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SUBJECT: Special Conference 8 August 1951 -

On August 8, 1951, attended a special conference at the beautier for these Junior College, between 3:30 p.m. and 7:00 p.m. In addition to these mentioned above there were present a linear term (apparently a Th.D. and in charge of an Iranch), (a Th.D. whose specialty is in the field of electronics) and Ir. (proposed Elusbird consultant, a close working associate of Ir. and a Th.D. in the field of electronics cells.)

of the Missi in the belief that the conference was to have been a report on polygraph operations on Korean Toks which the follow.

This, however, was not the case. The details follow.

opened the conference by stating that he had been in chargo of a project in Japan and Korea in which the Army had used a polygraph operator along with a team of psychiatrists and psychologists on Toron Fors. stated that he had had for many years an interest in the use of the polygraph but that this recent Korosa experience had commstrated again to him that there was a wide diversion regarding the difficacy of the polygraph between the polygraph operators therselves and individuals who looked at the polygraph from a "scientific" point of view. He stated that he was assed to find cut that the psychiatrists and psychologists on this Morean project did not agree in any way with the polygraph operator as to whether or not the polygraph was effective - the polygraph operator maintaining that the polygraph was very effective and the psychiatrists and psychologists stating that it was much more less effective and that it was not useful in many ways for certain types of work. had found this to be universally true that polygraph operators stated that the machine was very effective and that scientists or dectors felt that it was less effective than the professionals thought it was. He stated therefore that he wented to talk to the mimbers of the conference and (1) get their opinions as to the machine's effectiveness and (2) to set in motion a project which the could handle to deliberately study and evaluate the effectiveness of the polygraph. He stated that this could be done by the probably through Ceneral Larkin (Chief G-4, U. S. Army) or probably through Concral Anthony McCauliffe (Chicf-CI, U. S. Army).

were in attendance at the conference under the misunderstanding that the conference was to be a report on certain polygraph operations in Korea and that they could not commit themselves policy uise as for as CIA was concerned. However, since their presence was official and since the conference itself was of individuals of high security clearance Massimal and since the conference itself was of individuals of high security clearance Massimal and since the polygraph.



Early in the conference displayed a polygraph chart which he said had been run on him and which consisted of the standard card test. Following this, in a conversation, and the standard that all peopleyees were being run by the conversation on the polygraph on a loyalty test apparently identical with that used at Cak Ridge (AEC) and apparently on a converge basis at so such per head. It appears is quite favorably impressed by the methods and is in any faultier with the sore persistent and subtle RESS techniques.

the conference began) pointed out that he had little technical knowledge of the polygraph itself but because of his work on various committees he had been requested to look into this type of thing and he expressed himself to the effect that he had great interest in the polygraph or any other devices having to do with the detection of deception.

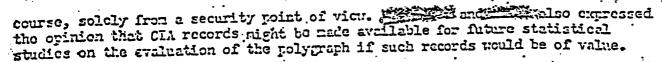
If a polygraph is apparently was familiar with the devices for measuring deception.

no knowledge of the polygraph, having never seen one or having any idea of its operation thereof. As a result, considerable time was consumed in explaining technical details of the operation of the polygraph to the and to a certain extent to the first the conference developed that the had recently cano about and that at present he was cleared as far as "fecret" clearance although a superantly known personally both to the said and for a certain about of this to head up and project which is to be known as the and part of the work of this throject will be to study gadgets and devices for the Army. The stated that he could see no reason may the study of the polygraph and its effectiveness could not be brought under the project.

In the general discussion involving the polygraph, it became at once obvious to leasers. The and we withat the same and were not thoroughly beckgrounded in the use of the polygraph nor did they understand its application in so far as CIA was concerned nor were they exere of any involvements of the polygraph in various courts and that their approach to the whole situation was more on a scientific level than at the operations level. to rome extent were curious about any statistics available concerning the effectiveness of the polygraph and whether or not statistics that might be available were "valid" from a scientific point of view. They were also very curious about the. training of operators, the personal elements about the use of the polygraph, whether or not the Keeler machine was the most effective in the field and other related items. Messra. The mandatase answered these questions as best possible using only statistics' that had been set forth in reference books such as Inbar. Resers. Land and prointed out that thereas certain analyses of CIA's records of polygraph charts had been made, exhaustive statistical studies by trained individuals had never been made owing to a lack of necessary manyower and a lack of time. And and also pointed out that the top security officials of CIA regarded the polygraph work as highly effective but this was, of







It was necessary time and again for Messes. The and again to point out that there is a vast amount of difference between using a polygraph as a security meason and examining it from a scientific point of view as to infallible lity, etc.

The conference involved some discussion concerning other devices of detection of deception such as instruments for measuring the novements of the eye, the electro-encephalograph and some sonic-audio devices.

In the opinion of both Messre and and and the conference was primary of an exploratory nature and use not a conference at all and originally scheduled as a general meeting between the and and the explore the possibilities of the testing and evaluating the effectiveness of the polygraph and related devices for the barefit of the Army and other interested agencies. From pointed out that whereas he represented Ir. Chadrell (CSI), and hence, after and suggested that and the discuss these general matters at a conference at a future date with Dr. Chadrell personally. This is agreed to do. All hands agreed that it would probably be beneficial to have the make an independent study of these matters. Foth the same pointed out that CIA security was at all times interested in obtaining the test possible devices in these fields and that any improvements or suggestions along these lines would be most velcome and that CIA security itself constantly engaged in research to increase the effectiveness of their own polygraph techniques and polygraph machines.

The conference ended with the agreement that would support interest in setting up such a project and in doing so he would talk with Ceneral Larkin and recommend that with the given sutherity to set up and activate such a project. The set up also agreed to talk to Ir. Chackell concerning CIA interests in these matters.

For a nitter of record during the discussion of the effectiveness of the polygraph and whether or not the polygraph could be "beaten", the wanted to know if any tests had been nade concerning the use of hypnosis and/or narcotics both in connection with the polygraph and in connection with their general use for interrogation purposes. Since the uniter is specifically working on such a project he engaged the later of the conversation along these lines but specific details were withheld in this connection since the uniter had no certain knowledge as to the extent that the had been brought into the Bluebird project. Furthermore, it is not known from the nature of the conversation whether have as discussing Eluctind or whether his remarks in this connection were of a general nature only. The uniter merely pointed out to that that CIA security, of course, had an interest in such matters and was cognizent of the uses of such drugs as sodium anytal, scopolynine, etc. and that





research was being carried on in general from a security point of view along there lines. It was also pointed out at this time to the that because of extremely severe security asserves in connect on with these matters that discussions along these lines was harpered. The writer stated that he housed in the mean future under different circumstances to be able to discuss such matters with the officially since the state of a rather keen interest in this direction.

SECURIOUS CONTENTS: In the crimion of the writer and Masers. The and solve our representation at this conference was unnecessary. A great deal of time was unated in explaining elementary things and in academic discussions of the value of the polygraph which had no bearing on Mr. The work, security matters or other elements mentioned above. In the polygraph cane from higher authority and policy matters involving the use of the polygraph cane from higher authority and that their only concern was in the specific operation in the use of that instrument. Both in the second in the polygraph as used by Security CIA is a very effective waspen from a security point of view. Both Masers. The and the polygraph as always interested in more effective instruments if such could be designed or any new devices or any new methods that could be introduced in the detection of deception.

