

DISPATCH		CLASSIFICATION S-E-C-R-E-T	DISPATCH SYMBOL AND NO. EGMA-51499
TO INFO	Chief, SR Chief, EE COS. Germany <input type="checkbox"/> (Attn: <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>)		HEADQUARTERS FILE NO. 74-124-29/3
FROM	Chief, Munich Base	<i>MSB</i>	DATE 9 October 1960
SUBJECT	REDWOOD AERODYNAMIC AECASSOWARY AECASSOWARY-2 Visit to Munich		RE: "43-3" -- (CHECK "X" ONE) MARKED FOR INDEXING <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO INDEXING REQUIRED
ACTION REQUIRED	See paragraph 10.		INDEXING CAN BE JUDGED BY QUALIFIED HQ. DESK ONLY
REFERENCE(S)	<p style="text-align: right;">DECLASSIFIED AND RELEASED BY CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY SOURCE METHOD EXEMPTION 3B2B NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT DATE 2007</p> <p>1. At a routine rent-payment meeting with AECASSOWARY-6 at the AECASSOWARY-1 apartment on 19 September 1960, <input type="checkbox"/> met AECASSOWARY-2, leader of the AECASSOWARY organization from New York. <input type="checkbox"/> who had not previously met AECASSOWARY-2 and who had not planned for this meeting, was introduced to AECASSOWARY-2 by AECASSOWARY-6.</p> <p>2. AECASSOWARY-2 furnished <input type="checkbox"/> with the following unsolicited information:</p> <p>a) In Rome, where AECASSOWARY-2 was participating in ZRDANCE, at the office of the local Ukrainian bishop, AECASSOWARY-2 met an ethnic Ukrainian who gave his name as Ewhen/ORISZCZYN. ORISZCZYN told AECASSOWARY-2 that he had recently left Poland and was temporarily staying in Paris until 28 September 1960 on which date he was scheduled to emigrate to Canada. ORISZCZYN claimed to have attended the same high school as AECASSOWARY-2 in Lvov about 40 years ago. Although AECASSOWARY-2 did attend this school during the dates mentioned by ORISZCZYN, AECASSOWARY-2 had no recollection of ORISZCZYN. ORISZCZYN, on the other hand, claimed to remember AECASSOWARY-2.</p> <p>b) AECASSOWARY-2 said that he had no idea who sponsored ORISZCZYN's trip to Rome but that ORISZCZYN appeared to be very busy there contacting Polish tourists. AECASSOWARY-2 surmised that ORISZCZYN's main reason for contacting the Poles was to engage in black market dealings with them. ORISZCZYN asked AECASSOWARY-2 to meet him in Paris sometime before 28 September 1960 but rather than give AECASSOWARY-2 his Paris address he suggested that AECASSOWARY-2 contact him at the Ukrainian Catholic Church in Paris.</p> <p>c) In Rome, ORISZCZYN introduced AECASSOWARY-2 to an ethnic Ukrainian girl who also was living temporarily in Paris. The girl, who refused to give her name, claimed that she had recently left Poland with a Polish passport as a tourist going to Paris. Although she has tentatively decided to seek political asylum in France she has not made up her mind definitely and used this as the reason for not disclosing her identity to AECASSOWARY-2. She also asked AECASSOWARY-2 not to tell anyone of her talks with him since she might change her mind and return to Poland. Her reason for talking with AECASSOWARY-2, she said, was to inquire of AECASSOWARY-2 whether he had any information concerning her husband who was a member of the Ukrainian underground operating in the Soviet Ukraine. She said that sometime in 1947 she received word from underground sources that her husband, whose underground name she claimed to be INHUL, was killed. Shortly thereafter, still in 1947, she herself was imprisoned in Poland for underground activities. She asked AECASSOWARY-2 for his assistance in uncovering any more information concerning her husband's alleged death. AECASSOWARY-2 told her he had some sources available to him which he would check on the matter. The girl, who appeared to be in her late thirties, gave AECASS-</p>		
FORM 10-57 (40) 53b	USE PREVIOUS EDITION. REPLACES FORMS 51-28, 51-28A AND 51-29 WHICH ARE OBSOLETE.	CLASSIFICATION S-E-C-R-E-T	PAGE NO. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CONTINUED 1

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OWARY-2 a mailing address in Paris through which she can be contacted. The address she gave is Vincennes, Paris, 20 Rue de la Republicque, in care of Catherine TIMTSIN. Although the girl did not explain who Catherine TIMTSIN is, AECASSOWARY-2 believes she is the girl's sister since the girl had previously mentioned having a married sister living in Paris. AECASSOWARY-2 gave the girl his name and New York address.

d) Both ORISZCZYN and the girl alleged that they came from the city of Wroclaw (formerly Breslau), Poland.

3. AECASSOWARY-2 expressed to his opinion that both ORISZCZYN and the girl are "legitimate". AECASSOWARY-2 also said that he vaguely remembers a former officer in the Ukrainian underground named INHUL. AECASSOWARY-2 further said he would like to attempt to contact the girl again when he visits Paris in the near future. Upon inquiry from AECASSOWARY-2 said that he had given the above information to in

4. Since AECASSOWARY-2 was scheduled to go to Paris with AECASSOWARY-29 on 26 September 1960 and meet with , a Case Officer. requested AECASSOWARY-2 to relate the above information to and ask his advice before attempting further contact with ORISZCZYN or the Polish girl in Paris.

5. AECASSOWARY-2 went on to say that Ukrainian emigre affairs in West Germany were also of much interest to him at present, especially the BANDERA case. AECASSOWARY-2 said that he had received information that the emigre leader LENKOSKIE was now in Munich. The information, according to AECASSOWARY-2, came from an undisclosed AECASSOWARY-2 source who allegedly spoke with LENKOSKIE in Munich two or three days ago. AECASSOWARY-2 further said that he had also heard that there had been a disagreement among the three leaders of the BANDERA organization (STETZKO, LENKOSKIE and VOLCHUK) and that VOLCHUK is no longer one of the group's leaders. AECASSOWARY-2 said he did not know the reason for the disagreement.

6. AECASSOWARY-2 informed that he would like to know who now had the personal archives of BANDERA, especially BANDERA's correspondence with Ukrainian emigres. His reason for this, AECASSOWARY-2 said, is that in 1951 the BANDERA group with British support sent several couriers to the Soviet Ukraine. The leader of the couriers was an individual named MYRON, who in AECASSOWARY-2's opinion, is now definitely under KGB control and in all probability was under RIS control in 1951. AECASSOWARY-2 said he has all the letters sent by MYRON to BANDERA from 1952 on; however, he does not have BANDERA's letters to MYRON. AECASSOWARY-2 said that in one of MYRON's letters to BANDERA, MYRON suggested that he (MYRON) was ready to liquidate the leader of the Ukrainian underground for not supporting BANDERA and asks BANDERA's approval for the liquidation. AECASSOWARY-2 said he now thinks that MYRON's letter was sent at the instigation of the RIS which wanted to obtain BANDERA's written approval of the liquidation to use later to blackmail BANDERA.

7. AECASSOWARY-2 stated that he is sure that more information on BANDERA's death is available here in Munich and that it is very important for AECASSOWARY-2's organization to know the truth concerning the matter. AECASSOWARY-2 then suggested that after he finished his business with AECASSOWARY-29, he return to New York for a few weeks and then return to Munich for one or two months, during which time he would conduct a concentrated investigation of the circumstances surrounding BANDERA's death.

8. As another bit of incidental intelligence, AECASSOWARY-2 said that his organization in New York received two anonymous letters during July 1960 from the Western Ukraine concerning Ivan KASHUBA, who according to AECASSOWARY-2 is the security officer of the STETZKO organization. Both letters stated that the KASHUBA family, consisting of two brothers and two sisters of Ivan, was

living unusually well in Kiev. The letters claimed that both brothers have cars and that one sister is a teacher and the other a bookkeeper. Comments were also made in the letters about the good life Ivan was leading in the West and that "maybe the entire family was working in the same type of business".

9. Shortly after receiving the letters AECASSOWARY-2 said that he saw an article in a Kiev newspaper on the KASHUBA family with more or less the same information contained in the letters about how prosperous the brother and sister were in the Ukraine. Ivan, however, was not mentioned in the newspaper article. AECASSOWARY-2 said that he thinks it strange that this family should live so well since most families of Ukrainian underground leaders are either imprisoned or get no support from the Soviet Government.

10. Since [] was not in a position to either answer AECASSOWARY-2's inquiries or make comments, suggestions or recommendations on the activities of AECASSOWARY-2 or his organization, it is suggested that the Headquarters' AECASSOWARY-case officer meet with AECASSOWARY-2 upon his return to the U.S. to resolve the questions raised by AECASSOWARY-2, especially the question of AECASSOWARY-2's return to Munich to investigate the BANDERA affair.

APPROVED: [] [] [] []

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