ARISUE, Seizo

SF-5 CIRCLE

Report (OSS)

Boston Series 217

THE GERMAN MILITARY ATTACHE IN TOKYO SUMS UP THE

FAR EASTERN WAR SITUATION

The following info was secured by Major Ceneral Kretschmer, German Military Attache in Tokyo, the 3rd week in March 1944. A lengthy discussion with General Arisue was indicated. (Presumebly General Seizo Arisue, V.P. of the House of Peers and Head of the Army Information Service.)

as above

Boston Series 271 makes same statement/in regard to General Arisue.

Report (OSS)

Boston Series No. 271x 322

JAPANESE REPORT OF SOVIET-GERMAN PEGOTIATIONS

Early June 1944: There is confusion in the reports about the Japanese-Soviet-German situation. From these reports OSS makes the following deductions:

The Japanese Army and Navy as well as the Foreign Office are still endeavoring to persuade Germany into a separate peace with the USSR. Early in June 1944, General Arisue, Head of the Japanese Army Information Service, recommended this move during a talk with Major General Kretschner, the German Military Attache in Tokyo. In the opinion of the Japanese, the center of gravity of the war has moved to the western front. For this reason Japan urges that Germany and the USSR should come to terms so that a common front can be made against the western rations.

Report (OSS)

Boston Series No. 675

GERMAN DESCRIPTION OF MILITARY ACTION IN FAR EAST

Stahmer, Cerman Ambassador in Tokyo, is said to have made following statements concerning prosecution of the war in the Far East:

In a recent conference Generals Sato and Arisue* had emphasized for the first time of late the possibility of political exploitation of the latest

NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT

Declassified and Approved for Release by the Central Intelligence Agency

Date: 2005

Japanese successes in China.

Economically and morally Chungking had reached its limit. American support was said to be strengthening the Yenan government at cost of Chungking. If Japanese could effect a completely successful defense of the Philippines and of North Burma the re-orientation of Chiang Kai-shek toward Nanking and Japan was conceivable. The change of front would be facilitated by the death of Wang Ching-wei (former Jap Puppet President, Nanking regime, replaced by Chien-Kung-po.

* unidentified.