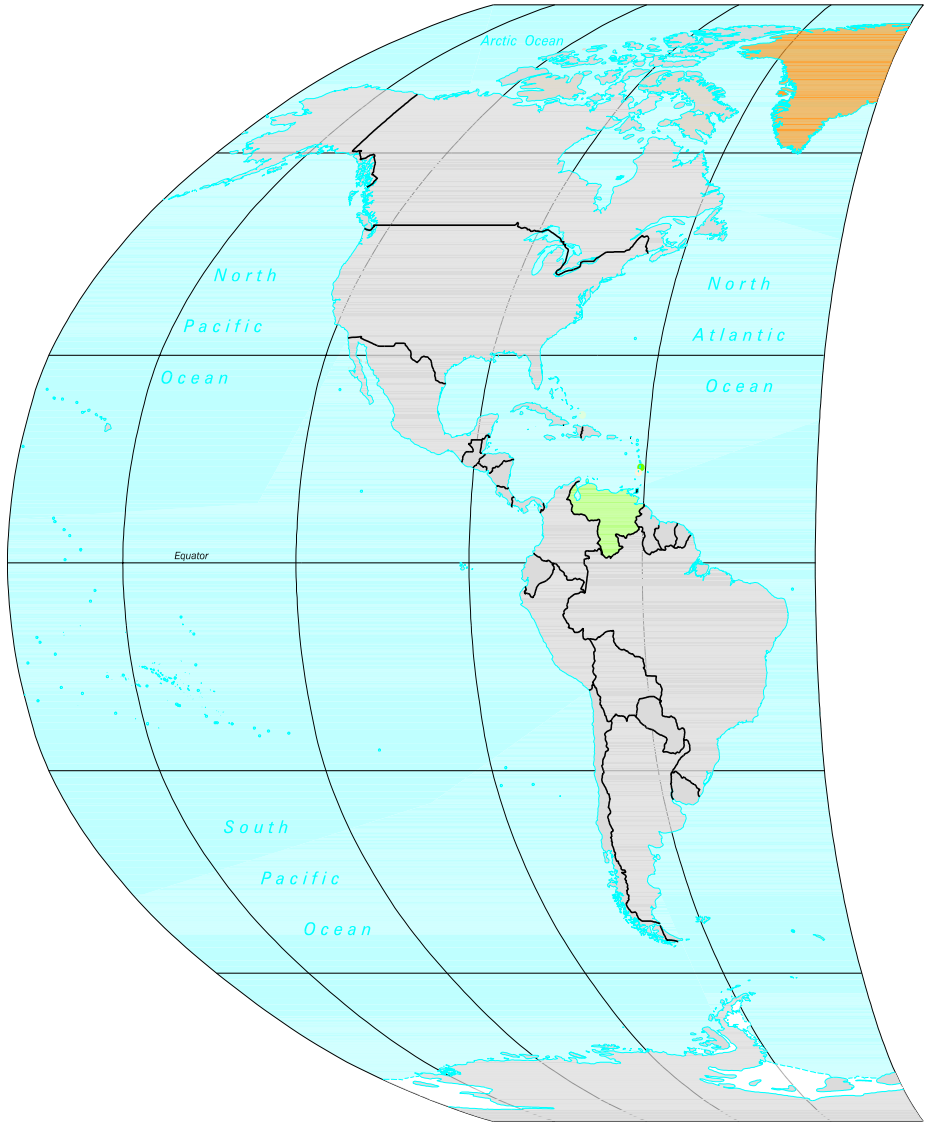
Figure 20. Vulnerable Single-Commodity-Dependent Economies, 1996 (at least 40 percent of exports are a single product)

Product's percentage of total export earnings

more than 80	60 to 80	40 to 59
Agriculture and Fishing		
Faroe Islands (seafood)	Benin (cotton)	Burkina Faso (cotton)
Greenland (seafood)	Burundi (coffee)	Cambodia (lumber)
Mali (cotton)	Chad (cotton)	Cote d'Ivoire (cocoa)
Reunion (seafood)	Ethiopia (coffee)	Laos (lumber)
Rwanda (coffee)	Guinea-Bissau (seafood)	Mauritania (seafood)
Sao Tome and Principe (cocoa)	Iceland (seafood)	Mozambique (seafood)
Seychelles (seafood)	Malawi (tobacco)	St. Vincent and the Grenadines (bananas)
Turkmenistan (cotton)	Maldives (seafood)	Senegal (seafood)
	St. Lucia (bananas)	Somalia (bananas)
	Solomon Islands (lumber)	
	Tajikistan (cotton)	
	Uganda (coffee)	
	Uzbekistan (cotton)	
Crude Oil and Petroleum Products		
Algeria	Gabon	Bahrain
Angola	Niger	Congo, Republic of the
Brunei	Venezuela	Egypt
Iran		Equatorial Guinea
Iraq		Latvia
Kuwait		Norway
Libya		Turks and Caicos Islands
Martinique		
Nigeria		
Oman		
Qatar		
Saudi Arabia		
Syria		
United Arab Emirates		
Yemen		
Metals and Minerals		
	Central African Republic (diamonds)	Congo, Democratic Republic of the (diamonds)
	Gambia, The (diamonds)	Congo, Republic of the (diamonds)
	Nauru (phosphates)	Guinea (aluminum)
	Sierra Leone (diamonds)	Liberia (diamonds)
	Zambia (copper)	Mauritania (iron ore)