all."

The Leader of the Revolution added: "As far as our Moroccan brothers are concerned they have entered into a union with us and we welcome unity and accept it. But Palestinians their land is still occupied." Regarding the difference between the people's logic to that of governments, the Leader asserted that "only unity could solve these contradictions." He added if Libya and Tunisia united there will be no problem of currency, not determination of borders. The Libyan oil will become Tunisian, the resources of Tunisia will become Libyan, "hence we become one people".

But as long as there are borders, states and political regimes where one regime calls for the help of the enemy against another, brotherly regime, these contradictions loom large between what we want and what there is.

The Leader of the Revolution expressed his hope in the realisation of total Arab unity starting by economic integration. He said "We are moving towards economic integration and towards steady periodical and integral unity." Concerning the construction of a railway linking Tripoli to Tunis, the railways, land roads even radio and television broadcasting is established on our side from Tunisia.



But the Tunisian side closed the line. If the Tunisians opened it on their side the Tunisian television could be watched easily in Libya and Tunisia."

The Leader of the Revolution went on to say "We have no objection to any broadcasts from Tunisia. However, the Tunisian side has reservations on things being implemented in Libya such as the People's Authority, People's Committees, No Democracy Without People's Congresses, Committees Everywhere, Joining a Party is a Treachery, Indivisibility of the People's Sovereignty, Power, Wealth and Weapons in the Hands of the People, Land is not the Property of Anyone, the House Should be served by its Inhabitants, The House for its Inhabitants, The Car for its Driver, these dicta shatter any Government structure in the world, end the era of Governments, destroys the concept of Government — concept of tyranny and exploitation. This is the masses, Jamahiriya, concept."

EMERGENCY

□ THE President of the South African regime, Bota, announced that a state of emergency is to be imposed on 36 districts in South Africa including Johannesburg.

The President of the regime made his announcement at a Press conference in Johannesburg. Bota pointed out that the state of emergency was aimed at countering disturbances in the Black home towns.

ATTACK

□ ZIONIST gunboats stopped several fishing boats off the coast of Sidon in South Lebanon and opened fire on two others near the oil reservoirs of Al Tablin and the village of Al Sarfand.

The Zionists searched the two fishing boats and tore up the fishing nets on board. The Zionists further warned to sink any boats which may approach that area. This measure jeopardised the movement of fishermen along the South Lebanese coast.

BBC English
courses

تعلم الإنجليزية في أوقات فراغك

تعلم اللغة الإنجليزية بسرعة خلال بضعة أشهر مستفيداً من خبرة ثلاثين عاماً في تعليم اللغة الإنجليزية للأجانب — تقدمها لك إذاعة لندن في أشرطة كاسيت واسطوانات تصحبها كتب إيضاحية مصورة ومشروحة باللغة العربية. وقد أقبل الملايين في مختلف دول العالم على هذه الدروس الشيقة التي تجعلك قادراً على تحدث وكتابة اللغة الإنجليزية مما يتيح لك مجالات واسعة في التخصص كالفن والتجارة والملاحة والحياة الإجتماعية. والبرامج مكونة من عدة حلقات دراسية سنعلم عنها تباعاً.

الحلقة الأولى (إلى جميع المبتدئين)

دورة دراسية سريعة للمبتدئين ومن يريد مراجعة ما تعلمه — تألف من ٥٢ درساً مسجلة على أربعة أشرطة أو أربعة أسطوانات يرافقها كتاب من ٤٠٨ صفحات يتضمن الشرح بالعربية. وضعت السلسلة بأسلوب التحدث والمخاطبة إضافة إلى قواعد وتمارين بأجوبتها في آخر الكتاب. وهي دراسة كاملة ومنمعة تمكنك في نهايتها من التحدث والكتابة حول كل مجريات حياتك اليومية السعر (٢٣) جنيه إسترليني.

كما هناك أيضاً برامج لتعليم اللغة الإنجليزية على أشرطة فيديو كاسيت إقطع الكويون أدناه وارسله مع صك مصرفي بالقيمة أو إتصل مباشرة بالعنوان التالي:

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الإسم:
العنوان:

AMERICAN, SOUTH AFRICAN ALLIANCE CONDEMNED

□ THE Leader of the African National Congress, Oliver Tombo, has strongly condemned the alliance of America with the South African racist regime and its hostile policies against the right

of the South African people to freedom and independence.

In a Press conference in Addis Ababa, the ANC leader said that since the coming of Reagan to power

America has backed unreservedly mercenary actions against the African frontline states and supported repression and terror against national liberation movements fighting against colonialism.

Poor people fail to compete in the election campaign and it is always the rich — and only the rich — who come out victorious.

— GREEN BOOK

the JAMAHIRIYA MAIL

LIBYA
D.F.I. speeches

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER

No. 418

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1968

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Libyan Leader, Colonel Qadhafi pledges.....

'ARAB UNITY THROUGH FORCE, REVOLUTION'



Colonel Muammar Qadhafi the leader of the Great al Fatah Revolution, reviewed at Al Sharara al Ulla (Sabha) the ideological force of the Al Fatah revolution, which was represented by the revolutionary force — the Revolutionary Committee's Movement.

Thousands of the Revolutionary Committees members in Jamahiriya paraded in front of the main stand chanting revolutionary slogans which confirmed the Revolutionary Committees' insistence on carrying out their 8th gathering decisions.

The slogans also confirmed the unshaken belief of the revolutionary force in the pioneering thought of the great Al Fatah Revolution — the maker of the masses' era, establishing Arab Unity by force and the abolition of the artificial borders between the Arab homeland's countries.

Colonel Muammar Qadhafi, asserted in the speech he made that the revolution had an increasing morale force to be added to the military and economic force. It is a morale force embodied in the revolutionary force movement of revolutionary committees.

He said we deliberately decided to show throughout these long hours the forces and cadres of the revolutionary committees' movement to reaffirm that the

movement of the Revolutionary Committees which are showing today on the anniversary of the Revolution instead of showing tanks and aircraft grounded in their bases and camps is another show of force and another aspects of it. It is the revolutionary force.

Colonel M. Qadhafi, declared that unlike other traditional states and governments, there is no room for replacements in the Jamahiri system.

In his speech to the revolutionary forces in Sebha, the Leader confirmed that the authority, wealth and arms are possessed by thousands of people's Congresses and Committees and that these Congresses and Committees are not governed by a president, a king or any form of traditional government.

Colonel Muammar al Qadhafi announced that all attempts made by America to seize the Jamahiriya had failed and that all these attempts which aim at Jamahiriya are hopeless.

He said: America believes, by conspiring with its dirty agents from other world's countries, that it can get Jamahiriya. But, we say to them: "Your attempts are hopeless, they will not lead to any change in Libya".

He stressed their need to

realise that Libya is a state for the masses and they should work towards reaching an understanding with them. There is no way for them except the means of reaching an understanding with us an submit to our will.

Colonel Muammar Qadhafi affirmed that force is not just tanks and aircrafts alone and that revolution force and economic power are other aspects of strength.

He said in his speech "revolution is power, and that tanks and aircrafts are another aspects of that power and not all of it. He emphasized that there is no

to page 7

CABLE

THE following cable was sent to the offices of the "Jamahiriya Mail" in Malta on the occasion of the sixteenth anniversary of the September One Revolution in the Jamahiriya:-

"On behalf of the National Vanguard Revolutionary Committees of Australia we send you warmest greetings and best wishes on this the 16th Anniversary of the historic Al-Fatah Revolution.

"Since 1969 the Libyan Jamahiriya has been a beacon of light and hope for all peoples struggling for national liberation.

"Libya has given the oppressed people of the world a way of freedom which eclipses capitalism and Marxism. Long live Muammar al Qadhafi. Victory to the Libyan Revolution." — Central Committee Australian National Vanguard Revolutionary Committee.

BBC English courses

تعلم الإنجليزية في أوقات فراغك

تعلم اللغة الإنجليزية بسرعة خلال بضعة أشهر مستفيداً من خبرة ثلاثين عاماً في تعلم اللغة الإنجليزية للأجانب. تقدمها لك إذاعة لندن في أشرطة كاسيت واسطوانات تصحبها كتب إيضاحية مصورة ومشروحة باللغة العربية. وقد أقبل الملايين في مختلف دول العالم على هذه الدروس الشيقة التي تجعلك قادراً على تحدث وكتابة اللغة الإنجليزية بما يتيح لك مجالات واسعة في التخصص كالطب والنفط والتجارة والملاحة والحياة الإجتماعية والبرامج مكونة من عدة حلقات دراسية سنعلن عنها تباعاً الحلقة الأولى (إلى جميع المتدئين)

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الإسم:
العنوان:

"A POLITICAL DECISION"

THE Leader of the Revolution, in his meeting with the Secretaries of the People's Congresses and People's Committees, explained that the decision to terminate foreign labour was a political decision and has nothing to do with the economic crisis prevailing over the world.

He confirmed that Libya's decision to terminate foreign labour was not the results of economic pressures.

The Leader pointed out that the Arab and foreign

labours, which were terminated following the decisions of the Basic People's Congresses, were ordinary labour and not highly technical labour.

He added that the Libyans can easily carry out all the works the foreign labourers used to do.

The Leader of the Revolution also announced that the Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya is a creditor state, not a debtor one. This makes it one among a few states the world over that is

far from the international debt problem and less vulnerable to the economic world crisis.

He said that any states regarded as super powers are suffering from the problem of foreign debts, whilst Libya enjoys economic status under worsening international economic circumstances.

The comment above was delivered by the Leader of the Revolution while meeting the secretaries of both the People's Congresses and the People's Committees in Sebha.

mail...news

the JAMAHIRIYA MAIL

weekly newspaper (the era of the masses)

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EGYPTIANS ARRESTED

• THE repressive forces of the Egyptian regime arrested 3 people on suspicion of involvement in the attack carried out by three Egyptians against one of the regime's police patrols.

The police forces set up road blocks at Al Maadi district where a Zionist spy working in the Zionist embassy in Cairo was killed recently.

The police stopped a car

there and arrested its 3 passengers who were taken to the Ministry of Interior for interrogation.

The West German news agency asserted that clashes between Egyptian citizens and police forces of the regime at Al Maadi district lasted for at least six hours.

Eyewitnesses reported that Egyptian police forces set up a number of road blocks on the road

leading to Al Maadi district where a Zionist diplomat was shot dead.

The news agency pointed out that Al Maadi district witnessed clashes between Egyptian police and an armed group belonging to an organisation calling itself the Egyptian revolutionary organisation following the murder of a Zionist spy working at the Zionist embassy in Cairo. •

U.S. statements criticised

□ The Jamahiriya news agency's political editor criticised the statements by the official spokesman of the American department of state in which he attacked Jamahiriya and defended the Egyptian and Tunisian regimes.

The political editor said in a commentary that "these statements are part of the in-

formation campaign, planned by the United States and badly executed by its employees in Cairo and Tunisia, against Jamahiriya."

The editor stressed that the decision of the people's congresses to reduce the number of foreign workers in Libya was an internal decision the American government and its loud-speakers in Egypt and Tunisia have no right to

express an opinion upon.

The political editor added that the complaints of the Tunisian and Egyptian regimes to the American white house over the decisions of the Libyan society revealed their total subordination to the American wheel.

He went on to say "it is laughable that America is supporting the complaints of the Egyptian and Tunisian regimes to international organisations in a purely internal matter." •



Rome Secretary interviewed by 'La Repubblica'

•THE secretary of the people's committee at the people's bureau in Rome, in an interview with 'La Repubblica', Italian daily, said that the decision to terminate foreign labour services in Jamahiriya was a people's decision taken by the basic people's congresses. He pointed out that the decision includes all non-producing workers regardless of their nationalities.

He said: Libya will never be a source of support to the Egyptian regime as long as it is linked with the Zionist

entity.

The secretary explained: there are 300,000 non-producing foreigners in Jamahiriya who created social problems for us such as criminal acts, drug trafficking and wines producing.

The secretary of the people's bureau in Rome pointed out that Arab and Western media did not protest against termination of Arab labour in European states. He confirmed that the current media campaign against Jamahiriya is directed against its pioneering stances.

TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS CONTINUE TO SURGE FORWARD

•IN sixteen years of progress, achievement and fight against poverty and backwardness the figures speak again as the years go by.

The sums allocated to the sector of transport and sea communications in the 5 year plan of transformation 1981-1985 were two billion three hundred and fifty one million two and ten thousand Libyan dinars L.D. highways, minor roads covered a distance of 23000 kilometers

by June 1985.

Source of the secretariat of transport say that the study of the new railway network between Tripoli, Misrata, Brak, Sebha covering a distance of 1632 kilometers was recently finished.

The sources also pointed out that in the field of telephone lines increased by a ratio of 7 phones per 100 citizens. The maritime fleet has been increased by 14 super tankers each with a capacity of 64 thousand tonnes of crude oil.

On these achievements Mohamed Mabrouk Alrugai, Jana's correspondent writes:

The Misrata-Brak railway lines will serve the new steel works complex.

New railway terminals one of which will be in Tripoli and 11 other towns will be built and ten stations on the line linking Tripoli with Misrata together with depot to serve the transport of goods by rail, 18 other stations will be built along the Misrata-Sebha line.

The feasibility study of the railway lines between Bugraim and Imsad a distance of 1300 kilometers was also finished and 22 stations are to be built along this line.

Air transport has been boosted by 28 new passenger and goods planes and the airports of Tripoli, Benghazi, Sebha, Ghat, Brak and Bani Walid have been re-equipped with up to date facilities.

Seven major sea ports were enlarged and their capacity has increased from handling 3 million to 7 million tonnes of goods. These ports have received 76,525

16 years of achievements

ships with a load of 106 million tonnes.

A number of meteorological offices have been built across the Jamahiriya as part of the on going programme of transformation. •

Leader meets Indian minister

• THE Leader of the Revolution received the Indian Minister of State for Foreign Affairs, Khurshid Alem Khan, who delivered a hand written letter from Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi.

The meeting with the Indian Minister of State for Foreign Affairs confirmed the invitation extended by Rajiv Gandhi to the Leader of the Revolution to visit India within the context of consultation and coordination in matters related to the conference of the heads of state of the non-aligned movement as well as the development and consolidation of bilateral relations between the friendly peoples in Jamahiriya and India. •

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The armed people of the Jamahiriya.... their task is to defend their gains.

Arab workers confirm determination to struggle

• A ceremony was held to honour the brother Arabs working in Al Jabal Al Akhdar municipality at the termination of their services in compliance with the basic people's congresses' decisions to end the services of foreign labour.

At the end of the ceremony, the Arab workers in Al Jabal Al Akhdar municipality sent a cable to the leader of the Great Al Fateh Revolution confirming their determination to struggle to liberate the Arab homeland from imperialism, Arab reaction and abolish the artificial borders between the countries of the one Arab homeland. •

"People are not vulnerable"

• from page 1

value to the tanks, aircraft, cannon and naval vessels without the morale and economic power which has been demonstrated all over Libya."

Colonel Qathafi pointed out that revolutionary power represents the morale strength vital to arms and production. The revolutionary power represented by the Revolutionary Committee represents morale power. Through this, those at home and abroad will come to understand the meaning of this huge parade of the Revolutionary Committees.

He said, "By our parade of revolutionary force we wish to show the enemies of Jamahiriya, and the Arab nation that it is impossible for them to defeat the Jamahiriya or stand in the way of the process of historic instigation carried out by the Jamahiriya for the Arab nation."

"He emphasized that if there is anyone who thinks that military power can be overwhelming they are mistaken. We will prove to them that since this is not a traditional state but are of revolution, it cannot be defeated. Traditional structures can be toppled, government replacing another. This is a vicious circle in which all political movements in the world are caught."

Colonel Muammar Qathafi stressed "that no matter what power they possess the enemies shall never be able to invade Libya settle on its land. Libya's land," he went on to say, "is protected by thorns and spears".

Colonel M. Qathafi then went on scorning those who bother themselves by preparing data on the Libyan military force and on the Libyan leaderships. He confirmed that the base on which they conduct such statistics too traditional in the sense that it does not apply to the Libyan situation. Because in Libya, he elaborated, there is "an armed people" there is a revolutionary force and there is an economic strength. All that

will never be defeated or besieged," he concluded.

Colonel Muammar Qathafi, said that the chance effected by the revolution in Libya could not be overcome. The reason being is that the revolution did not create a government which is possible to topple and thereby control the land and people ruled by the ousted government.

Colonel Muammar Qathafi made it clear that "it is possible to topple any regime by intensifying the internal and external pressure as it happened in many other countries."

He pointed out that colonialism, zionism and reaction were able to bring one of their agents in Egypt as a successor following the death of Abdul Nasser - arch enemy of colonialism and zionism. Also, even after the assassination of that agent, another agent and traitor was brought to power. We are therefore bound to learn from what is happening on our borders so as Jamahiriya survives and we defy imperialism, zionism and herald the change of the world.

Colonel Qathafi, in his speech, mentioned the attempts of imperialism and colonialism to topple many anti-imperialist revolutionary governments.

He said that imperialism has managed to reinstate a puppet in Zaire, namely Mobuto Sese Sekou, after liquidating Patrice Lumumba, emphasising that this is the political scheme of the imperialist states.

Colonel Qathafi stated that we wanted to announce to the enemies that the revolution which commemorates today its anniversary has brought about a new thing, the state of the masses and not a traditional state.

If the enemies want to know this opponent, we will tell them that this opponent is not Muammar Qathafi, nor his colleagues, the unionist officers, a state or a clan, but is a Jamahiriya established for the first time and cannot be defeated as is the

case with the other traditional states and regimes.

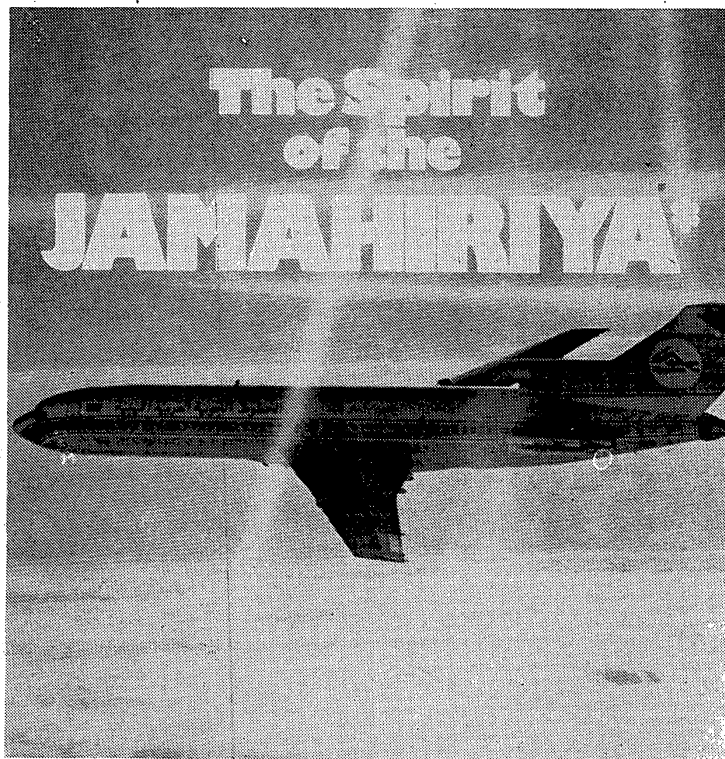
Colonel Qathafi went on to say: "We would like to prove to the enemy our desire to show the reality to the world and to find international understanding the establishment of the desired peace and cooperation by peoples. We say to them that threats by naval fleets can lead to the overthrow of a government but there is no government in this country which could be overthrown. The blockade can push the people to demand the resignation of the government or the ruling party but in Jama-

hiriya there is no government or ruling party and if the whole people are besieged, the people will become more angry and resolute to confronting his besiegers.

This is what happened in Libya during the American blockade of Libya, the state of the masses has made the people more angry and hateful of America."

Colonel Muammar Qathafi indicated that the revolutionary forces we are reviewing today are not the masses - the owner of authority, wealth and arms - but we reviewed the revolutionary

• to page 12



Arab Airlines express in the air what the Jamahiriya stands for on the ground - the meeting point of Arab tradition with the progressive ideas of a dynamic new country.

Sixteen years of national development since the September 1st Revolution have meant sixteen years of continuous expansion for the Airline.

Our ever-increasing list of destinations our frequency, punctuality and service, have made us the people's choice to the Jamahiriya.

mail...Pakistan report

More on India's "nuclear ambitions"

•FOLLOWING is the text of an editorial in the Pakistani Times of August 11, 1985:

"The cat is at last out of the bag. It is now clear that all the noise and hullabaloo that India has been making over the nuclear plans of Pakistan who directed at diverting attention from its own preparations in the field which have now reached an advanced stage. The world, particularly those countries which never tire of showing their concern over the dangers of nuclear proliferation, must take notice of the "Dhurva" Nuclear Research Reactor, near Bombay, reportedly the world's largest. Not open to inspection by the International Atomic Energy Agency, it is capable of producing weapons - grade plutonium.

Notice must also be taken of the statement made by the Indian Minister of State for External Affairs in the Lower House of Parliament that the Indian Government has definite views about its option in the face of the 'threat' from Pakistan. Underlining India's capacity to meet its need in the sector, he pointed out that 'India's capabilities were demonstrated in 1974' - a reference to the nuclear device detonated by India in 1974. The Minister also rejected the Pakistani proposal for a nuclear weapon - free zone in South Asia.

All this should leave no

doubt in anyone's mind about the drift of India's nuclear offensive capability and India's nuclear policy. The tactic employed by Delhi to implement this policy is now too familiar: paint Pakistan as the villain with the help of clever, concentrated propaganda while perfecting its own nuclear offensive capability.

India called its 1974 nuclear explosion 'peaceful' without any regard for the contradiction in the term involved. The world was not convinced and said that an explosion was an explosion and it could never be peaceful. Since then India has kept up a barrage of false propaganda against Pakistan while developing its own nuclear muscle. The coming into operation of the Dhurva Nuclear Reaction is the ultimate proof of India's nuclear ambitions.

All the hedging, humming and hawing that India has resorted to on the nuclear issue over the years falls into a pattern. While the world press has been misled into focussing on Pakistan's nuclear plan, it is, in fact, India which has moved in measured steps towards making a bomb, using the noise about Pakistan as a smokescreen.

It is time world public opinion - and the media which claim to represent it - noted the difference in the nuclear record of India and Pakistan. India has refused to sign NPT, while Pakistan

says that it will sign it if India does the same. The President of Pakistan has categorically declared that Pakistan is not developing a bomb, nor does it intend to do so in the future. India, on the other hand, has kept its option open, detonated a nuclear device and has now set up the world's largest nuclear reactor. India is also against making South Asia a nuclear weapons-free zone and is against reciprocal inspection of nuclear facilities, while Pakistan is a strong advocate of all these. The so-called keepers of the world's nuclear conscience should not be surprised if one of these days they are presented with an Indian nuclear bomb."

ZIA UL HAQ IN JEDDAH MEETING

•PRESIDENT Mohammad Ziaul Haq is to participate in the meeting of the Islamic Ummah Peace Committee being held in Jeddah from the 12th of next month to discuss ways to end the Iran-Iraq war. This was stated by the OIC Secretary General, Syed Sharifuddin Pirzada in Islamabad 9-8-85 before his departure for Karachi on way to Jeddah. He said he had detailed discussions with the President on the conflict.

Mr Pirzada said the President has also accepted in principle the proposal of King Hassan of Morocco that the Muslim Heads of State present in New York during the UN General Assembly session should meet there in October.

Mr Sharifuddin Pirzada also said the Afghanistan problem would be consider-

ed by the Islamic Foreign Ministers at their meeting in New York in the first week of October.

Replying to a question, Mr Pirzada said the annual conference of the Islamic Foreign Ministers would be held in Morocco from the sixth January next year.

Mr Pirzada expressed his full satisfaction over the arrangements made by Pakistan for hosting the Conference of Islamic Educational Scientific and Cultural Organisation to be held in Islamabad from third of next month.

About the activities of the Islamic Development Bank, the OIC Secretary General said it was making valuable contribution in various development projects in the member countries.

mail...Book shelf

TANTALUS

•POISED, elegant and intelligent, Caroline Horvath seemed made for success and happiness. The only real chink in Caroline's emotional armour is her men. There is Philip, her half brother, the self determined failure whom she loves but cannot save; Stephen the adored father who betrays her - a remote and successful man who has lived a lie which bears the seeds of his later destruction; and Ulysses, beautiful, unprincipled and greedy - the engine of her revenge, a revenge which

recoils upon her with terrible effect.

Through these three men the experiences unrequited emotion and unfulfilled passion; the well of Tantalus which satisfies no hunger; quenches no thirst. And through them she experiences the inescapable tug of tragedy and final dilemma.

This is a book which embraces everything. Love and hate; heartbreak and joy; intrigue and friendship.

Tantalus is written by Amanda Hemingway and is aimed at all those who are discerned readers who know how to calculate a book's 'palate'.

It is out by Penguin ready for you to pick.

Voices in an empty room

•THIS is a book for those who love horror stories. In fact there are practically millions who engross themselves reading these type of books. Although I am not one of them, curiosity killed the cat and having gone through the first four chapters, I just couldn't go on reading and couldn't drop off to sleep as well.

Serves me right.

Naturally for all of you who lap up these kind of stories take two hours off and converse with the dead: I wonder what the results will be.

The emerald forest


•BASED on an incredible true story of a father's des-

perate search for his lost son, The Emerald Forest is the new film sensation from director John Boorman.

Set in the primal rain forests of the Amazons and full of the magic and mystery of its primitive peoples, it is an excitingly different book - a thrilling adventure story with all the appeal of Raiders of the Lost Ark and Romanising the Stone.



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This book traces the introduction of the hated veto at the United Nations, while quoting examples of the iniquities it has created in the world.

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