This memorandum was prepared by Office of East Asian Analysis.

Information available as of 18 December 1985 was used in its preparation. Comments and queries are welcome and may be directed to the Chief, Foreign Affairs, China Division, OEA,

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Winning a New Mandate?	
The ruling Kuomintang (KMT) won an expected majority in the 16 November	
provincial elections, garnering 69 percent of the popular vote—albeit a slip of 2 percent from the last provincial elections. The dangwai (opposition) failed, however, to turn the elections into a referendum on the KMT leadership and to capitalize on financial scandal and the Henry Liu murder. The KMT won 146 of 191 contested seats for county magistrate, Taiwan Provincial Assembly, and the Taipei and Kaohsiung Municipal Councils. Thus, the KMT remains in firm control at the local level, and will be able to point to the results to dismiss opposition claims that there is a crisis of confidence in the government.	25X1
In our judgment, the KMT's overwhelming victory results from three key factors:	
 The party's organizational superiority, which enables it to "get out the vote." 	
 Its ability to field attractive, well-educated Taiwanese candidates, who appeal to the largely Taiwanese electorate and are responsive to voter concerns. 	
 The election and recall law that favors the KMT machine by limiting the "official" campaign period to the ten days prior to the election and the number of rallies candidates can hold during a single day—placing strains on dangwai campaigners who lack an organized infrastucture. 	s
The party was also assisted by splits among opposition leaders—who could not agree on a common slate of candidates and in some cases competed against each other—allowing KMT candidates to win with only a plurality of the vote. Radical opposition candidates, who in 1981 and 1983 attracted voters based on sympathy for relatives jailed after the 1979 rioting in Kaohsiung—were unable to recapture the sympathy vote this year. Finally, national issues, such as the 10th Credit financial scandal, turned out to be less important to most voters—at least outside of Taipei—than local issues such as the environment, roads, schools, and social services, according to American Institute in Taiwan reporting.	25 X 1
What It All Means	
We believe that the KMT's victory will restore party confidence, which has been battered by allegations of corruption and financial malfeasance against senior party and government officials. Assuming Chiang's health does not deteriorate, we expect him to make long-anticipated changes in the Executive Yuan (cabinet) and to begin to plan for	
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County Magistrates and Municipal Mayors

City/County	Name	<u>Affiliation</u>	Incumbent
Penghu County	Ou Chien-chuang	KMT	No
Hualien County	Chen Ching-shui	KMT	No
Changhua County	Huang Shih-chen	Independent	Yes
Taipei County	Lin Feng-cheng	KMT	Yes
Ilan County	Chen Ting-nan	Dangwai	Yes
Tainan County	Lee Ya-chiao	KMT	No
Kaohsiung County	Yu-Chen Yueh-ying (female)	Dangwai	No
Taitung County	Cheng Lieh	KMT	No
Yunlin County	Hsu Wen-chih	KMT	Yes
Taoyuan County	Hsu Hung-chih	KMT	Yes
Chiayi County	Ho Chia-jung	KMT	No
Taichung County	Chen Keng-chin	KMT	Yes
Pingtung County	Shih Meng-hsiung	KMT	No
Miaoli County	Hsieh Ching-ting	KMT	Yes
Hsinchu County	Chen Chin-hsing	KMT	Yes
Nantou County	Wu Tun-yi	KMT	Yes
Taichung City	Chang Tsu-nan	KMT	No
Keelung City	Chang Chun-hsi	KMT	Yes
Chiayi City	Chang Po-ya	Dangwai	No
Tainan City	Lin Wen-hsiung	KMT	No
Hsinchu City	Jen Fu-yung	KMT	No

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