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7 July 1960

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Approved for Release: 2020/03/13 C03185134

7 JULY 1960

I. THE COMMUNIST BLOC

Congo Republic--Mutiny within Force Publique jeopardizes security in Leopoldville vicinity.

Somali Republic as yet unable to form government because of sectional rivalry and tribal difficulties.

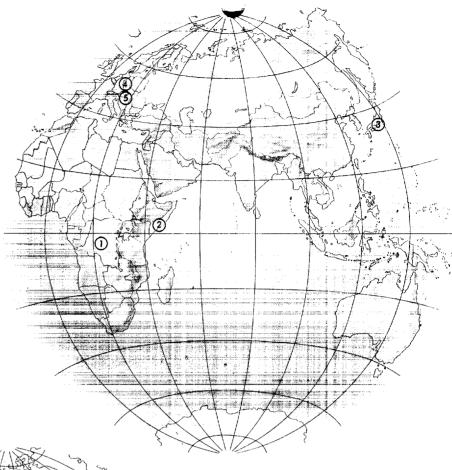
Japanese leftists plan demonstration at US air base (Atsugi) on 10 July.

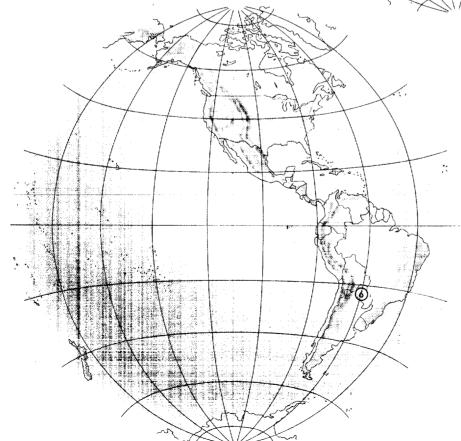
III. THE WEST

West Berlin coalition government's stability may be shaken by political activity of Mayor Brandt.

West Germany protests Khrushchev's abuse of Austrian hospitality in attacking Adenauer; top Austrian officials regard protest as support of their objections to Chancellor Raab's association with Khrushchev.

Paraguay--Pressures to oust Stroessner dictatorship growing.





TOP SECRET

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

7 July 1960

DAILY BRIEF

I. THE COMMUNIST BLOC

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II. ASIA-AFRICA

Congo Republic: A mutiny by at least two garrisons of the Belgian-officered Force Publique on 6 July has seriously jeopardized security in and around Leopoldville, which has been the scene of sporadic tribal clashes for the past week. Premier Lumumba has subsequently removed the Force Publique's Belgian commander, and appears to have acceded to the mutineers' demand for the appointment of African officers. Such actions may nullify the effectiveness of the 24,000-man security force, which has played a major role in containing recent tribal outbreaks in the Congo. Although the mutiny has not yet spread to posts outside Leopoldville Province, Belgian army units near Leopoldville have reportedly been alerted to intervene on behalf of Belgian nationals if necessary.

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Somali Republic: The Somali Republic, harassed with sectional rivalry and tribal difficulties, has been unable to form a government since achieving independence on 1 July. Announcement of the formal unification of Somalia and former British Somaliland has been delayed because negotiators from each territory insist on naming the prime minister and are unable to reach agreement over the allocation of portfolios.

(Page 1) (Map)

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Japan: Japanese leftists plan to extend their opposition to the security treaty by a demonstration at the US naval air station at Atsugi near Tokyo on 10 July in their effort to reinvigorate mass action against the US presence in Japan.

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III. THE WEST

West Germany: The most actively discussed issue today in West Berlin is whether Mayor Willy Brandt can lead the attack of his Social Democratic party (SPD) on the Christian Democratic Union (CDU) without seriously weakening the city's coalition government. Brandt is well aware of the problem and has avoided a too-partisan position, at least in West Berlin. Nevertheless, the highhanded SPD tactics in the Berlin government have increased the dissatisfaction of many CDU members and—with the strain of the national campaign—could lead to the collapse of the coalition despite the intentions of the top leaders of both parties. A strong stabilizing factor is the Berlin situation itself, which will probably cause these leaders to think a long time before allowing matters to reach the breaking point.

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Austria - West Germany: Foreign Minister Kreisky and other top Austrian officials have welcomed the formal unpublicized protest of the West German ambassador against Khrushchev's abuse of Austrian hospitality in attacking Chancellor Adenauer. They feel it supports their own objections to Austrian Chancellor Raab's indiscreet conduct in associating himself with Khrushchev's activities. American officials in Vienna are disturbed, however, at the extent to which the Austrian Government is attempting to balance its neutrality policy by strengthening ties with the East for political and trade reasons.

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Paraguay: A group of prominent Paraguayans, including some clergymen, military officers, and students, gave President Stroessner a memorandum on 22 June urging him to turn over power to a transitional junta composed of representatives of the political parties and the armed forces,

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Stroessner's personal safety. The group planned to wait until early July for a reply and if a reply were not forthcoming would begin a "campaign of resistance." Other pressures to oust the Stroessner dictatorship are growing.

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DAILY BRIEF

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[IV. WATCH COMMITTEE CONCLUSIONS

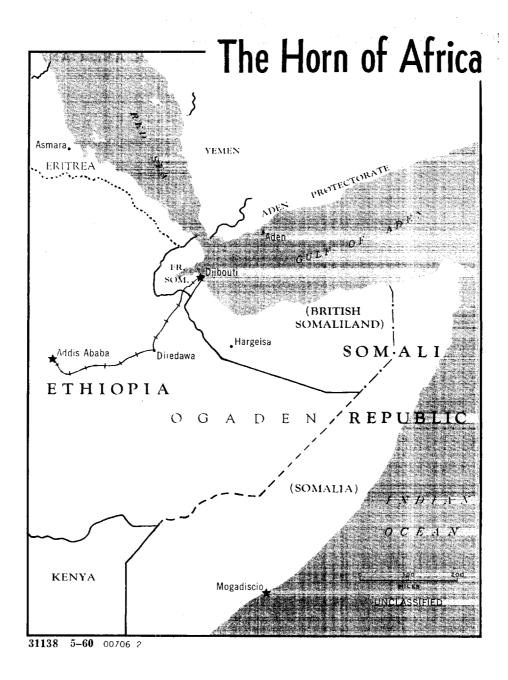
With respect to the question of Sino-Soviet bloc intentions to initiate hostilities, the Watch Committee Conclusions remain negative.

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DAILY BRIEF

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New Somali Republic Still Without a Government

The Somali Republic, harassed with sectional rivalry and tribal difficulties, has been unable to form a government since achieving independence on 1 July. Announcement of the formal unification of Somalia and former British Somaliland, which became independent on 26 June, has been delayed because negotiators from each territory insist on naming the prime minister and are unable to reach agreement over the allocation of ministerial portfolios.

Representatives from the Somaliland region of the republic, having supported the election of Aden Abdullah Osman--former president of Somalia's Legislative Assembly--for chief of state, now insist on naming the prime minister and at least three of the other ten ministers envisaged in the new government. If these demands are not met, they may return to Hargeisa without ratifying the Act of Union.

Somalis from the eastern (Mogadiscio) region, however, seek to retain the office of prime minister for one of their own members, although they are unable to agree on a candidate. Former Prime Minister Abdullahi Issa, a member of the Hawiya tribal group who was considered the front-runner from the governing Somali Youth League (SYL), is encountering considerable opposition from the popular Abdirascid Ali Scermarche, the leading Darot tribal member in the old Legislative Assembly.

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Paraguayan Revolutionary	Pressures
men, military officials, stroessner a memorandum power to a transitional jur	Paraguayans, including some clergy- and student leaders, gave President n on 22 June urging him to turn over nta composed of representatives of
the political parties and th	
elections at the end of the	The junta would guarantee Stroessner's in or leave the country and would hold year. The group planned to wait for oly were forthcoming, to begin a 'cam-
the increasing pressures of offers a possibility of avoid four principal groups which revolutionary activities against the sale plan large-	demorandum is another reflection of on the Stroessner dictatorship and iding the bloodshed threatened by the ch have recently stepped up their gainst the regime. These activities all guerrilla action inside Paraguay border points, but there are reports-scale fighting in the near future.
be deaf to alternative prop	support now is strong but would not positions in the face of a strong revolu-

THE PRESIDENT

The Vice President

Executive Offices of the White House

Special Assistant for National Security Affairs

Scientific Adviser to the President

Director of the Budget

Director, Office of Civil and Defense Mobilization

Director, National Aeronautics and Space Administration

Special Assistant for Security Operations Coordination

Chairman, Board of Consultants on Foreign Intelligence Activities

Special Assistant for Foreign Economic Policy

Executive Secretary, National Security Council

The Treasury Department

The Secretary of the Treasury

The Department of State

The Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Deputy Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Deputy Under Secretary of State for Administration

The Counselor

Director, International Cooperation Administration

The Director of Intelligence and Research

The Department of Defense

The Secretary of Defense

The Deputy Secretary of Defense

Assistant Secretary of Defense for International Security Affairs

The Secretary of the Army

The Secretary of the Navy

The Secretary of the Air Force

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The Director, The Joint Staff

Chief of Staff, United States Army

Chief of Naval Operations, United States Navy

Chief of Staff, United States Air Force

Commandant, United States Marine Corps

Assistant to Secretary of Defense for Special Operations

Director for Intelligence, The Joint Staff

Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence, Department of Army

Director of Naval Intelligence, Department of Navy

Assistant Chief of Staff, Intelligence, Department of the Air Force

Supreme Allied Commander, Europe

Commander in Chief, Pacific

The Department of Commerce

The Secretary of Commerce

Federal Bureau of Investigation

The Director

Atomic Energy Commission

The Chairman

National Security Agency

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National Indications Center

The Director

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