

ALGERIA

Visiting Cuban Party Delegation Holds Talks

Received by Bitat

LD092158 Algiers Domestic Service in French 1830 GMT 9 Nov 85

[Text] Mr Rabah Bitat received the delegation of the Cuban Communist Party led by Mr Julio Garcia Oliviera, vice president of the party's Control Commission, this afternoon. Talks were centered on bilateral relations, particularly in the area of inter-parliamentary exchanges. They also extensively examined the international situation, particularly the situation in Africa and Latin America.

Talks With Messaadia

LD101738 Algiers APS in English 1426 GMT 10 Nov 85

[Text] Algiers, 10 Nov 85 (APS) — The head of the F.L.N. C.C. Permanent Secretariat, Mohamed Cherif Messaadia received on Sunday a Cuban Communist Party delegation, in visit to Algeria, led by Julio Garcia Oliviera, vice-president of the Control Commission.

The talks ranged over the exchange of experiences in different fields, on several international issues and particularly those related to the independence and the right to self-determination, the south-south dialogue and the [word indistinct] of a new international economic order.

Party Delegations' Talks

LD111117 Algiers APS in English 1011 GMT 11 Nov 85

[Text] Algiers, 11 Nov 85 (APS) — Political talks gathered today here the FLN party delegation headed by the member of the permanent secretariat of the Central Committee, in charge of external relations and the delegation of the Cuban Communist Party headed by Julio Garcia Oliveira member of the Central Committee, vice-president of the Commission of Control.

The two sides examined the situation prevailing in the Latino-American Continent as well as in the African Continent namely in North West Africa and southern Africa and went through the situation in the Middle East. In addition, the two sides discussed the ways and means to deepen and expand the cooperation between the two countries.

LIBYA BFI

Al-Qadhdhafi Interviewed; Promises To Subvert U.S.

LD100243 Tripoli Voice of Greater Arab Homeland in Arabic 0044 GMT 10 Nov 85

[Interview by Libyan leader Colonel Mu'amm^{er} al-Qadhdhafi with unidentified correspondents of CBS Television and French Television Channel 1; all questions are asked in French or

English, as noted, with immediately subsequent translation into Arabic, while all of Al-Qadhdhafi's responses are in Arabic with subsequent translation into the language of the question; translator not identified, and date and place of interview not given — recorded]

[Text][Question in English][Words indistinct] *THE WASHINGTON POST* story. Were you surprised by the story? How did you react to this report?

[Al-Qadhdhafi] It is very regrettable that a government should get involved in a terrorist act [words indistinct]. I do not think any country has the right to object to the opinions of another people or who governs them [words indistinct], but I believe that Reagan is going to be subjected to a scandal like Watergate, like Nixon. If there is law in America, then the President must respect the law and Constitution. Reagan has violated American law and the Constitution, and he must be put on trial. On the other hand, [words indistinct] if the truth of this report is confirmed, then we will take action into America and undermine America from inside. [Tripoli's English translation says: "If this is true, then we will have to move and we will have to fight ourselves. From a point of self-defense, we shall move the battle inside America and we shall subvert from inside."] An action calls for an action on a reciprocal basis.

[Question indistinct]

[Al-Qadhdhafi][Words indistinct] and I believe that we (?would be acting legitimately).

[Question in English] You mentioned — you referred in your [words indistinct] anti-U.S. coalition of progressive socialist states. Who would that include? What specifically have you done to launch this initiative?

[Al-Qadhdhafi] These states are most states of the world, because America is the enemy of all peoples. It will extend from Central America to (?Africa and Asia); or rather it [words indistinct] the United States, the nation of red indians (?inside the United States).

[Question in French] Colonel al-Qadhdhafi, one of the problems at this present time between France and Libya is the problem of Chad. It exists partly because of the presence of Libyan troops in Chad. Are you prepared to change this situation, and, on the other hand, would you be prepared to meet President Hisein Habre?

[Al-Qadhdhafi] First, I object to your claim of Libyan forces being present in Chad. There is a difference between the presence of cooperation workers and the presence of forces. France has the same thing in Ndjama. Hisein Habre is not a president. I [words indistinct] president but as a representative of one of Chadian factions and try to reconcile them.

[Question in French] I would like to be sure of the answer. This means that Col al-Qadhdhafi would agree to meet Hisein Habre on the condition that other representatives of Chadian factions, the representatives of the other Chadian factions, are also present?

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INTER-AFRICAN AFFAIRS

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Ministerial Conference on Desertification Ends*AB091735 Dakar PANA in English 1711 GMT 9 Nov 85*

[Text] Dakar, 9 Nov (PANA) — The Second Ministerial Conference on Desertification ended on Saturday by adopting about 30 major projects to accelerate efforts against desertification.

The conference gave mandate to the current chairman (Senegal) to take necessary measures in obtaining material and financial support from different sources in order to facilitate immediate implementation of the projects.

Emphasizing the need for South-South cooperation, the conference also resolved that it should be complemented by North-South cooperation.

On the continuous surveillance of the ecosystems, the conference adopted projects on making the existing meteorological network more dynamic and strengthening it, operating a teletransmission system in various Comides [Conference Ministerielle sur la Desertification — Ministerial Conference on Desertification] countries, compiling an inventory of studies on climatic systems in different regions, and establishing a terrestrial mechanism for the surveillance of the ecosystems.

Others include the effective utilization of high technology for evaluating of activities related to desertification and on the establishment of an organisation and a management formula for different meteorological networks, as well as a followup mechanism.

On the management and utilisation of water resources aimed at controlling drought and desertification, the conference adopted projects which include the establishment of schemes for the management and utilisation of the waters of major hydrographic systems, and an inventory study project of the sites selected from using the surface waters of the hydrographic system of Lake Chad.

Other projects include a study on the possibility of multiplying biological techniques in water conservation efforts, research on water stockage and evaporation control technics, model for the

use of deep and superficial layers common to the region, and the establishment for river-basin agriculture in arid and semi-arid Sahelian regions.

On the economy of wood products the conference adopted projects on the study and development of vegetal formations, research and popularization of substitute energies, rehabilitation of degraded areas and creation of funds from resources generated by the exploitation of forests to ensure that forestry operations are implemented.

Other projects include the adoption of a price policy which best reflects the value of forests products and the design of a study looking into the possibility of energy exchanges among the Comides countries.

Regarding soils and salinisation, the conference adopted projects which include the establishment of an inventory in each state of the affected areas. This will be the basis of a map which will make it possible to identify and monitor the extent and gravity of the problem and to determine in which areas urgent actions are to be undertaken.

The ministers also adopted projects aimed at making efforts to inform the populations about the dimension of the phenomenon and thereby increase their awareness of the possible limitations represented by the salinisation of poorly irrigated lands.

On the bush and burnt lands, the conference adopted a project aimed at establishment village committees for the control of bush fires. It is expected that these committees will serve to safeguard stocks of organic matter and soil fertility. They will likewise guarantee more effective management of forest ecosystem.

The ministers expressed in their final report the wish to hold the next conference scheduled in 1988 in one of the North African countries.

Twenty-five countries participated in the conference from Algeria, Benin, Burkina Faso, Cape Verde, Congo, Ivory Coast, Gambia, Senegal, Ghana, Guinea-Bissau and Guinea-Conakry. Others are Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Niger, Sierra Leone, Chad, Togo, Tunisia, Sudan and Egypt. Cameroon, Central African Republic and Libya were participating for the first time.

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[Al-Qadhdhafi] It is not necessary. (?We continuously meet the other factions), and we would meet him as one of the factions struggling for power.

[Question in French] Would you agree to meet him in a place other than Tripoli?

[Al-Qadhdhafi] No.

[Question in English] specifically [words indistinct] you have made any initiative, even any indirect initiatives toward the united states in order to [words indistinct], we open at least some sort of a dialogue between your country and [word indistinct].

[Al-Qadhdhafi] [Words indistinct] Like Hitler [words indistinct]

[Question Indistinct]

[Al-Qadhdhafi] We have tried in the past; we have no objection to having a dialogue with [words indistinct] because we are not against the American people, but we are against American policy led by Reagan.

[Question in French] Do you wish to improve relations with France — and how, as long as the Chadian problem remains?

[Al-Qadhdhafi] I am surprised that a European country [words indistinct] what France has to do with Chad. Chad has a rapport with Libya. France should not do anything in Chad without Libya, if we want to speak seriously and genuinely. It is possible [words indistinct]

[Question in French] Col al-Qadhdhafi, we know that some people who are for the independence of New Caledonia have come here in Libya to have advice, if not training. Do you intend to continue this action?

[Al-Qadhdhafi] We support all the world liberation movements and the peoples that are now struggling for liberation from French (?rule). This is a problem of freedom and decolonization. If France harasses us in Chad we must harass it everywhere. If it fights us in Chad, we fight it everywhere — from Martinique to New Caledonia, passing through its bases in Africa — but we hope that we will not reach this point, because President Mitterrand is a friend of ours and it is possible to come to an understanding with him. I hope that the French people do not sacrifice their interests with Libya for the problem of Chad. The Chadian problem may last for another (?100) years, or another 50 years, (?but should cooperation between Libya and France stop because of this problem)? [Words indistinct] ethnics (?belonging to) Libya, Sudan, Central Africa, Cameroon [words indistinct].

[Question in French] We know that there was a highjacking of a ship that of the *Achille Lauro*, and that during this highjacking an American tourist was killed. I would like to know if Col Al-Qadhdhafi approves of this?

[Al-Qadhdhafi] No, I am against this.

[Question in English] One of suggestions in the CIA report was that the United states (?criticism) [words indistinct] in your country by assisting (?dissident) [words indistinct] reports of dissidence within the military opposed to your leadership.

[Al-Qadhdhafi] [Laughs] [Words indistinct].

[Question in French] Col al-Qadhdhafi, I would like to ask you a question which is not in the news. I would like to know that if you happen to disappear, what would you like to have achieved, the most important thing to you, before your death?

[Al-Qadhdhafi] The realization of peace in the world through the emergence of the Jamahiri regime. Governments and armies would disappear, and only peoples will remain. [words indistinct] Thank you.

Further Reactions to U.S. 'Conspiracy' Reported

PFLO Promises Support

*LD081921 Tripoli Domestic Service
in Arabic 1700 GMT 8 Nov 85*

[Text] The Popular Front for the Liberation of Oman [PFLO] has denounced the American terrorist conspiracy against the Libyan Arab people revealed by *THE WASHINGTON POST*. The Front cabled the brother leader of the revolution and (?assured) him that the Omani Arab people, under the leadership of the PFLO, will stand by the side of the Libyan Arab people and will use its revolutionary and fighting capabilities for defending the revolutionary gains achieved by the Libyan Arab people and the Arab nation, thanks to the Great al-Fatih Revolution.

Rally Held in Tehran

LD091922 Tripoli JANA in English 1747 GMT 9 Nov 85

[Text] Tehran, Safar 25, Nov.9, JAMAHIRIYAH NEWS AGENCY — A rally of solidarity with the Libyan Arab people was organized this morning at the Libyan Arab People's Bureau in Tehran, against the terroristic plots being conducted by the American Administration against Jamahiriya, the latest of which was uncovered by *THE WASHINGTON POST* daily.

The rally was attended by Hoseyn Sheykh ol-Eslam, deputy foreign minister of Iran, the ambassadors of Arab, Islamic and African countries as well as the ambassadors of the socialist bloc to Tehran and scores of Jamahiriya friends.

The secretary of the Libyan Arab Peoples' Bureau addressed the rally. He lauded the stands of the Iranian revolution and people towards the Libyan Arab people in its daring resistance against all American plots and terroristic schemes.

The secretary of the People's Bureau stressed that the massive solidarity rally shows America and all evil forces that Libya has enough brothers and friends who stand genuinely with her whatever the circumstances may be.

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He added that the Libyan Arab people will continue to be faithful to its principles advocating the causes of freedom and liberation of peoples everywhere in the world and heralding the era of the masses as well as instigating and backing the people to take over power, wealth and arms.

The secretary of the Libyan People's Bureau in Tehran reviewed the series of plots, conspiracies and provocations led by successive American administrations against the Libyan Arab people and its revolutionary options.

Iranian President's Message

LD091925 Tripoli JANA in English 1741 GMT 9 Nov 85

["President of the Iranian Islamic Republic Declares His Solidarity with Jamahiriya" — JANA headline]

[Text] Tripoli, Safar 25, Nov. 9, JAMAHIRIYAH NEWS AGENCY — 'Ali Khamene'i, president of the Islamic Republic of Iran, sent a message to the leader of the revolution. Text as follows:

The exposure of the new conspiracy by criminal America against brotherly Libyan Arab people shows the world, once again, the low and aggressive nature of criminal America and its terrorist rulers. It is natural that the courageous and militant Libyan Arab people, its revolutionary leadership and struggle are being subjected to the plots and conspiracies of international tyranny and terrorism of America. We are sure that the exposure of this plot will strengthen the determination and will of the Libyan Arab people more and more.

We declare our revolutionary solidarity with the brotherly Libyan Arab people in its struggle and steadfastness against the terroristic attempts by American imperialism.

Hungarian Envoy Conveys Support

*LD111646 Tripoli Domestic Service
in Arabic 1330 GMT 11 Nov 85*

[Text] The brother secretary of the General People's Committee for Information and Culture at noon today conferred with the Hungarian ambassador to the Socialist People Arab Libyan Jamahiriya. During the meeting the Hungarian ambassador conveyed to the brother secretary of the General People's Committee for Information and Culture the solidarity of the government and the people of Hungary with the Libyan Arab people in their confrontation of all the conspiracies being hatched by the American Administration against the people of the Jamahiriya.

The Hungarian ambassador hailed the stance and the courage of the Great 1 September Revolution in confronting the American conspiracies and described U.S. President Reagan as an old man whose conspiracies cannot have an effect upon the youth of the greatest fatih.

SUDAN

U.S. Reportedly Protests Falasha Case Publicity

JN101048 Khartoum SUNA in English 1027 GMT 10 Nov 85

[Text] Khartoum, Nov. 10, (SUNA) — The U.S. officially expressed disgust over the putting out of the Falasha trial procedure by the Sudanese media.

The daily *AL-SAHAFAH* in its issue today said that the American Ambassador to Khartoum, Alexander Horan in two meetings he held separately last week with Transitional Military Council Chairman [TMC] 'Abd al-Rahman Siwar al-Dhahab and Premier Al-Jazuli Daf'allah protested over the issue.

In the meeting the ambassador said the U.S. appreciated the Sudan and hope that Sudan return this appreciation, the daily said.

The ambassador recalled that his country lavished an aid exceeding 400 million dollar to Sudan during the last year budget. Such assistant was standard putting into account the aid extended to other friendly countries, the daily added quoting the ambassador as saying.

AL-SAHAFAH quoted the ambassador as saying that Gen. Siwar al-Dhahab and Premier Daf'allah told him that the media can not be restrained over carrying out its role over the enlightening of the masses about the blunders of the defunct regime of ousted President Numayri.

The two leaders reaffirmed to the ambassador Sudan willingness to maintain strong relations with us and keen desire to broaden them further.

Sudan under the new democratic system could not be able to restrain the freedom of the media particularly in describing the malpractices of the defunct regime, the daily said quoting the ambassador as saying the two leaders words. Former Vice President 'Umar Muhammad al-Tayyib and other four former state security officers involved in the airlifting of the Falasha Jews to Israel are currently stand trial here.

The trial sessions are held openly and screened by the Sudanese television in daily while the other means of media fully covered the sessions. The prosecution witnesses have repeatedly said that two American nationals one of them the liaison officer of the CIA in the American Embassy here had been behind the clandestine operations of airlifting the Falashas through Sudanese territories to Israel.

'Abdallah on U.S., USSR Military Equipment; South

JN091104 Khartoum SUNA in English 1040 GMT 9 Nov 85

[Text] Khartoum, Nov. 9, SUNA — Defence Minister 'Uthman 'Abdallah has categorically denied reports over the presence of American Rapid Deployment Force "RDF" in Sudanese soil describing the reports as baseless and unfounded.