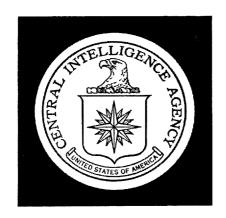
Top Secret			
	(b)(3)		



DIRECTORATE OF INTELLIGENCE

fles (Revords) Centur

Central Intelligence Bulletin

Top Secret

C 160 25 April 1967

Approved for Release: 2019/11/06 C02026587

Top Secret

Controlled Dissem

The CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN is produced by the Director of Central Intelligence to meet his responsibilities for providing current intelligence bearing on issues of national security to the President, the National Security Council, and other senior government officials. It is produced in consultation with the Departments of State and Defense. When, because of the time factor, adequate consultation with the department of primary concern is not feasible, items or portions thereof are produced by CIA and marked with an asterisk.

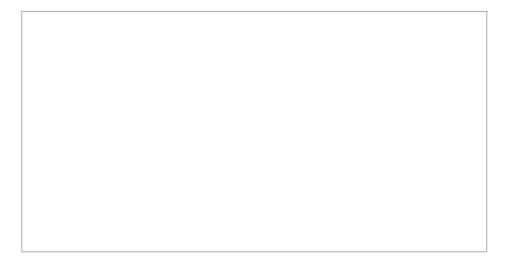
Interpretations of intelligence information in this publication represent immediate and preliminary views which are subject to modification in the light of further information and more complete analysis.

Certain intelligence items in this publication may be designated specifically for no further dissemination. Other intelligence items may be disseminated further, but only on a need-to-know basis.

WARNING

This document contains classified information affecting the national security of the United States within the meaning of the espionage laws, US Code Title 18, Sections 793, 794, and 798.

(b)(3)



Top Secret

Approved for Release: 2019/11/06 C02026587

SC No. 00098/67 25 April 1967

Central Intelligence Bulletin

CONTENTS

manned space	program.	(Page 2)	

NR Record

NR Record

TOP SECRET

Approved for Release: 2019/11/06 C02026587 NR Record

Approved for Release: 2019/11/06 C02026587

Approved for Release: 2019/11/06 C02026587	NR Record
Approved for Release. 2010/11/00 002020007	NR Record
	640° 840° 840°
Approved for Release: 2019/11/06 C02026587————————————————————————————————————	
Approved for Neledge, 2010/11/00 002020001	



Soviet Cosmonaut Vladimir Komarov

(b)(3)

<u>USSR</u>: The ill-fated flight of Soyuz-1 could be a serious setback to the Soviet manned space program.

According to Moscow announcements, Colonel Komarov's spacecraft became fouled in the rigging of the main parachute at an altitude of four miles and plummetted to earth. Presumably he died on impact.

(b)(1)

(b)(1) (b)(3)

(b)(3)

Komarov's death dealt a blow to the USSR's prestige in the spacefield—the only major area in which the Soviets have made a credible claim to world primacy. More serious, however, was the succession of technical failures aboard the new spacecraft. Communications, stabilization, and power supply troubles plagued Soyuz-1 from the start.

These difficulties probably forced a decision to cut the mission short.

It is possible that the planned mission called for complex maneuvers, perhaps involving a second spacecraft.

A further indication that a longer mission was intended is that Komarov reportedly was to have spoken by radio to a press conference at the Soviet pavilion at Expo 67 yesterday afternoon. Soyuz-1 would have been within radio range of Montreal at that time if the flight had continued.

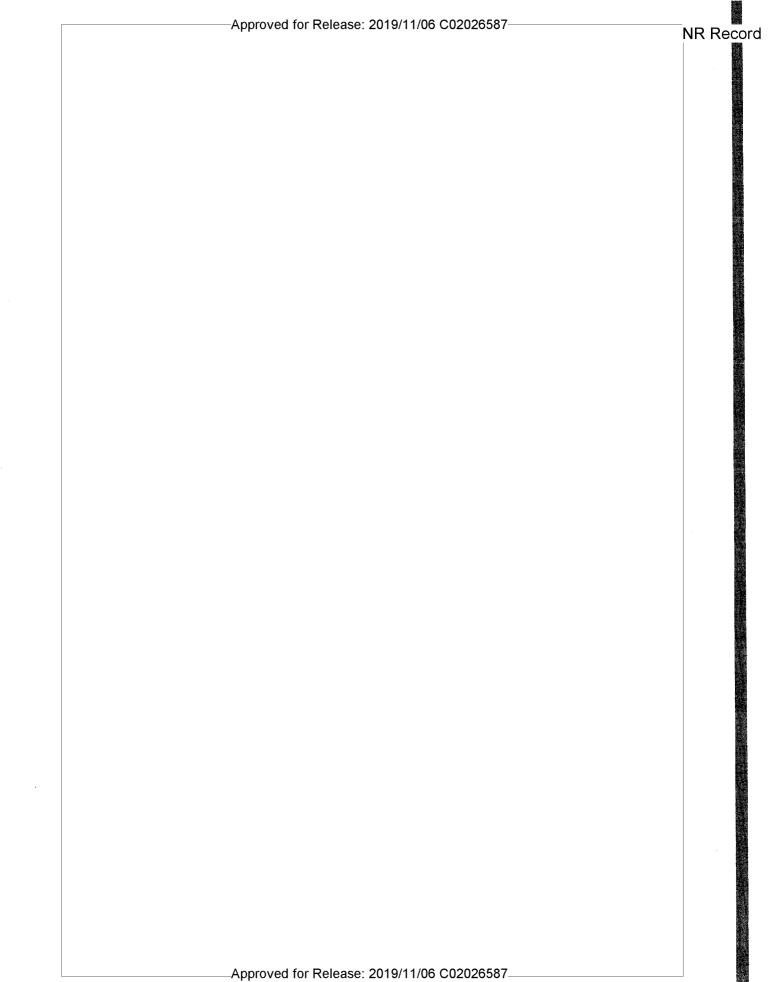
(b)(1)

(b)(3)

Further unmanned flights of Soyuz capsules are expected. The Soviets are unlikely to risk another manned shot until a detailed investigation has been conducted and technical shortcomings have been corrected. The damage to the Soyuz-1 capsule will greatly hamper this investigation

25 Apr 67

TOP SEGRET



Approved for Release: 2019/11/06 C02026587	NR Record
Approved for Release: 2019/11/06 C02026587	

Approved for Release: 2019/11/06 C02026587	NR Record
Approved for Release: 2019/11/06 C02026587	

Approved for Release: 2019/11/06 C02026587	NR Record
Approved for Release: 2019/11/06 C02026587	

Approved for Release: 2019/11/06 C02026587	IR	Record
Approved for Delegae, 2010/11/06 002026597		

Top Secret	Approved for Release. 2019/11/00 C02020307

(b)(3)

Top Secret

Approved for Release: 2019/11/06 C02026587